



# Basic Guide HITACHI SH1 Series Inverter

# SH<sub>1</sub>





Introduction

Contents

Chapter 1: Safety Instructions

Chapter 2: Installation and Wiring

Chapter 3: Operation Setting and Examples of I/O Adjustment

Or 1/ O Adjusti

Chapter 4: Settings

Chapter 5: Troubleshooting

Chapter 6: Maintenance and Inspection

Chapter 7: Specifications

Index

If you have any inquiry or problem, Refer to Chapter 5 Troubleshooting or

Contact to the Technical Inquiry Service for Inverter.

When making a contact, inform the reference number on below.

#### Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Hitachi SH1 Series Inverter. This is a user guide for basic handling and maintenance of Hitachi SH1 Series Inverter.

For the purpose of reduction of paper usage and provision of the latest information, we enclose the Basic Guide only while providing the User's Guide for more detailed description through electronic means instead of CD or a printed document.

■ About the Basic Guide (this document)
The Basic Guide provides the minimum information
necessary for handling the product. Please make sure to
read this document as well as the User's Guide with more
detailed information.

#### ■ About the User's Guide

The User's Guide provides detailed information necessary for handling the product. Please make sure to read the User's Guide for proper use.

If future updates make any difference from the Basic Guide, the description in the User's Guide will have higher priority. You should use the inverter by observing specifications described in User's Guide. You should also prevent risks by performing proper inspection and maintenance.

Please scan the QR code on below and you can download the User's Guide.



#### ■ Handling an optional products

If you use the inverter with optional products, also you should read the instruction enclosed in those products.

#### **Cautions**

#### ■ Proper use of the inverter

Please read the Basic Guide, User's Guide and optional products instruction before handling. Read carefully the Basic Guide, User's Guide or optional product instruction before handling or performing maintenance of the product.

Before attempting installation, operation, maintenance, and inspection work, you should understand the knowledge of equipment, information of safety, precaution and how to use and service the inverter.

#### Cautions

No part of this document may be reproduced or reformed in any form without the publisher's permission.

The contents of the document are subject to change without prior notice.

If you lose the Basic Guide and need another one in printed form, you will be charged for resupply, so please keep it carefully.

You "CANNOT DO" what is not described in Basic Guide or User's Guide. We are not responsible for any impact from operations regardless of unexpected failure or accident due to the operation or handling of the product in a manner not specified in Basic Guide or User's Guide. We apologize in advance for any inconvenience this may cause.

If you find any unclear or incorrect description, missing description, or misplaced or missing pages, please takes time to inform Hitachi inverter technical service office.

Note that, the Basic Guide, User's Guide and the instruction for each optional product enclosed, should be delivered to the end user of the inverter. And also make sure to be accessible any other guides or instruction to the end user.

# Method of Inquiry and Product Warranty

## Method of Inquiry about Product

 For an inquiry about product damage or faults or a question about the product, notify your supplier or Hitachi inverter technical service office.

# **Product Warranty**

- The product SH1 Series inverter will be warranted by Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems (China) Co., Ltd.afterward "Hitachi", during the warranty period from your date of purchase only under proper usage of product.
- Furthermore, the warranty expressed here is covered only for the product delivered from Hitachi, and will not be responsible for others damage or loss of products like a motor or any equipment or systems damage caused by improper usage of the product. Minimize the consequence on equipment or system by applying safety design which is able to notify a hazard alarm to the user in case of malfunction or damage of the delivered product. The selection and application of delivered product must be done with sufficient margin on performance, as well as other equipment or system with sufficient redundancy design. Also, the compatibility of the product with the customer's intended use is not warranted, hence the validation test should be done by the customer by their responsibility before put in operation.
- In case of delivery a defective product, or encountered a
  defects on quality during a manufacturing process, Hitachi
  will repair or exchange with free of charge, only when the
  product is in warranty period (afterward, we call "warranty
  service").
- The product will be warranted for one year from your date of purchase. However, depending on case, sending technical assistance for repairing will be charged to the customer. Also, Hitachi will not be responsible of any readjustment or testing on site.
- After warranty service, the exchanged or repaired part will be warranted for 6 month from date of warranty service. Hitachi will be responsible for repair or exchange of defective part only for the exchanged or repaired part only during this warranty period.

- Inverter Model: It beginning with SH1- in specification label.
- Manufacturer Number(MFG No.): It shows in specification label.
- Date of purchase: Customer's purchased period.
- Inquiry contents:
  - Inform us the defective point and its condition.
  - · Inform us the suspicious content and its detail.
- In order to receive warranty service, you should present the recipe issued by product supplier or any other document that permit to check the purchase date. However, any defects, damage, malfunction or any other failure caused by one of the following facts will not be covered by warranty service.
  - (1) Cannot confirm the purchase date.
  - (2) The damage or fault resulted from improper usage or inadequate handling of the product and not conforming usage described into the user's guide or basic guide.
  - (3) Incorrect usage of product, inadequate setting of product and optional product, remodeling or inadequate repair and repair carried out by unqualified repair center.
  - (4) Deterioration and wear resulted from normal operation.
  - (5) Fault resulted from natural disaster, such as earthquake, fire disaster, lightning strike, pollution, salt pollution, or abnormal voltage or any others external factor.
  - (6) Shock, falling, or Vibration resulted during transportation or displacement after purchase.
  - (7) Damage or fault resulted from remodeling firmware by unqualified personal not belonging to Hitachi.
  - (8) Damage or fault resulted from customer's made programing function (EzSQ).
- By warranty service, might lose the data stored inside the product, as well as, customers made (EzSQ) program. Make sure to back up by own responsibility. However, in case of malfunction resulting from the circuit board of the storage devices, the backup wil not be possible. It is recommended to keep a backup during the testing phase by usingMOP or PC software ProDriveNext.

#### **Liability Limitation**

- Neither Hitachi-HIEC, Affiliated company nor related dealer are liable to the written and unwritten public requirement including the common sense of the product or requirement in specific application.
- Even more, Hitachi, affiliated company or related dealer are not responsible of any incidental damage, special damage, direct loss, or indirect loss (even predictable or not) resulted on customer because of product defect.

# **Warranty Service**

- The customer is able to receive a warranty service from product supplier or service station, if the product does not meet the function described on basic guide or user's guide. Moreover, in case of any mismatch occurred between user's guide and basic guide, user's guide content will take a priority.
- Contact to your supplier or local Hitachi distributor or service station for fare-paying services.

### Change on Product Specification

 We are sorry because any information described in Brochure, Basic Guide, User's Guide or Technical Document would be modified without notice.

#### **Precaution for Product Application**

- The product should apply following the condition of use, handling method and precautions described in User's Guide.
- The installed product should be confirmed previously by own that the product installation has done as intended in the customer system.
- When using Hitachi inverter consider on below
  - (1) Select inverter with sufficient capacity for rate current and performance.
  - (2) Safety design, for example, redundant system design.
  - (3) Equipment design where minimize hazard in case of inverter failure.
  - (4) For safety precautions, make a system configuration that alarms the hazard to user.
  - (5) Periodic maintenance of Hitachi inverter and customer's equipment.
- Hitachi inverter is designed and manufactured intentionally to be applied for general industrial equipment application. It is not intended to be used for the applications listed below therefore. In case inverter is used for these applications, it is out of warranty unless there is a special written agreement. Otherwise, the product will not be warranted.
  - Special application such as aircraft, spacecraft, nuclear, electric power, passenger transportation, medical, submarine repeater, etc.
  - (2) For application such as elevator, amusement equipment, medical equipment which might have a big effect on human life and property.
- Even for above application, in case there is an agreement for the limitation of the purpose and quality, please contact to our sales office. Further study will be carried out to check whether inverter is applicable for that specific application or not.
- For applications that involve human life, or have risk of important loss, make sure to avoid a critical accident by installing a fail-safe device, protecting device, detecting device, alarm device, or spare device, etc.
- This inverter is only for three phase induction motor [IM] or three phase synchronous motor [SM(SMM)].
- For any other application make inquiries.

# Supplement

- Refer to "Chapter 7 Specification" for short lifespan component.
- For optional product refer attached instruction.
- This warranty term will not restrict a legal right of customer who has purchased the product.
- Contact to the local supplier for warranty of purchased product sales in oversea.

#### **Contact Information**

#### Hitachi America, Ltd. (Charlotte Office)

Industrial Components and Equipment Division 6901 Northpark Blvd., Suite A, Charlotte, NC 28216, U.S.A

TEL: +1(704) 494-3008 FAX: +1(704) 599-4108

#### Hitachi Europe GmbH

Industrial Components & Equipment Group Am Seestern 18 (Euro Center), D-40547 Dusseldorf, Germany

TEL: +49-211-5283-0 FAX: +49-211-5283-649

#### Hitachi Asia Ltd.

Industrial Components & Equipment Division No.30 Pioneer Crescent, #10-15 West Park Bizcentral, Singapore 628560, Singapore

TEL: +65-6305-7400 FAX: +65-6305-7401

#### Hitachi Australia Ltd.

Level 3, 82 Waterloo Road North Ryde, N.S.W.2113 Australia

TEL: +61-2-9888-4100 FAX: +61-2-9888-4188

#### Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd.

AKS Building, 3, Kanda Nereibei-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 101-0022 Japan

TEL: +81-3-4345-6910 FAX: +81-3-4345-6067

Introduction0-1	Method of Inquiry and Product Warranty0-2
Cautions0-1	Contents0-4
Chapter 1 Safety Instructions	
Types of Warnings1-1	Precautions for Maintenance/Inspection1-4
Description of Safety Symbols1-1	Precautions for Dispolsal1-4
Precautions for Installation1-2	Other Cautions1-4
Precautions for Wiring1-2	Compliance to European Directive (CE)(in preparation)1
Precautions to Run and Test Running1-3	
Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring	
Check the Inverter2-1	Applicable Circuit Breaker2-9
Install the Inverter2-2	Chopper Breaking Resistor2-10
Dimensions Drawing2-4	Wiring2-11
Inverter Wiring2-6	Wiring of the Control Circuit2-15
Wiring of the main circuit2-7	Control Circuit Wiring Section2-17
Recommended wire gauges, accessories etc 2-8	Residual Risk2-22
Chapter 3 Operation Setting and Examples of I	O Adjustment
Operation Setting and Examples of IO Adjustment	
3-1	
Chapter 4 Settings	
Keypad overview4-1	Parameters naming4-9
Monitor naming4-6	
Chapter 5 Troubleshooting	
Troubleshooting5-1	
Chapter 6 Inspection and Maintenance	
Cautions for Maintenance/Inspection6-1	DC-Bus Capacitor Life Curve6-5
Daily and Periodic Inspections6-2	Output of Life Warning6-5
Method of Checking the Inverter and Converter	Methods of Measuring the Input/Output Voltages,
Circuits 6-4	Current, and Power6-6
Chapter 7 Specifications	
Specifications Table7-1	
•	
IndexAppendix-1	

Contents

Contents

Contents

(Memo)

# Chapter 1 Safety Instructions

# 1.1 Types of Warnings

In the Basic Manual, the severity levels of safety precautions and residual risks are classified as: "DANGER", "WARNING" and "CAUTION".

Display meanings



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous situations, which would most likely result in serious personal injury or death, and may result in major physical loss or damage.



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous situations, which may result in serious personal injury or death, and may result in major physical loss or damage.



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous situations, which may result in moderate or slight personal injury or damage, and may result only physical loss or damage.

Even more, that "ACAUTION" level description may lead to a serious risk depend on the circumstances. Be sure to follow the instruction because whichever contains important safety description.

# 1.2 Description of Safety Symbols

It describes annotation of the symbols in context. Be sure to follow and pay attention of content.

#### Symbols meaning

Indicates a danger, warning or caution notice for fire, electric shock and high temperature while handling the product.

Details are indicated in or near△by pictures

Details are indicated in or near △by picture or words.





The drawing on the left indicates "a non-specific and general danger or caution".



The drawing on the left indicates "a possible damage due to electric shock".



Indicates "what you must not do" to prohibit the described acts in the operation of the product.



Indicates "what you must do" according to the instructions in the operation of the product.

# 1.3 Cautions

Read carefully following safety instruction for handling.

#### 1.3.1 Caution





Incorrect handling may result in personal death or severe injury, or may result in damage to the inverter, motor or the whole system.



Be sure to read this Basic Manual and appended documents thoroughly before installing, wiring, operating, maintaining, inspecting or using the inverter.



Many of the drawings in the Basic Guide show the inverter with covers and/or parts blocking your view as removed to illustrate the details.



Do not operate the inverter in the status shown in those drawings. If you have removed the covers and/or parts, be sure to reinstall them in their original positions before starting operation, and follow all instructions when operating the inverter.

#### 1.3.2 Precautions for installation



# WARNING



#### • You run the risk of fire!

Do not place flammable materials near to the installed inverter.



Prevent foreign matter (e.g., cut pieces of wire, sputtering welding materials, iron chips, wire, and dust) from penetrating into the inverter.

Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface, such as, metal surface.



Injury

Prohibited

Install the inverter in a well-ventilated indoor site not exposed to direct sunlight. Avoid places where the inverter is exposed to high temperature, high humidity, condensation, dust, explosive gases, corrosive gases, flammable gases, grinding fluid mist, or salt water.

Do not install and operate the inverter if it is

You run the risk of injury!

damaged or its parts are missing.



#### You run the risk of injury due to the inverter falling

Injury

Do not hold its cover parts when carrying the



Install the inverter on a structure able to bear the weight specified in this Basic Guide.



Install the inverter on a vertical wall that is free of vibrations.





#### You run the risk of failure of the inverter!



The inverter is precision equipment. Do not allow it to fall or be subject to high impacts.

Also do not step on it, or place a heavy load on

# 1.3.3 Precautions for Wiring





You run the risk of electric shock or fire!

Be sure to ground the inverter.



- Commit wiring work to a qualified electrician.
- Before wiring, make sure that the power supply



You run the risk of electric shock and injury!

Perform wiring only after installing the inverter.



Injury

**Practice** 



You run the risk of failure of the inverter!



Do not pull the wire after wiring.



You run the risk of short circuit and ground



Do not remove rubber bushings from the wiring section. Otherwise, the edges of the wiring cover may damage the wire.

# **WARNING**



#### You run the risk of injury or fire!

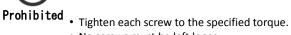
• Do not connect AC power supply to any of the output terminals (U, V, and W).

 Make sure that the voltage of AC power supply matches the rated voltage of your inverter.



#### You run the risk of fire!

- Do not use a single-phase input.
- · Do not connect a resistor directly to any of the DC terminals (PD, P, and N).
- Do not use the magnetic contactor installed on the primary and secondary sides of the inverter to stop its operation.



- No screws must be left loose.
- Practice
- Connect an earth-leakage breaker to the power input circuit.
- · Use only the power cables, earth-leakage breaker, and magnetic contactors that have the specified capacity (ratings).



Flectric

shock

Injury

Practice

# You run the risk of electric shock and injury!

- Before operating slide switch SW in the inverter, be sure to turn off the power supply.
- · Since the inverter supports two modes of cooling-fan operation, the inverter power is not always off, even when the cooling fan is stopped. Therefore, be sure to confirm that the power supply is off and wait for 10 minutes(\*1) or 15 minutes(\*2)before wiring.

(\*1)SH1-00041-H $\sim$ 00620-H (SH1-007H $\sim$ SH1-220H) (\*2)SH1-00770-H~SH1-03160-H (SH1-300H~SH1-1320H)

# 1.3.4 Precautions to Run and Test Running



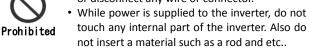
# DANGER



Fire

### You run the risk of electric shock or fire!

• While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch any internal part or terminal of the inverter. Also do not check signals, or connect or disconnect any wire or connector.





You run the risk of injury and damage to machine.

Do not select the retry mode for controlling an elevating or traveling device because free-running status occurs in retry mode.



Prohibited



shock

Prohibited

#### You run the risk of electric shock!

Be sure to close the terminal block cover before turning on the inverter power. Do not open the terminal block cover while power is being supplied to the inverter or voltage remains inside.





## • You run the risk of injury!

· If the retry mode has been selected, the inverter will restart suddenly after a break in the tripping status. Stay away from the machine controlled by the inverter when the inverter is under such circumstances. (Design the machine so that human safety can be ensured, even when the inverter restarts suddenly.)



The [STOP] key on the operator keypad is effective only when its function is enabled by setting. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately.



- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before a short-term power failure, the inverter may restart operation after the power recovery. If such a restart may put persons in danger, design a control circuit that disables the inverter rom restarting after power recovery.
- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before the inverter enters alarm status, the inverter will restart suddenly when the alarm status is reset. Before resetting the alarm status, make sure that no operation command has been input.



#### You run the risk of injury or fire!

• While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch the terminal of the inverter, even if it has stopped.









Practice

#### You run the risk of injury and damage to machine.

- The inverter easily allows you to control the speed of operating motor. Confirm the capacity and ratings of the motor or machine before operating.
- When you run the motor at a high frequency, check and confirm to each manufactures of a permitting revolution of the respective motor and machine.
- Check the rotate motor direction, abnormal sound, and vibrations while operating.



#### • You run the risk of burn injury.

Inverter heat sink will heat up during operation.
 Do not touch the heat sink.



Prohibited



You run the risk of injury!



Practice

• Install an external brake system if needed.

# 1.3.5 Precautions for Maintenance/Inspection



# DANGER



Practice

#### You run the risk of electric shock!

 Before inspecting the inverter, be sure to turn off the power supply and wait for 10 minutes or(\*1) 15 minutes(\*2). (Before inspection, confirm that the Charge lamp on the inverter is off and the DC voltage between terminals P and N is 45 V or less.)



Commit only a designated person to maintenance, inspection, and the replacement of parts. (Be sure to remove wristwatches and metal accessories, e.g., bracelets, before maintenance and inspection work and to use insulated tools for the work.)

(\*1)SH1-00041-H $\sim$ 00620-H (SH1-007H $\sim$ SH1-220H) (\*2)SH1-00770-H $\sim$ SH1-03160-H (SH1-300H $\sim$ SH1-1320H)

# 1.3.6 Precautions for disposal

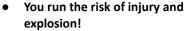


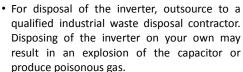
# **DANGER**

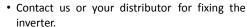


Explosion

Practice









- A qualified waste disposer includes industrial waste collector/transporter and industrial waste disposal operator. Follow the act related to procedures stipulated in the waste management and public.
- · cleansing for disposing of the inverter.

### 1.3.7 Other Cautions



## DANGER



You run the risk of electric shock, fire and injury!

Never modify the inverter.



Prohibited



# CAUTION



You run the risk of significantly shortening the life cycle of a product!



Sterilizing and disinfecting a packaging wood materials use a means other than wood fumigation method. If the product is included in the fumigation treatment, electronic parts receive a critical damage from emitted gases or steams. Especially, halogen disinfectants (including fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine) can cause corrosion in the capacitor.

# 1.4 Compliance to European Directive (CE)(in preparation)

# 1.4.1 Caution for EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility)

The SH1 series inverter conforms to requirements of Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive (2014/30/EU). However, when using the inverter in Europe, you must comply with the following specifications and requirements to meet the EMC Directive and other standards in Europe:



WARNING: This equipment must be installed, adjusted, and maintained by qualified engineers who have expert knowledge of electric work, inverter operation, and the hazardous circumstances that can occur. Otherwise, personal injury may result.

#### 1. Power supply requirements

- a. Voltage fluctuation must be -15% to +10% or less.
- b. Voltage imbalance must be ±3% or less.
- c. Frequency variation must be ±4% or less.
- d. Total harmonic distortion (THD) of voltage must be  $\pm 10\%$  or less.

#### 2. Installation requirement

- a. SH1 series includes a built-in EMC filter. The built-in EMC filter must be activated.
- b. According to EN61800-3 it is mandatory to mention that any inverter with only C3 filter inside may NOT be connected to a low voltage public power supply in residential areas since for these installations C1 is required.
- c. In case of external filter for C2, an additional note is required according to EN61800-3 that "this product may emit high frequency interference in residential areas which may require additional EMC measures".
- d. According to the EN6100-3-12, an additional AC reactor or DC choke should be installed for reducing harmonics in power line.

#### 3. Wiring requirements

- a. A shielded wire (screened cable) must be used for motor wiring, and the length of the cable must be according to the following table (Table 1 on page 1-12).
- b. The carrier frequency must be set according to the following table to meet an EMC requirement (Table1 on page 1-12).
- c. The main circuit wiring must be separated from the control circuit wiring.

# 4. Environmental requirements (When an EMC filter is used)

 a. SH1 series inverter that is activated built-in EMC filter must be according to SH1 series specifications.

Table 1

Model	Cat.	Cable Length (m)	Carrier Frequency (kHz)
-	-	-	-
SH1-00041-H (SH1-007H)	C3	10	2
SH1-00054-H (SH1-015H)	C3	10	2
SH1-00083-H (SH1-022H)	С3	10	2
SH1-00126-H (SH1-037H)	C3	10	2
SH1-00175-H (SH1-055H)	С3	5	2
SH1-00250-H (SH1-075H)	C3	5	2
SH1-00310-H (SH1-110H)	C3	5	2
SH1-00400-H (SH1-150H)	С3	10	2
SH1-00470-H (SH1-185H)	С3	10	2
SH1-00620-H (SH1-220H)	C3	10	2
SH1-00770-H (SH1-300H)	C3	5	2
SH1-00930-H (SH1-370H)	C3	5	2
SH1-01160-H (SH1-450H)	C3	5	2
SH1-01470-H (SH1-550H)	С3	5	2
SH1-01760-H (SH1-750H)	C3	5	2
SH1-02130-H (SH1-900H)	C3	5	2
SH1-02520-H (SH1-1100H)	C3	5	2
SH1-03160-H (SH1-1320H)	С3	5	2

(Memo)

# Chapter 2

# Installation and Wiring

# 2.1 Check the Inverter

Check the contents in the package, and confirm the inverter model with a specification label.





Basic Guide (This document)

The model of the product is as follows:

E.g.: 400V class input voltage for Japan

Applicable motor capacity for ND rating is5.5kW

ND rated current 14.8A

LD rated current 16.0A

VLD rated current 17.5A

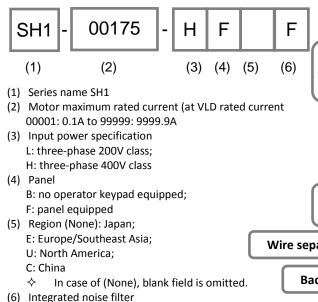
- Configuration and description contents vary depending on the model. Refer to User's Guide for more details.
- If the inverter is shipped incorporated with optional products, optional instruction will be enclosed.

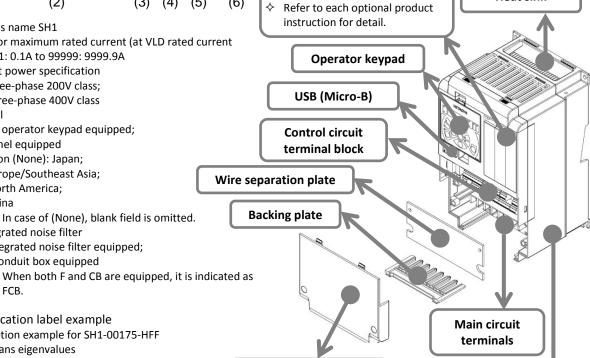


Eye bolts for hanging the inverter SH1-00930H(SH1-370H)~ SH1-03160-H(SH1-1320H)

**Heat sink** 

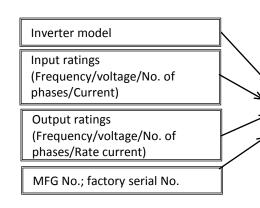
SH1-00126-HFCF example illustration in below.





**Specification label** 

**Optional slots** 

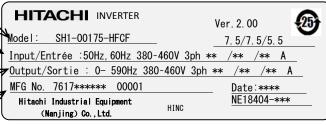


F: integrated noise filter equipped; CB: conduit box equipped

Description example for SH1-00175-HFF

Specification label example

(\*) means eigenvalues



**Terminal block cover** 

# 2.2 Install the Inverter



# Transportation

- The inverter is made of plastics component. When carrying the inverter, handle it carefully to prevent damage to the parts.
- Do not carry the inverter by holding the front or terminal block cover. Doing so may cause the inverter to fall.
- Do not install and operate the inverter if it is damaged or its parts are missing.



# Ambient temperature

 Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the ambient temperature goes above or below the allowable range defined by the standard inverter specification.

Ambient temperature:

ND rated : -10 to 50°C LD rated : -10 to 45°C VLD rated : -10 to 40°C

Keep sufficient space around the inverter.
 Measure the temperature in a position about 5 cm distant from the bottom-center point of the inverter, and check that the measured temperature is within the allowable range. Operating the inverter at a temperature outside this range will shorten the inverter life (especially the capacitor life), resulting in damage to the inverter.



# Do not install on a high temperature, high humidity or easily condensation area

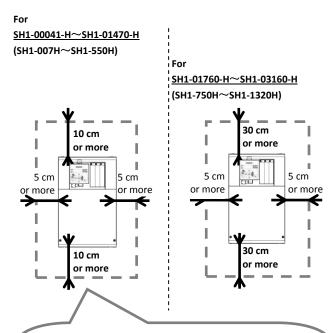
- Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the relative humidity goes above or below the range (20% to 90% RH), as defined by the standard inverter specification. Avoid a place where the inverter is subject to condensation.
- Condensation inside the inverter will result in short circuits, which may cause damage to the inverter. Also avoid places where the inverter is exposed to direct sunlight.



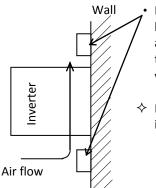
# Install inverter on nonflammable

(e.g. metal) surface.

- The inverter will reach a high temperature (up to about 150°C) during operation. Install the inverter on a vertical wall surface made of nonflammable material (e.g., metal) to avoid the risk of fire.
- In particular, keep sufficient distance between the inverter and other heat sources (e.g., braking resistors and reactors) if they are installed in the vicinity.



- In order to replace life cycle parts on following models require a clearance of 22cm or more:
  - SH1-00400-H(SH1-150H)~SH1-00620-H(SH1-220H)
- In order to replace life cycle parts on following models is required to remove the installed units:
  - SH1-00041-H(SH1-007H)~SH1-00310-H(SH1-110H)



Keep enough clearance between the inverter and the above and below wiring ducts to prevent cooling air ventilation from obstructing.

 For dimension drawing of inverter see chapter 2.3.



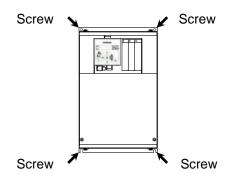
# Installation environment

- Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the inverter is subject to dust, corrosive gases, explosive gases, flammable gases, grinding fluid mist, or salt water.
- Foreign particles entering the inverter will cause of failure. If you use the inverter in a considerably dusty environment, install the inverter inside a totally enclosed panel.



# Installation method and position

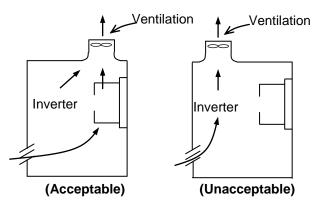
- Install the inverter vertically and securely with screws or bolts on a surface that is free from vibrations and that can bear the inverter weight.
- If the inverter is not installed properly, its cooling performance may be degraded and tripping or inverter damage may result.





# Mounting in an enclosure

 When mounting multiple inverters in an enclosure with a ventilation fan, carefully design the layout of the ventilation fan, air intake port, and inverters. An inappropriate layout will reduce the inverter-cooling effect and raise the ambient temperature. Plan the layout properly so that the inverter ambient temperature will remain within the range specified in the specification table.



Position of ventilation fan

When the inverter is installed below ventilation fan, the incoming dust may adhere to the inverter. Place in a position to avoid this falling dust.



# Reduction of enclosure size

• External heat sink installation may reduce internal heat emission and reduce the enclosure size.

External heat sink mounting for the inverter

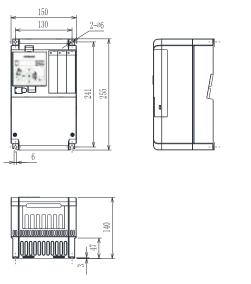
SH1-00041-H~SH1-00126-H(SH1-007H~SH1-037H)

- · requires an optional metal fitting.
- Other models than above can be installed with the originally attached metal fitting. To mount the inverter for external heat sink, cut out the enclosure panel according to the specified cutting dimensions.
- The cooling section (including the heat sink)
  positioned outside the enclosure has a cooling fan.
  Therefore, do not place the enclosure in any
  environment where it is exposed to water drops,
  oil mist, or dust.
- The heat sink part reaches a high temperature.
   Install a protection cover as needed.

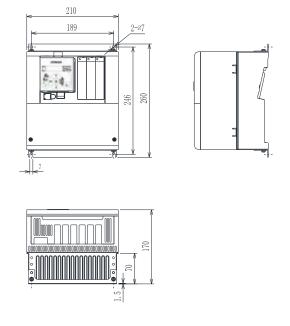
# 2.3 Dimension Drawing

❖ If you add optional parts to the inverter, some extra space is required in the direction of the depth of the inverter depending on the wiring layout. Keep a clearance of 50 mm or more. For details, refer to the instruction manual for each optional product.

Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 00041-H(007H), 00054-H(015H), 00083-H(022H), 00126-H(037H)			
Dimension	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)
Dimension	150	255	140

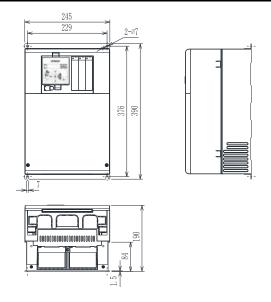


Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 00175-H(055H), 00250-H(075H), 00310-H(110H)			
W(mm) H(mm) D(mm)			D(mm)
Dimension	210	260	170

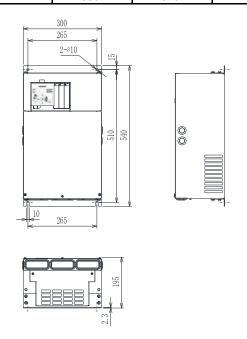


(Eg.) See "Chapter 7 Specifications" for details. VLD rated current for00041-H(007H) is 4.1A, (ND rated motor capacity is 0.75kW), and L indicates 200V class, while H indicates 400V class.

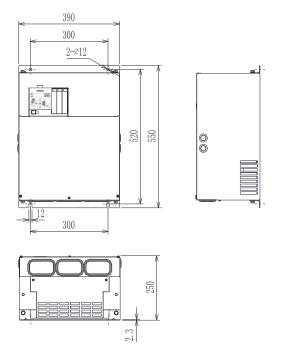
Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 00400-H(150H), 00470-H(185H), 00620-H(220H)			
Dimonsion	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)
Dimension	245	390	190



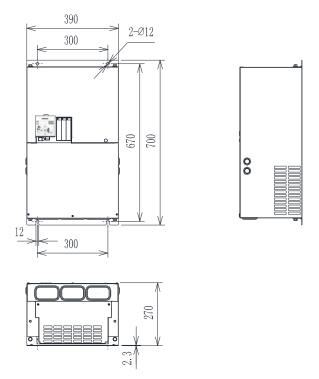
Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)				
400V class: 00770-H(300H)				
Dimension	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)	
Dimension	300	540	195	



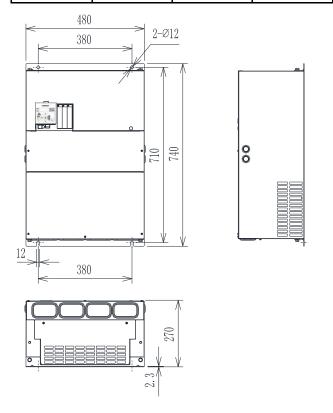
Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 00930-H(370H), 01160-H(450H), 01470-H(550H),			
Dimension	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)
Dimension	390	550	250



Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 01760-H(750H), 02130-H(900H)			
Dimonsion	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)
Dimension	390	700	270



Model SH1-****-*(SH1-****)			
400V class: 02520-H(1100H), 03160-H(1320H)			
Dimonsion	W(mm)	H(mm)	D(mm)
Dimension	480	740	270



# 2.4 Inverter Wiring

# Applicable peripheral equipment



#### Notes:

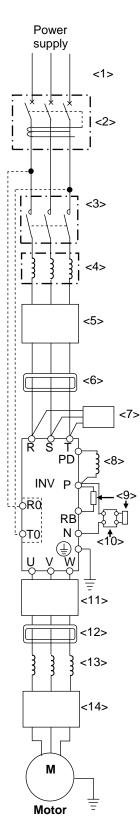
- The description of peripheral equipment is for Hitachi 3-phase, 4-pole squirrel-cage motor.
- Select breakers with proper interrupting capacity. (Use inverter-ready breakers)
- Use earth-leakage circuit breakers (ELB or MCB) to ensure safety.
- Use copper electric wire (HIV cable) with allowable temperature rating 75°C or more.
- If the power line exceeds 20 m, use cable with major wire size for the power line.
- Tighten each terminal screw with the specified tightening torque.

  Loose terminal screws may cause short circuits and fire.

  Exercise tightening torque may cause damage to the terminal block.
  - Excessive tightening torque may cause damage to the terminal block or inverter body.
- When selecting a rated sensitivity current for earth-leakage circuit breaker, use a separated breaker considering a total cable length of between Inverter-Power supply and Inverter-Motor distance. Do not use a high-speed type of earth-leakage circuit breaker. Use a delayed-type circuit breaker, because the high-speed type may malfunction.
- When using a CV cable for wiring through a metal conduit, the average current leakage would be 30mA/km.
- When using a high relative dielectric constant cable such as IV cable, the leakage current is
  about eight times as high as the standard cable. Therefore, when using an IV cable, use
  ELCB with rated sensitivity current by eight times higher in the table below. If the total
  cable length exceeds 100 m, use a CV cable.
- •Do not pull the power line cable after wiring. Doing so may cause screw loosening.

Total cable length	Sensitivity current (mA)
100 m or less	50
300 m or less	100

<ul> <li>42&gt; Earth-leakage circuit breaker ELCB or MCCB</li> <li>43&gt; Magnetic contactor MC</li> <li>44&gt; Input AC reactor (For harmonic control, power supply coordination, and power factor correction)</li> <li>45&gt; Noise filter for inverter</li> <li>46&gt; Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>47&gt; Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>48&gt; DC Choke</li> <li>49&gt; Braking resistor</li> <li>410&gt; Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>411&gt; Noise filter on the output side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>412&gt; Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>420 Radio noise filter on the output side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>412&gt; Radio noise filter on the output side (Capo-phase reactor)</li> <li>413 Radio noise filter on the output side (Capo-phase reactor)</li> <li>414 Sadio noise filter on the output side (Connect this noise filter to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an avery frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>412&gt; Radio noise filter</li> <li>413 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>414 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>415 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>416 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>417 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>418 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>419 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>410 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>411 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>412 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>413 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>414 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>415 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>416 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>417 Sadio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>418 Sadio noise filter (Ze</li></ul>			300 III 01 less 100
<ul> <li>42&gt; Earth-leakage circuit breaker ELCB or MCCB</li> <li>43&gt; Magnetic contactor MC</li> <li>44&gt; Input AC reactor (For harmonic control, power supply coordination, and power factor correction)</li> <li>45&gt; Noise filter for inverter</li> <li>46&gt; Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>47&gt; Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>48&gt; DC Choke</li> <li>49&gt; Braking resistor</li> <li>410&gt; Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>411&gt; Noise filter on the output side (Input side)</li> <li>412&gt; Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>420</li> <li>43&gt; Larminals" on Page 2-8.</li> <li>44&gt; Use input reactor for harmonic wave control, or when the power store to voltage imbalance exceeds 3% or more, or when the power store capacity is over 500 kVA or more, or when the power store capacity</li></ul>	No.	Name	Function
MCCB	<1>	Electric wire	See "Recommended cable gauges, wiring accessories, and crit
<ul> <li>(3&gt;) Magnetic contactor MC</li> <li>(4&gt;) Input AC reactor         (For harmonic control, power supply coordination, and power factor correction)</li> <li>(5&gt;) Noise filter for inverter</li> <li>(6&gt;) Radio noise filter         (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>(7&gt;) Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>(88) DC Choke</li> <li>(9&gt;) Braking resistor</li> <li>(10&gt;) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(11&gt;) Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(10&gt;) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(10&gt;) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(11&gt;) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(12-) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(13-) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(14) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(15) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(16) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(17) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(18) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(19) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(20) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(21) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(21) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(21) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(22-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(23-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(24-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(25-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(26-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(27-) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(28-) Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>(29-) Radio noise filter</li> <li>(20-) Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>(20-) Regenerative braking unit</li></ul>	<2>	<u> </u>	terminals" on Page 2-8.
<ul> <li>Input AC reactor         (For harmonic control, power supply coordination, and power factor correction)</li></ul>			
(For harmonic control, power supply coordination, and power factor correction)  Noise filter for inverter  This noise filter reduces the conductive noise that is generate the inverter and transmitted in cables. Connect this noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)  Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)  Specification  The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply we during operation.  Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.  Specification  Regenerative braking unit  Connect this noise filter reduces the conductive noise that is generate the inverter and transmitted in cables. Connect this noise filter the primary side (input side) of the inverter.  The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply we during operation.  Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.  Specification  Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverter operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.  Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to re the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter.  Radio noise filter  Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to re the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter.  Cables	_		
coordination, and power factor correction)  capacity is over 500 kVA or more, or when the power voltage change rapidly. This reactor also improves the power factor.  This noise filter reduces the conductive noise that is generate the inverter and transmitted in cables. Connect this noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)  Radio noise filter or the input side (Capacitor filter)  Capacitor filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)  Capacitor filter)  Capacitor filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)  Capacity filter to reduce the radion noise that is generated the inverter on the inverter and motor to reflect the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise filter between the inverter and motor to reflect the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduce the radiant noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.	<4>		Use input reactor for harmonic wave control, or when power sup
correction)  change rapidly. This reactor also improves the power factor.  This noise filter reduces the conductive noise that is generate the inverter and transmitted in cables. Connect this noise filter the primary side (input side) of the inverter.  Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)  The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply we during operation. Use this noise filter to reduce the radion noise (radiant noise).  Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)  Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.  See DC Choke  Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.  Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)  Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outside of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)			
Solution   Solution			, ,
the inverter and transmitted in cables. Connect this noise filte the primary side (input side) of the inverter.  (6> Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor) The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply we during operation. Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise (radiant noise).  (7> Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter) Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.  (8> DC Choke Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia. (10> Regenerative braking unit) Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor) Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outside of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)	<b>/5</b> \	,	
the primary side (input side) of the inverter.  Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor) The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply we during operation. Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise (radiant noise).  Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter) Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.  Braking resistor Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia. Noise filter on the output side Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor) Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)	\3>	Noise litter for inverter	
<ul> <li>Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)</li> <li>Noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it cables.</li> <li>Noise filter to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Set his noise filter to reduce the radiant noise through power supply we during operation.</li> <li>Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from it is the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Radio noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Radio noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)</li> </ul>			
Use this noise filter to reduce the radio noise (radiant noise).  7> Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter)  8> DC Choke  Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.  71> Noise filter on the output side  71> Radio noise filter  8 Radio noise filter  Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)  Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)	<6>	Radio noise filter	The inverter may generate radio noise through power supply wir
Radio noise filter on the input side (Capacitor filter) Very DC Choke Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia. Noise filter on the output side Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverter operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia. Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to reduce the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduct the electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor) Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)		(Zero-phase reactor)	
(Capacitor filter)  (SPOC Choke  Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.  (10)  Noise filter on the output side  (Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)  (Sables.  Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverter operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.  (Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)			
<ul> <li>As&gt; DC Choke</li> <li>Use DC chokes to reduce the harmonic generated by the inverted solution.</li> <li>Braking resistor</li> <li>Coperation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>Bradio noise filter</li> <li>Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.</li> </ul>	<7>	•	Use this noise filter to reduce the radiant noise radiated from inp
<ul> <li>8 Braking resistor</li> <li>Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Use these devices to increase the braking torque of the inverter operation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reducting malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense of the inverter.</li> <li>Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>Regenerative braking unit</li> <li>Properation in which the inverter turns the connected load on an very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side</li> <li>Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to rethe radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sensor (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>Radio noise filter</li> <li>Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)</li> </ul>	_		
<ul> <li>Regenerative braking unit very frequently or decelerates the load running with a high more of inertia.</li> <li>Noise filter on the output side Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to read the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television reception and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (Zero-phase reactor)</li> <li>Radio noise filter (Zero-phase reactor)</li> </ul>	<9>	Braking resistor	<u> </u>
Very frequency of decelerates the load fulfilling with a high more of inertia. <11> Noise filter on the output side Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to re the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of redu the electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense (212) Radio noise filter Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter)	<10>	Regenerative braking unit	·
<11> Noise filter on the output side Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to re the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reduthe electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sensor (Zero-phase reactor) Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the output side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.)			
the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sensor (Zero-phase reactor)  the radiant noise radiated from cables for the purpose of reductive electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sensor (Zero-phase reactor)  Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outside of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter)	<11>	Noise filter on the output side	
the electromagnetic interference with radio and television recept and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sense <a href="#">12&gt; Radio noise filter</a> Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outside of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter.	111	Hoise lines on the output side	
<12> Radio noise filter Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outline (Zero-phase reactor) used of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inverter)			the electromagnetic interference with radio and television recepti
(Zero-phase reactor) side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the i			and preventing malfunctions of measuring equipment and sensors
	<12>		Use this noise filter to reduce the noise generated on the outp
		(Zero-phase reactor)	side of the inverter. (This noise filter can be used on both the inp
1 /			and output sides.)
1 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<13>	I	Inverter driven motor may cause large vibrations compared
For reducing vibrations and commercial power supply direct start motor.  preventing thermal relay Connect Output AC reactor between inverter and motor to le		_	Connect Output AC reactor between inverter and motor to less
		, ,	the pulsation of motor. Also, connect output AC reactor, when t
		mananction	cable length between inverter and motor is longer (10 m or mor
			to prevent thermal relay malfunction due to the harmonic way
generated by switching operation of inverter. Note that the the			generated by switching operation of inverter. Note that the thern
			relay can be replaced with a current sensor to avoid t
malfunction.			
	<14>	LCR filter	Connect this noise filter between the inverter and motor to conv
1 '			the inverter output into a sinusoidal waveform and to reduce t
cables. Surge voltage can be also controlled.			motor vibration, motor noise and the radiant noise radiated fro
cables. Surge voltage can be also controlled.		<u> </u>	capies. Jurge voltage can be also controlled.

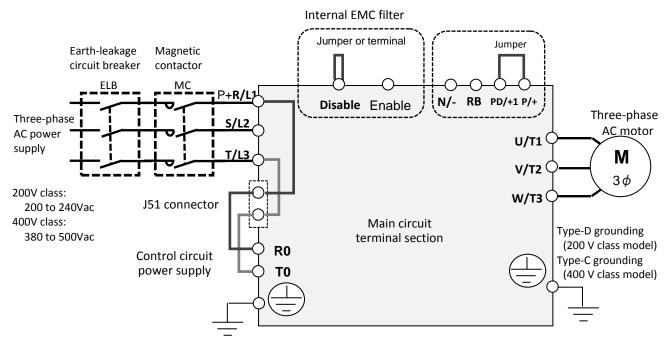


# 2.5 Wiring of the main circuit

Wire the main circuit of the inverter.

The following illustration shows the power supply and wiring connections to a motor only.

Open a terminal block cover to wire the terminal block in the main circuit.



Explanation of main circuit terminal block

Symbol	Terminal name	Description
R,S,T (L1,L2,L3)	Main power input	Connect to the AC power supply. Leave these terminals unconnected when using a regenerative converter.
U,V,W (T1,T2,T3)	Inverter output	Connect a Three-phase motor.
PD,P (+1,+)	DC choke connection terminal	Remove the PD-P jumper from terminals, and connect the optional DC choke for power factor improvement.
P,RB (+,RB)	External chopper braking resistor connection terminal	Connect the optional external braking resistor. See "Chapter 7 Specifications" for built-in braking circuit inverter models.
P,N (+,-)	Regenerative braking unit connection terminal	Connect the optional regenerative braking unit.
<b>(a)</b>	Inverter ground terminal	This serves as a ground terminal for the inverter chassis to ground. Connect 200V class and 400V class models to Type-D grounding and Type-C grounding, respectively.

- See "Chapter 1 Safety Instructions" for response to CE and UL standards.
- The screw size may vary depending on terminal. Refer to Page 2-8/2-9 for the size of the terminal screw for the power line cable while for other terminals, refer to the drawings of the wiring on Page 2-11 or later.
- The tables on Page 2-8/2-9 list the specifications of cables, crimp terminals, and terminal screw tightening torques for reference.
- Recommended wire gauges vary depending on the rated load settings (ND/LD/VLD).

# 2.6 Recommended wire gauges, wiring accessories, and crimp terminals

#### ■400V class

Applicable SH1 inverter model SH1-******	Rating setting	Power line cable AWG(mm2) R,S,T,U,V,W, P,PD,N	Grounding cable AWG(mm2)	External braking resistor between P and RBAWG(mm2)	Power line cable Terminal screw size	Crimp terminal	Tightening torque N•m			
SH1-00041-H	ND									
(SH1-007H)	LD	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	M4	2-4/2-4	1.4			
,	VLD									
SH1-00054-H	ND LD	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	M4	2-4/2-4	1.4			
(SH1-015H)	VLD		14(2.1)	14(2.1)	1014	2-4/2-4	1.4			
	ND									
SH1-00083-H	LD	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	M4	M4	M4	M4	2-4/2-4	1.4
(SH1-022H)	VLD	·		, ,						
SH1-00126-H	ND	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	14(2.1)		2-4/2-4				
(SH1-037H)	LD	14(2.1)	14(2.1)	` '	M4		1.4			
(3111 03711)	VLD	12(3.3)	12(3.3)	12(3.3)		5.5-4/5.5-4				
SH1-00175-H	ND	12(3.3)	12(3.3)	12(3.3)	. 45		2.0			
(SH1-055H)	LD VLD	10(5.3)	10(5.3)	10(5.3)	M5	5.5-5/5.5-5	3.0			
	ND ND									
SH1-00250-H	LD	10(5.3)	10(5.3)	10(5.3)	M5	M5	M5 5.5-5/5	5.5-5/5.5-5	3.0	
(SH1-075H)	VLD	8(8.4)	8(8.4)	8(8.4)		8-5/8-5				
SH1-00310-H	ND									
(SH1-110H)	LD	8(8.4)	8(8.4)	8(8.4)	M6	M6	M6	M6	8-6/8-6	4.0
(0.11 1101.)	VLD									
SH1-00400-H	ND	0(0.4)	0(0.4)	0(0.4)	M6	0.6/0.6	4.0			
(SH1-150H)	LD VLD	8(8.4)	8(8.4)	8(8.4)		8-6/8-6				
	ND ND	8(8.4)		8(8.4)	+	8-6/8-6				
SH1-00470-H	LD		8(8.4)	` '	M6	•	4.0			
(SH1-185H)	VLD	6(13.3)	-()	6(13.3)	IVIO	14-6/8-6				
CH1 00630 H	ND	6(13.3)		6(13.3)		14-6/8-6				
SH1-00620-H (SH1-220H)	LD	4(21.2)	8(8.4)	4(21.2)	M6	22-6/8-6	4.0			
(2::= ==2::)	VLD			.(==:=)						
SH1-00770-H	ND	3(26.7)	C(12.2)		140	38-8/14-8	6.0			
(SH1-300H)	LD VLD	2(33.6) 1(42.4)	6(13.3)	-	M8	60-8/14-8	6.0			
	ND ND	1(42.4)				00-8/14-8				
SH1-00930-H	LD	1(42.4)	6(13.3)	-	M8	60-8/14-8	15.0			
(SH1-370H)	VLD	·	- ( /			,				
SH1-01160-H	ND	1(42.4)				60.9/14.9				
(SH1-450H)	LD	1/0(53.5)	6(13.3)	-	M8	60-8/14-8	6.0 <b>~</b> 10.0			
(0.11 1301.)	VLD	2/0(67.4)				70-8/14-8				
SH1-01800-H	ND	2/0(67.4)	4/24.2\			70-8/22-8				
(SH1-550H)	LD VLD	1/0×2(53.5×2)	4(21.2)	-	M8	60-8/22-8	6.0~10.0			
	ND ND									
SH1-02160-H	LD	1/0×2 (53.5×2)	4(21.2)	-	M10	60-10	6.0~10.0			
(SH1-750H)	VLD	' '	, ,		-	-				
CH1 02600 H	ND	1/0×2/52 5×2)				60.10				
SH1-02600-H (SH1-900H)	LD	1/0×2 (53.5×2)	3(26.7)	-	M10	60-10	6.0~10.0			
(3111-30011)	VLD	2/0×2 (67.4×2)				70-10				
SH1-03250-H	ND	2/0×2 (67.4×2)				70-10				
(SH1-1100H)	LD	` ` `	1(42.4)	-	M10		19.6			
·	VLD	3/0×2 (85.0×2)				80-10 80-10				
SH1-03610-H	ND LD	3/0×2 (85.0×2) 4/0×2 (107.2×2)	1(42.4)	_	M10	100-10	19.6			
(SH1-1320H)	VLD	250kc×2 (127)×2	1(44.4)	_	IAITO	150-10	15.0			

Please use the round type crimp terminals (for the UL standard) suitable for the use electric wire when you connect the electric wire with the main circuit terminal block. Please put on pressure to the crimp terminals with a crimp tool that the crimp terminal maker recommends.

The wire gauges in the above table shows the designed values based on HIV cable (with thermal resistance of 75°C).

# 2.7 Applicable circuit breaker

#### ■400V class

· For ND rating

				Applicat	ole devices (Inp	out Voltage 400	0~440V)			
Model	Applicable	(DCL OF ACL)				With reactor (DCL or ACL)				
SH1-****** (SH1-***)	Motor (kW)	Earth-leakage breaker (ELB)		Magnetic Contactor (MC)		Earth-leakage breaker (ELB)		Magnetic Contactor (MC)		
		Example model	Current Rate	AC-1	AC-3	Example model	Current Rate	AC-1	AC-3	
SH1-00041-H(SH1-007H)	0.75	EX50C	5	HS8	HS8	EX50C	5	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00054-H(SH1-015H)	1.5	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	EX50C	5	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00083-H(SH1-022H)	2.2	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00126-H(SH1-037H)	3.7	EXK50-C	15	HS8	HS10	EX50C	10	HS8	HS10	
SH1-00175-H(SH1-055H)	5.5	EXK50-C	20	HS8	HS20	EXK50-C	15	HS8	HS20	
SH1-00250-H(SH1-075H)	7.5	EXK50-C	30	HS8	HS25	EXK50-C	20	HS20	HS25	
SH1-00310-H(SH1-110H)	11	EXK50-C	40	HS20	HS35	EXK50-C	30	HS25	HS35	
SH1-00400-H(SH1-150H)	15	EXK50-C	50	HS25	HS50	EXK50-C	40	HS35	HS50	
SH1-00470-H(SH1-185H)	18.5	EXK100-C	75	HS35	HS50	EXK50-C	50	HS50	HS50	
SH1-00620-H(SH1-220H)	22	EXK100-C	75	HS50	H65C	EXK60-C	60	HS50	H65C	
SH1-00770-H(SH1-300H)	30	EXK100-C	100	HS50	H80C	EXK100-C	75	H80C	H80C	
SH1-00930-H(SH1-370H)	37	RXK125-S	125	H80C	H100C	EXK100-C	100	H80C	H100C	
SH1-01160-H(SH1-450H)	45	EXK225	150	H80C	H125C	RXK125-S	125	H100C	H125C	
SH1-01470-H(SH1-550H)	55	EXK225	200	H100C	H125C	EXK225	150	H150C	H125C	
SH1-01760-H(SH1-750H)	75	RXK250-S	250	H150C	H200C	EXK225	200	H200C	H200C	
SH1-02130-H(SH1-900H)	90	EX400	300	H200C	H250C	EXK225	225	H200C	H250C	
SH1-02520-H(SH1-1100H)	110	EX400	400	H200C	H300C	EX400	300	H250C	H300C	
SH1-03160-H(SH1-1320H)	132	EX600B	500	H250C	H300C	EX400	350	H400C	H400C	

• For LD/VLD rating

- For ED/VED fatting				Applical	ole devices (In	put Voltage 40	0∼440V)			
Model	Applicable	(DCL or ACL)				With reactor (DCL or ACL)				
SH1-***** (SH1-****)	Motor (kW)		age breaker LB)		Contactor 1C)	Earth-leaka (EI	ge breaker .B)		Contactor IC)	
,	, ,	Example model	Current Rate	AC-1	AC-3	Example model	Current Rate	AC-1	AC-3	
SH1-00041-H(SH1-007H)	1.5	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	EX50C	5	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00054-H(SH1-015H)	2.2	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00083-H(SH1-022H)	3.7	EXK50-C	15	HS8	HS10	EX50C	10	HS8	HS8	
SH1-00126-H(SH1-037H)	5.5	EXK50-C	20	HS8	HS20	EXK50-C	15	HS8	HS20	
SH1-00175-H(SH1-055H)	7.5	EXK50-C	30	HS8	HS25	EXK50-C	20	HS8	HS20	
SH1-00250-H(SH1-075H)	11	EXK50-C	40	HS20	HS35	EXK50-C	30	HS8	HS25	
SH1-00310-H(SH1-110H)	15	EXK50-C	50	HS25	HS50	EXK50-C	40	HS20	HS35	
SH1-00400-H(SH1-150H)	18.5	EXK100-C	75	HS35	HS50	EXK50-C	50	HS20	HS35	
SH1-00470-H(SH1-185H)	22	EXK100-C	75	HS50	H65C	EXK60-C	60	HS35	HS50	
SH1-00620-H(SH1-220H)	30	EXK100-C	100	HS50	H80C	EXK100-C	75	HS50	H65C	
SH1-00770-H(SH1-300H)	37	RXK125-S	125	H80C	H100C	EXK100-C	100	HS50	H65C	
SH1-00930-H(SH1-370H)	45	EXK225	150	H80C	H125C	RXK125-S	125	H65C	H80C	
SH1-01160-H(SH1-450H)	55	EXK225	200	H100C	H125C	EXK225	150	H80C	H100C	
SH1-01470-H(SH1-550H)	75	EX400	250	H150C	H200C	EXK225	200	H100C	H125C	
SH1-01760-H(SH1-750H)	90	EX400	300	H200C	H250C	EXK225	225	H125C	H150C	
SH1-02130-H(SH1-900H)	110	EX400	400	H200C	H300C	EX400	300	H150C	H250C	
SH1-02520-H(SH1-1100H)	132	EX600B	500	H250C	H300C	EX400	350	H200C	H250C	
SH1-03160-H(SH1-1320H)	160	EX600B	600	H400C	H400C	EX400	400	H250C	H300C	

- Device model name on above table shows example selection. The device selection should be made in base on rated current, short circuit current capability and accordance to the local electrical legislation.
- Applicable motor capacity is based on Hitachi 400Vac, 60Hz, 4 pole IE3 motor.
- ♦ Refer to the wire gauge table on chapter 2.6 for power line cable.
- Electrical endurance for AC-1 magnetic contactor is 500000 times, however, for emergency stop in motor operation will be only 25 times.
- Select AC-3 class magnetic contactor for inverter output for application which has an emergency stop or commercial power line operation.
- When selecting oversize inverter capacity compare to motor rating, select magnetic contactor according to the inverter capacity.

# 2.8 Chopper Braking Resistor

SH1 Series has a built-in chopper braking circuit in model below. SH1-00041-H (007H) to SH1-00930-H (370H)  $\,$ 

- By using an optional braking resistor, permit to use for high regeneration load application such as lift or high speed load.
- SH1 Series can offer when desired a built-in chopper braking circuit in models below.
  - SH1-01160-H (450H) to SH1-01470-H (550H)
- Using optional braking unit or regenerative unit, permit to use on high regenerative load application even for models without built-in chopp er braking circuit.
- The table below shows an example selection of braking resistor to output 100% of braking torque for each motor rating on list.

#### ■400V

				Bı	aking F	Resistor	
Model SH1-**** (SH1-***)	Appli cable motor (kW)	Min. Resis tor (Ω)	Resistor selection Ex. (Ω)	Model	Usage ratio (%)	Short period capacity (kW)	Rated capacity (kW)
00041-H (007H)	0.75	100	360	SRB200-1 × 2series	10	1.4	0.4
00054-H (015H)	1.5	100	100	SRB200-1 ×2series	10	1.4	0.4
00083-H (022H)	2.2	100	100	SRB200-2 ×2series	7.5	2.5	0.4
00126-H (037H)	3.7	70	100	SRB300-1 ×2 series	7.5	5	0.6
00175-H (055H)	5.5	70	100	SRB300-1 ×2 series	7.5	5	0.6
00250-H (075H)	7.5	35	70	SRB400-1 ×2 series	7.5	7.2	0.8
00310-Н (110Н)	11	35	50	RB1 × 2 series × 2 parallel	10	10.4	1.6
00400-Н (150Н)	15	24	35	RB2 × 2 series × 2parallel	10	15.2	2.4
00470-H (185H)	18.5	24	35	RB2 × 2 series ×2parallel	10	15.2	2.4
00620-H (220H)	22	20	25	RB1 × 2 series ×4parallel	10	20.8	3.2
00770-H (300H)	30	15	17	RB3 × 2 series ×2parallel	10	30.8	4.8
00930-Н (370Н)	37	15	17	RB3 × 2 series ×2parallel	10	30.8	4.8
01160-H (450H)	45	10	10	CA-KB (10Ω5unit)	10	45	17
01800-H (550H)	55	10	10	CA-KB (10Ω5unit)	10	45	17

<sup>♦</sup> When using RB2×2series×2parallel, will require in total 4 RB2 units.

# 2.9 Wiring



When J51 connector is removed, charge lamp doesn't indicate R0-T0 status. Please make sure that power is off and care for safety. For own safety, make sure to power off before handling the inverter.

Model SH1- \*\*\*\*\*-\*(SH1-\*\*\*\*)

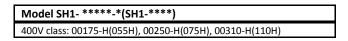
400V class: 00041-H(007H), 00054-H(015H), 00083-H(022H), 00126-H(037H)

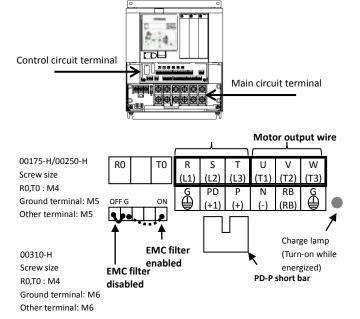
Control circuit terminal Main circuit terminal Power input wire Motor output wire 00041-H/ RB . 00054-H/00083-H/ (RB) (T1 (T2) (T3) 00126-H R0 T0 PDΝ **₽** Screw size R0,T0: M4 Ground terminal: M4 ON Other terminals: M4 Charge lamp

♦ Switch the short circuit connector to enable or disable the EMC filter.

**EMC** filter

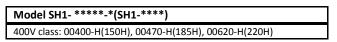
disabled

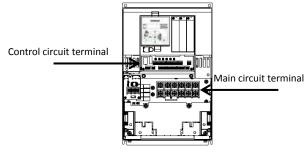


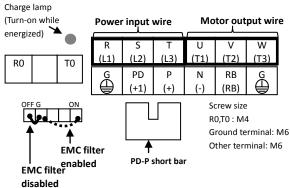


♦ Switch the short circuit connector to enable or disable the EMC filter.

To enable the EMC filter, fix the grounding screw equipped with short bar to the earth terminal for enabling the EMC filter.







Switch the short circuit connector to enable or disable the EMC filter.

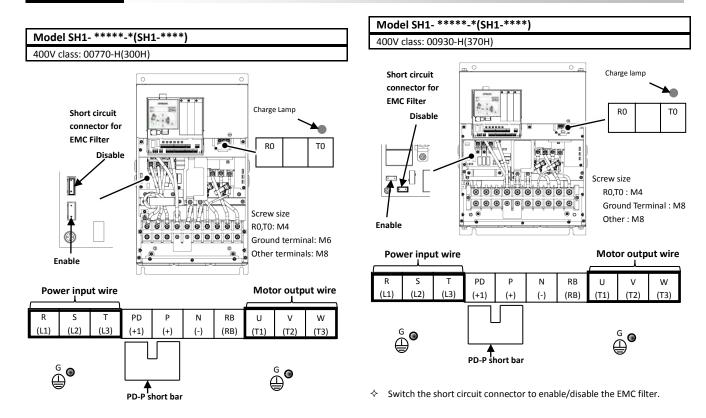
(Turn-on while

energized)

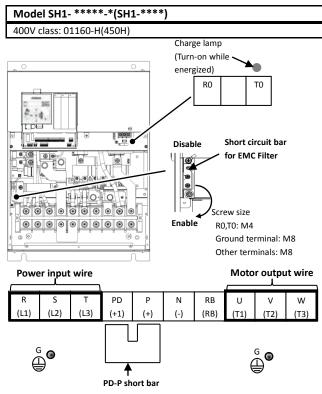
PD-P short bar

**EMC filter** 

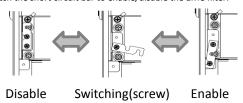
enabled

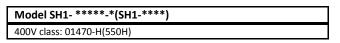


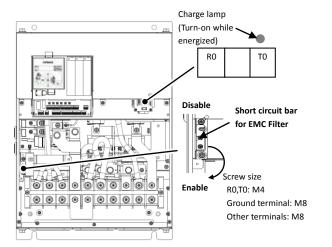
Switch the short circuit connector to enable/disable the EMC filter.

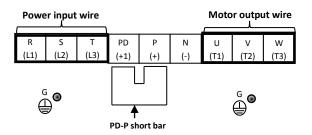


- For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.
- Switching method of EMC filter
   Switch the short circuit bar to enable/disable the EMC filter.

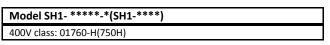


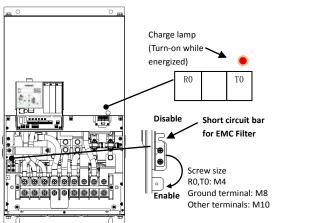


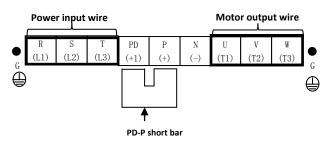




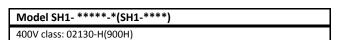
 $\ensuremath{\diamondsuit}$  For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.

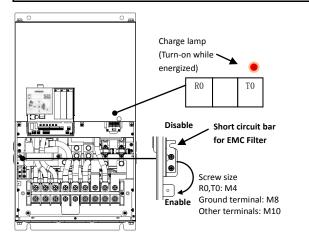


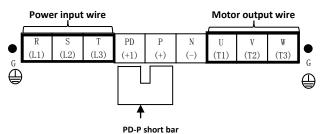




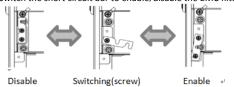
For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.

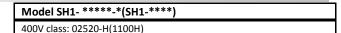


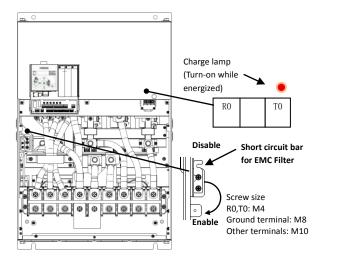


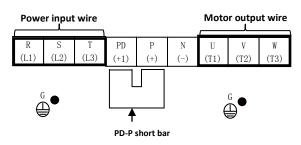


- For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.
- Switching method of EMC filter
   Switch the short circuit bar to enable/disable the EMC filter.

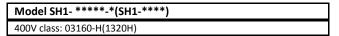


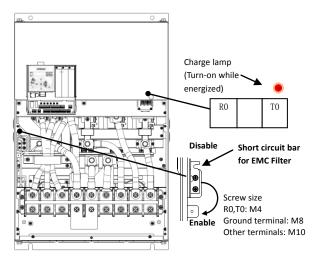


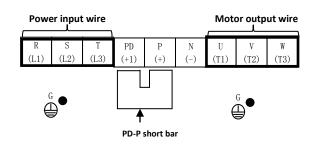




For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.





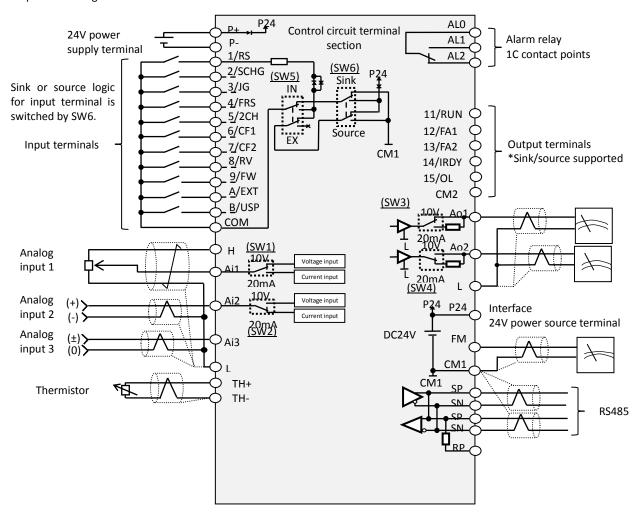


For the switching method of EMC filter, see the lower left section of this page.

Note: About the model that is not recorded in this Basic Guide, please contact the Hitachi distributor.

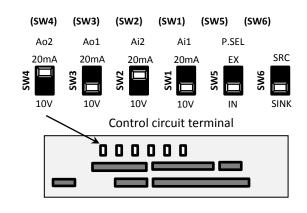
# 2.10 Wiring of the control circuit

♦ An example for sink logic.



# Switch configuration

Label	Switch Name	Description
Ai1 (SW1)	Analog input 1 switch	It changes the input specification of Analog input 1 (Ai1 terminal). 10V: Voltage input is available. 20mA: Current input is available.
Ai2 (SW2)	Analog input 2 switch	It changes the input specification of Analog input 2 (Ai2 terminal). 10V: Voltage input is available. 20mA: Current input is available.
Ao1 (SW3)	Analog output 1 switch	It changes the output specification of Analog output 1 (Ao1 terminal). 10V: Voltage output is applied. 20mA: Current output is applied.
Ao2 (SW4)	Analog output 2 switch	It changes the output specification of Analog output 2 (Ao2 terminal). 10V: Voltage output is applied. 20mA: Current output is applied.
P.SEL (SW5)	Power supply input switch	It changes the power source for input terminals. IN: Internal power source. EX: External power source. (While setting EX, it requires an external power supply between input terminals and COM terminal)
SRC/SINK (SW6)	Input terminal Sink/Source logic switching	It changes the sink or source logic for input terminal. Is enabled when SW5 is in IN position. SINK: Switch to Sink logic. SRC: Switch to Source logic.



Make sure to power-off previous to change any switches. Otherwise, may damage the inverter.

# Recommended terminals for wiring

- The following ferrule terminals are recommended for signal cable for easy wiring and improved reliability of connectivity.
- The contral circuit terminal adopts screw type wiring terminal blocks.

#### Ferrule terminal with sleeves

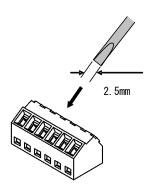
Power cable size mm² (AWG)	Ferrule terminal model*	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	<i>∮</i> d [mm]	φ D [mm]	<del>&gt;                                     </del>
0.25 (24)	AI 0,25-8YE	4	12.5	0.8	2.0	T
0.34 (22)	AI 0,34-8TQ	4	12.5	0.8	2.0	
0.5 (20)	AI 0,5-8WH	4	14	1.1	2.5	
0.75 (18)	AI 0,75-8GY	84	14	1.3	2.8	⇒ ¢ D

<sup>\*)</sup> Manufacturer: Phoenix Contact

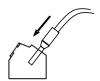
Crimping tool: CRIMPFOX UD 6-4 or CRIMPFOX ZA 3

# Wiring procedure

- 1. Open the insertion hole of the control circuit terminal block into the socket with a slotted screwdriver (with a wide of 2.5mm or less).
- 2. Insert the wire or ferrule terminal into the wire insertion hole (round) while screwing up with a slotted screwdriver.
- Even for pulling out the wire from the socket with a slotted screwdriver (the insertion hole will be opened).





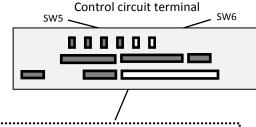


Insert the wire or ferrule terminal into the wire insertion hole while screwing up with a slotted screwdriver.

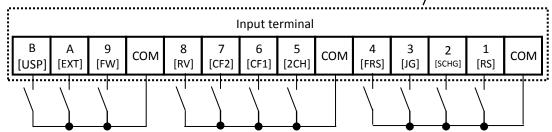
# 2.11 Control circuit wiring section

### Input terminals

- All COMs have the same electric potential.
- Change SW5 to external power source (EX) to connect the power source between Input terminals 1 to 9, A or B, and COM.
- Sink or source logic of the input terminal is switched by SW6.



#### (Wiring example)



• [] it means factory default settings.

			Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
minal		Contact	9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1	Input terminal	Terminal functions are selectable according to the parameter settings for each terminal. Switching SW6 to SRC or SINK allows you to select SINK or Source logic.	Voltage between each input and COM terminals  ON voltage Min.DC18V  OFF voltage Max.DC3V  Max. allowable voltage DC27V  Load current 5.6mA(at DC27V)
input ter	Digital input	e	А	Pulse input-A	This is a terminal for pulse input. A and B terminals can be used also as an input terminal.	Voltage between an input and COM terminals  ON voltage Min.DC18V
Intelligent input terminal	Dig	Pulse	В	Pulse input-B	Terminal functions are selectable according to the parameter settings for each terminal.  The maximum input pulse rate is 32kpps.	OFF voltage Max.DC3V     Max. allowable voltage DC27V     Load current 5.6mA(at DC27V)     Max input pulse rate 32kpps
		Common	СОМ	Input (common)	This is a common terminal for digital input terminals (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A and B). Three COM terminals are available.	

# Terminal's default function ([symbol: setting No.]) [RS:028]Reset

• Reset at every trip.

#### [SCHG:015]Command source change

 Change to the main speed command [AA101](OFF) or sub-speed command[AA102](ON).

#### [JG:029]Jogging

 Run at a frequency of [AG-20] upon receipt of the operation command by [JG]ON.

#### [FRS:032]Free-run stop

• [FRS]ON sets the motor in a free-run state.

# [2CH:031]Two-step acceleration/deceleration

• [2CH]ON enables acceleration/deceleration time-2[AC124][AC126].

#### [EXT:033]External trip

• [EXT]ON issues Trip[Er012].

# $\underline{\text{[FW:001]}} \\ \text{Forward rotation and [RV:002]} \\ \text{Reverse rotation}$

Forward	Reverse	Description
OFF	OFF	No command
ON	OFF	Forward rotation command operation
OFF	ON	Reverse rotation command operation
ON	ON	No command (inconsistent logic)

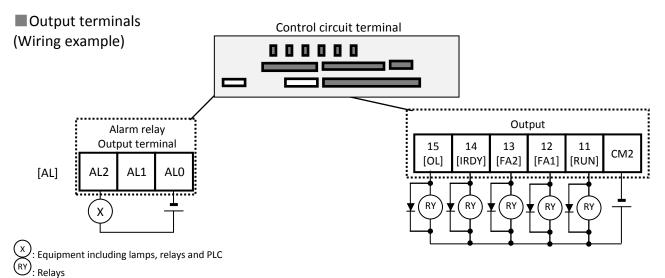
#### [CF1:003]Multispeed-1 and [CF2:004]Multispeed-2 commands

Multispeed-1 CF1	Multispe ed-2 CF2	Description	
OFF	OFF	The set frequency source is enabled.	
ON	OFF	The frequency source of [Ab-11] is enabled.	
OFF	ON	The frequency source of [Ab-12] is enabled.	
ON	ON	The frequency source of [Ab-13] is enabled.	

<sup>\*)</sup> Setting CF3 and 4 allows you to set up to 16-speed.

# [USP:034]Unattended start protection

• In a [USP]ON state, if an operation command has been input before the power supply is ON, Trip[Er013] is issued.



• [] it			Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
inals			15 14 13 12 11	Output terminal	Terminal functions are selectable according to the parameter settings for each terminal. This is available for both SINK and Source logics.	Open collector output Between each terminal and CM2  • Voltage drop when turned on: 4 V or less  • Max. allowable voltage 27V  • Max. allowable current 50mA
t term	output	ctor	CM2	Output (common)	This is a common terminal for output terminals 11 to 15.	
Intelligent output terminals	Digital out	Open collector	ALO AL1 AL2	1c relay terminal	Relays for C contact output	Maximum contact capacity AL1/AL0: AC250V, 2A(resistance) AC250V, 0.2A(inductive load) AL2/AL0: AC250V, 1A(resistance) AC250V, 0.2A(inductive load) Minimum contact capacity (common) AC100V, 10mA DC5V, 100mA

### Terminal's default function

[RUN:001]Running signal

• Turns ON during operation (PWM output).

#### [FA1:002]Frequency-arrival signal

• Turns ON when the output frequency reaches the control frequency.

## [FA1:003]Frequency-arrival signal 2

• Turns ON when the output frequency reaches the control frequency [CE-10] to [CE-13].

#### [IRDY:007]

• Turns ON when is ready for operation.

# [OL:035]Overload notice advance signal

 Turns ON when the current exceeds the overload warning level.

#### [ZS:040]0Hz speed detection signal

• Turns ON when the inverter output frequency falls below the threshold frequency [CE-33].

# [AL:017]Operation

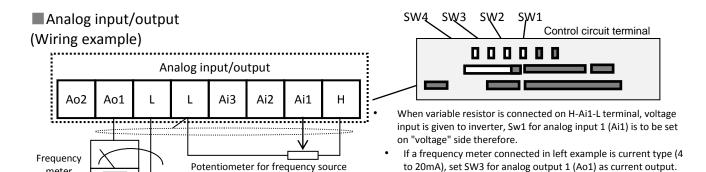
• In case of [CC-17]=00 (factory setting)

Power supply	Status	ALo-AL1	ALo-AL2
ON	Normal operation	Open	Closed
ON	Tripping	Closed	Open
OFF	_	Open	Closed

• In case of [CC-17]=01

Power supply	Status	ALo-AL1	ALo-AL2
ON	Normal operation	Closed	Open
ON	Tripping	Open	Closed
OFF	ı	Open	Closed

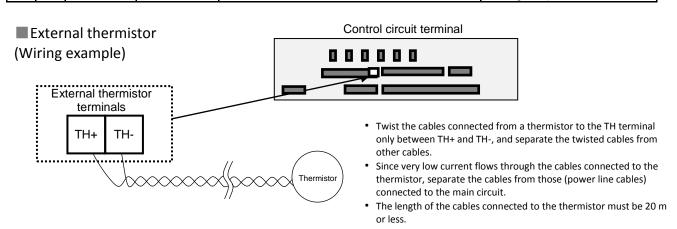
meter



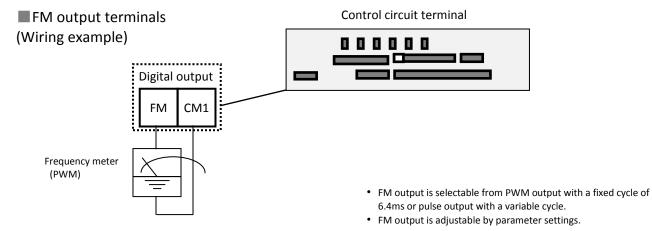
 $(0.5k\Omega \text{ to } 2k\Omega)$ 

\*  $1k\Omega$ , 1W or more recommended

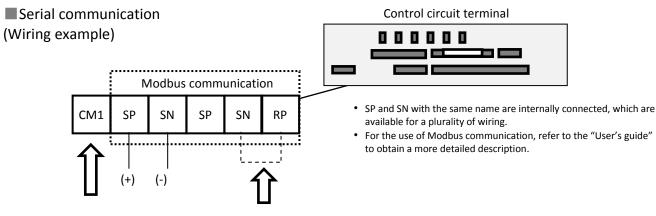
		Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
	Power supply	L	COM for analog power supply	COM terminals for analog input terminals (Ai1,Ai2,Ai3) and analog output terminals (Ao1,Ao2). Two L terminals are available.	
la l	Power	Н	Speed setting power supply	DC10V power supply. Used for voltage input with analog input terminals (Ai1,Ai2,Ai3) using a variable resister.	Max. allowable input current 20mA
Voltage/current switchable analog input/output terminal		Ai1	Analog input terminal 1 (Voltage/current selector SW1)	Either Ai1 or Ai2 can be used by switching the selector switch to DC0 to 10V voltage input or 0- to 20mA current	For voltage input: Input impedance Approx.10kΩ Allowable input voltage DC-0.3V to 12V
	Analog input	Ai2	Analog input terminal 2 (Voltage/current selector SW2)	input. Used as speed input and feedback input.	For current input: Input impedance Approx.100Ω Max. allowable input current 24mA
		Ai3	Analog input terminal 3	DC-10 to 10V voltage input is available. Used as speed input and feedback input.	Voltage input only: Input impedance Approx.10kΩ Allowable voltage input DC-12V to 12V
	ut	Ao1	Analog output terminal 1 (Voltage/current selector SW3)		For voltage output:  • Max. allowable output current 2mA  • Output voltage accuracy ±10%  (Ambient temperature: 25±10
	Analog output	Ao2	Analog output terminal 2 (Voltage/current selector SW4)	Either Ao1 or Ao2 can be used as an output for inverter monitoring data by switching the selector switch to DC0 to 10V voltage output or 0 to 20mA current output.	degrees C) For current input:  • Allowable load impedance 250Ω or less  • Output current accuracy ±20% (Ambient temperature: 25±10 degrees C)



		Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
Thermistor terminal	Analog input	TH+	External thermistor input	Connect to an external thermistor to make the inverter trip if an abnormal temperature is detected. Connect the thermistor to TH+ and TH The impedance to detect temperature errors can be adjusted within the range $0\Omega$ to 9,999 $\Omega$ . [Recommended thermistor properties] Allowable rated power: 100 mW or more Impedance at temperature error: $3k\Omega$	DC0 to 5V [Input circuit]  TH  TH  Thermistor  TH-
		TH-	Common terminal for external thermistor input		



			Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
iM output terminal	A output	Monitor output	FM	Digital monitor (voltage)	Digital monitor output is selectable from PWM output with 6.4ms cycle or pulse output with a variable duty cycle of approx. 50%.	Pulse train output DC0 to 10V  Max. allowable output current 1.2mA  Maximum frequency 3.60kHz
FM	FM	2	CM1	COM for digital monitor	This is a common terminal for digital monitor. This is also used as 0V reference potential for P24.	



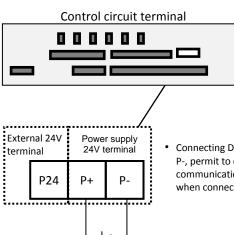
Connect CM1 Into the SG (signal ground) of external devices,

For enabling the termination resistor, short-circuit between RP and SN.

		Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
RS485 communication	Serial communication	SP SN RP (CM1)	MODBUS terminal (RS-485)	SP terminal: RS-485 differential(+) signal SN terminal: RS-485 differential(-) signal RP terminal: Connect to SP through a termination resistor CM1 terminal: Connect to the signal ground of external communication devices. There are two SP and two SN terminals, which are connected internally. The maximum baud rate is 115.2kbps.	Termination resistor (120Ω) integrated Enabled: RP-SN shorted Disabled: RP-SN opened

# ■24V power supply input/output

(Wiring example)



 Connecting DC24V external power supply into the terminal P+ and P-, permit to change parameters and perform optional communication without the main power source. Is also allowable when connecting into the main power supply.

External DC24V power supply

		Terminal label	Terminal name	Description	Electric characteristics
24V power supply		P24	24V output power source terminal	This terminal supplies DC24V power for contact signals.	Max. output 100mA
	input	CM1	Reference terminal for 24V output	This serves as a 0V reference terminal for contact signal. This is used also as a common terminal for FM output.	
	Power	P+	Terminal for external 24V input (24V)	Input external DC24V power supply to the inverter. 24V power supply input permit to change parameter	Allowable input voltage
		P-	Terminal for external 24V input (0V)	settings and perform optional communication operations without control power supply.	DC24V±10% Max. allowable current 1A

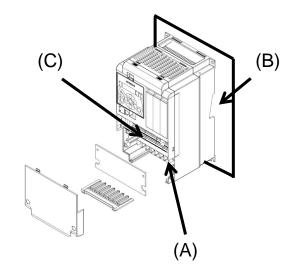
# 2.12 Residual risk

# Parts subject to residual risk

Please check for any residual risk upon completion of the installation before power on.

#### Residual risk checklist No.

- INCSIG										
No.	Name of part	⚠DANGER	<u>∕î∖</u> WARNING	<u>⚠</u> CAUTION						
(A)	Main circuit terminal block	8,10								
(B)	Heat sink	4		1						
(C)	Input/output terminal block	11,13								
-	Unspecified parts	9,12,14		2,3,5,6,7						



# Residual risk checklist

No.	Operational phase	Work	Part	Residual risk	Details of harm or damage	Preventive measures	1
1	Installation	Installation	(B)	CAUTION	Damage due to rough transportation.	Do not let the product fall. Do not apply force when handing the cover and operator keypad.	
2	Installation	Installation	-	CAUTION	Shortened lifetime of parts due to the use in places where the product is exposed to direct sunlight or the temperature is not within the specified range.	Verify that the ambient temperature is within the specified range throughout the year by means of cooling or ventilation.	
3	Installation	Installation	-	CAUTION	Short-circuit failure due to the use in places where the temperature is not within the specified range or condensation occurs.	Verify that the ambient temperature is within the specified range throughout the year by means of cooling or ventilation. Install the product in places where no condensation occurs.	
4	Installation	Installation	(B)	DANGER	A cooling fan reaching a high temperature exceeding 150 °C causes a fire on a flammable wall.	Install the product on a non-flammable metal wall.	
5	Installation	Installation	-	CAUTION	Damage to parts due to entry of dust and corrosive gases.	Install the product inside a totally enclosed panel.	
6	Installation	Installation	-	CAUTION	Shortened lifetime of parts due to reduced cooling capability by placing the product horizontally.	Install the product vertically.	
7	Installation	Installation	-	CAUTION	A cooling fan failed due to waterdrops or oil mist when the heat sink is positioned outside.	With the heat sink positioned outside, install the product in places free from waterdrops and oil mist.	
8	Installation Maintenance	Wiring	(A)	DANGER	A fire is caused inside by an arc due to screws loosened by vibrations.	Regularly check the tightening of screws.	
9	Installation Maintenance	Wiring	-	DANGER	A fire from flammable materials caused by an arc due to screws loosened by vibrations.	Regularly check the tightening of screws. Do not place flammable materials near the product.	
10	Use Maintenance	Wiring Inspection	(A)	DANGER	Electric shock by touching a high voltage part with the cover removed.	Do not open the cover when the power is on. Wait for 10(*1)/15 (*2)minutes or more after the power is off, and then confirm that the voltage between P and N is significantly less than 45Vdc to start the work.	
11	Use Maintenance	Wiring Inspection	(C)	DANGER	Electric shock by touching a high voltage part with a tool with the cover removed.	Do not open the cover when the power is on. Wait for 10(*1)/15 (*2) minutes or more after the power is off, and then confirm that the voltage between P and N is significantly less than 45Vdc to start the work.	

The installation, wiring and setting work must be conducted by qualified engineers.

<sup>(\*1)</sup>SH1-00041-H~00620-H (SH1-007H~SH1-220H) (\*2)SH1-00770-H~SH1-03160-H (SH1-300H~

SH1-1320H)

No.	Operational phase	Work	Part	Residual risk	Details of harm or damage	Preventive measures	1
12 (a)	Installation	Wiring	-	DANGER	Motor insulation damage due to surge caused by long distance motor wiring.	When the motor wiring distance exceeds 20m or more, try to shorten the wiring. Use LCR filter or output AC reactor.	
12 (b)	Installation	Wiring	-	DANGER	Motor damage due to insulation failure caused by motor voltage unmatched.	Use motor according to the inverter voltage class.	
12 (c)	Installation	Wiring	-	DANGER	Motor damage due to unstable power supply, caused by power supply unbalance, low voltage or excessive voltage drop.	Confirm the inverter power supply voltage, feeding method and capacity.	
12 (d)	Use Maintenance	Wiring Inspection	-	DANGER	Motor damage due to continue ran in open phase on motor output line.	Verify the motor output line that not being in open phase.	
12 (e)	Use Maintenance	Setting	-	DANGER	Motor damage due high current on motor caused by inadequate parameter setting.	Set adequate value for related function parameter of motor electronic thermal level [bC-01] to [bC125].  Set adequate value for base frequency, motor rated current, control mode, motor constant, load rating, direct current output related parameters. (representative parameter) Motor related parameter: IM: [Hb102] to [Hb118] SM(PMM): [Hd102] to [Hd118] Control mode: [AA121] Load rating: [Ub-03] DC braking: [AF101] to [AF109]	
13	Use	Operation	(C)	DANGER	The motor once stopped runs automatically.	If automatic restart after motor stop is set by a function, make sure to clearly describe that in the system.	
14	General	General	-	DANGER	Damage or injury occurrence from a hidden risk.	Confirm that system is structured for fail safe considering a risk assessment.	
15	General	General			Damage or injury occurrence by missing acquisition of information related to risk	Obtain the latest version of user's guide to make those information available. Inform users appropriately.	

The installation, wiring and setting work must be conducted by qualified engineers.

<sup>→</sup> For using [SET] function of input terminal, similarly, set the related 2<sup>nd</sup> parameters settings.

(Memo)

# Chapter 3

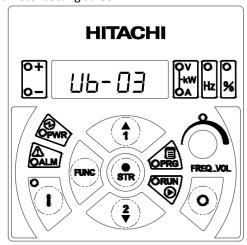
# Operation Setting and Examples of I/O Adjustment

This chapter describes <u>basic settings</u>, <u>frequency source</u> <u>required for operation</u>, <u>examples of run command</u> <u>source settings</u> and <u>examples of adjusted I/O terminals</u>.

■ Basic settings 1

#### 3.1 Set the load rating

 Select [Ub-03] load specification selection on the parameter setting screen.



- When [Ub-03] is changed, the parameters set for the current are automatically adjusted in proportion to the changed rated current, and the set values are changed.
- If the current value is set as overload restriction, electronic thermal and warning functions, those are to be reconfirmed after changing this setting. Load specification selection is to be set at first therefore.

#### Parameter

ĺ	Parameter	Details	Setting data
	[Ub-03]	Select the load specification.	00: V-Low Duty (VLD) 01: Low Duty (LD) 02: Normal Duty (ND)

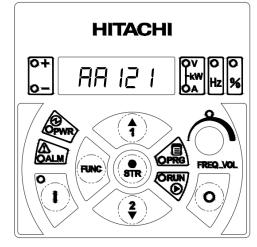
<sup>\*)</sup> The underlined value is set by default.

See "Chapter 4 Settings" for detailed operating instructions

■ Basic settings 2

#### 3.2 Set the motor data

 Set the parameters listed in the table below on the parameter setting screen according to the motor you use (e.g. induction motor and permanent-magnet motor).



#### ■ Parameter

Induction motor (IM)

Parameter	Details	Setting data	
[AA121]	Control pulse setting	00: V/f control constant torque characteristic, etc.	
[Hb102]	Capacity selection	0.01 to 160.00 (kW)	
[Hb103]	Motor poles setting	2 to 48 (poles)	
[Hb104]	Base frequency	10.00 to 590.00 (Hz)	
[Hb105]	Maximum frequency	10.00 to 590.00 (Hz)	
[Hb106]	Rated voltage	1 to 1000 (V)	
[Hb108]	Rated current	0.01 to 9999.99 (A)	

Synchronous motor (permanent-magnet motor) (SM(PMM))

Parameter	Details	Setting data
[AA121]	Control pulse setting	11: SM(PMM) Sensorless vector control
[Hd102]	Capacity selection	0.01 to 160.00 (kW)
[Hd103]	Motor poles setting	2 to 48 (poles)
[Hd104]	Base frequency	10.00 to 590.00 (Hz)
[Hd105]	Maximum frequency	10.00 to 590.00 (Hz)
[Hd106]	Rated voltage	1 to 1000 (V)
[Hd108]	Rated current	0.01 to 9999.99 (A)

Note: Motor constant setting is required for driving SM.

The frequency source and run command source are necessary to drive the motor.

#### ■ Frequency source 1

#### 3.3 Frequency setting from keypad

- Select [AA101] = 07 Frequency source from parameter setting screen.
- Changing frequency setting from each source
   (1) [FA-01] for frequency setting from keypad or
   (2) [Ab110] for frequency setting at multispeed profile.

#### Eg.) For [FA-01]



- Frequency source
- Change the frequency source setting [Ab110] to "Multispeed-0 speed No.1" by using the up and down arrow keys.

#### Parameter

Parameter	Details	Setting data
[AA101]	Frequency source setting from keypad	07
[FA-01]*)	Main speed command	0.00Hz
[Ab110]*)	Multispeed-0 speed No. 1	0.00Hz

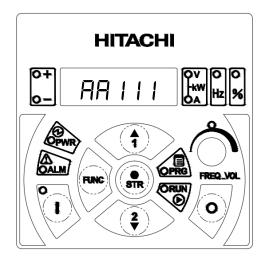
\*) While [AA101] = 07, a change made in either [FA-01] or [Ab110] will be automatically reflected in the other. When no change can be made or is reflected in [FA-01], the operator keypad is not specified as a command source by the terminal function or [AA101].

You need to set the frequency value to a value other than 0.00.

#### ■ Run command source 1

#### 3.4 Run using the operator keypad

 Select [AA111] = 02 on the parameter setting screen to RUN from keypad.



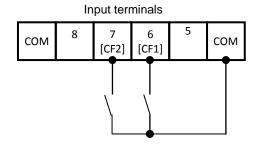
Run/stop command Press the RUN key and STOP key on the operator keypad to start and stop the inverter, respectively.

Parameter	Details	Setting data
[AA111]	Run by pressing the RUN key of keypad.	02

#### ■ Frequency source 2

#### 3.5 Multispeed terminals command

- While multispeed command is off, the speed command will follow the parameter setting [AA101].
- To use multispeed 0, select [AA101] = 07 frequency source selection.



- Frequency source
- Change the frequency command by turning ON/OFF from multispeed input terminals [CF1] and [CF2].

#### Parameter

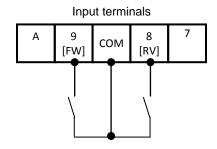
Parameter	Details	Setting data	
[AA101]	Frequency setting from keypad	07	
[FA-01] *1)	Main speed source	0.00Hz	
[Ab110] *1)	Multispeed 0 setting 1 <sup>st</sup> motor ([CF1]OFF/[CF2]OFF)	0.00Hz	
[Ab-11] *2)	Multispeed 1 setting ([CF1]ON/[CF2]OFF)	0.00Hz	
[Ab-12] *2)	Multispeed 2 setting ([CF1]OFF/[CF2]ON)	0.00Hz	
[Ab-13] *2)	Multispeed 3 setting ([CF1]ON/[CF2]ON)	0.00Hz	
[CA-06]	The terminal 6 for [CF1]	001	
[CA-07]	The terminal 7 for [CF2]	002	

- \*1) While [AA101] = 07, a change made in either [FA-01] or [Ab110] will be automatically reflected in the other. When no change can be made or is reflected in [FA-01], the operator keypad is not specified as a command source by the terminal function or [AA101].
- \*2) Set the frequency value for multispeed selection.

#### ■ Run command source 2

#### 3.6 Operate using FW/RV terminal

• Select [AA111] = 00 [FW][RV] terminal from parameter setting screen.



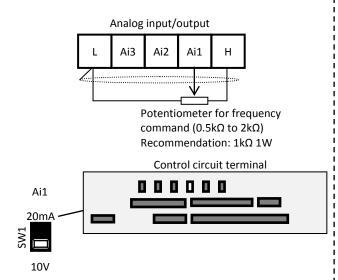
- Run/stop command
- Run or stop by turning either [FW] terminal or [RV] terminal ON/OFF.

Parameter Details		Setting data
[AA111]	Run using FW/RV terminal	00
[CA-09]	The terminal 9 for [FW]	001
[CA-08]	The terminal 8 for [RV]	002

#### ■ Frequency source 3

#### 3.7 Potentiometer frequency command

- Select [AA101] = 01 Ai1 terminal input from parameter setting screen.
- \* Select voltage input (0 to 10V) for Ai1 switch of control circuit board.



- Frequency command
- Adjust the position of the knobs on the potentiometer to change the frequency command.

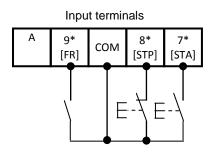
#### Parameter

Parameter	Details	Setting data
[AA101]	Set as frequency command for Ai1 input terminal.	01

#### ■ Run command source 3

#### 3.8 Operate using 3WIRE terminal

- Select [AA111] = 01 to 3WIRE function from parameter setting screen. In this section, 3WIRE functions are assigned into the input terminals.
- \* Terminal 7[CA-07] = 016; terminal 8[CA-08] = 017; terminal 9[CA-09] = 018



#### Run/stop command

 To run turn ON [STA] terminal, and turn ON [STP] terminal to stop. Select the rotation direction with [FR] terminal

Parameter Details		Setting data
[AA111]	Set the operation command for 3WIRE function.	01
[CA-09]	The terminal 9 is [FR].	018
[CA-08]	The terminal 8 is [STP].	017
[CA-07]	The terminal 7 is [STA].	016

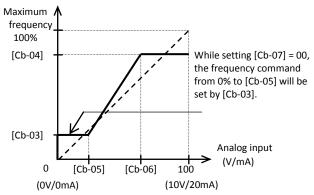
#### ■ Example for adjusting I/O terminals 1

#### 3.9 Adjust the analog input (Ai1/Ai2)

E.g.) Adjust operation (E.g. for Ai1)

 Set the ratio to input to limit the operating range of the frequency command.

(When selecting the frequency through terminal input)

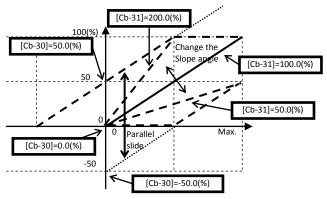


#### Parameter

Parameter		Dataila	
Ai1	Ai2	Details	
[Cb-03]	[Cb-13]	Set the frequency source ratio to the start ratio of the analog input.	
[Cb-04]	[Cb-14]	Set the frequency source ratio to the end ratio of the analog input.	
[Cb-05]	[Cb-15]	Set the start ratio of the analog input 0 to 10V/0 to 20mA.	
[Cb-06] [Cb-16]		Set the end ratio of the analog input 0 to 10V/0 to 20mA.	

• Ai2 adjustment can be done in similar way to Ai1 by using Ai2 parameters in order to Ai1.

E.g.) Make a fine adjustment (E.g. for Ai1)



#### Parameter

Parameter		Data ila
Ai1	Ai2	Details
[Cb-30]	[Cb-32]	Adjust the zero-point reference line for voltage input 10V/current input 20mA and the maximum frequency.
[Cb-31]	[Cb-33]	Adjust the slope of the reference line for voltage input 10V/current input 20mA.

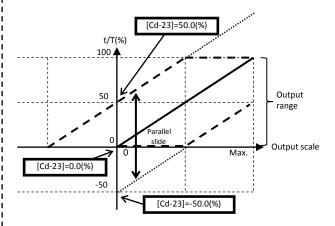
\*) Use the switch on control circuit terminal board to change for voltage/current input.

#### ■ Example for adjusting I/O terminals 2

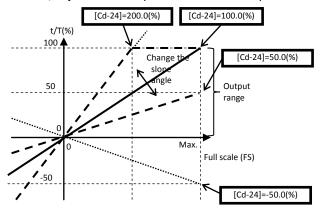
# 3.10 Adjust the analog output (Ao1/Ao2/FM)

E.g.) Adjust operation (E.g. for Ao1)

· Set a value equivalent to 0% output first.



• Then, adjust a value equivalent to 100% output.

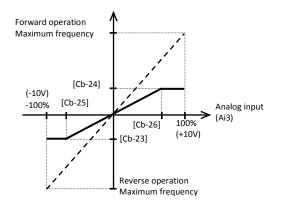


Parameter			Deteile
Ao1	Ao2	FM	Details
[Cd-23]	[Cd-33]	-	Adjust the zero-point reference line for voltage output 10V/current output 20mA and data at 100%.
[Cd-24]	[Cd-34]	-	Adjust the slope for voltage output 10V/current output 20mA and data at 100%.
-	-	[Cd-13]	Adjust the zero-point reference line for 100% duty cycle output and data at 100%.
-	-	[Cd-14]	Adjust the slope for 100% duty cycle output and data at 100%.

#### ■ Example for adjusting I/O terminals 3

#### 3.11 Adjust the analog input (Ai3)

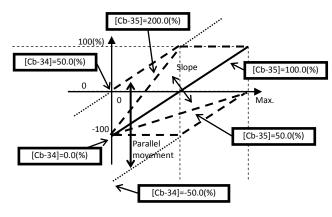
#### E.g.) Adjust operation (E.g. for Ai3)



#### Parameter

Parameter	Data!!s	
Ai3	- Details	
[Cb-23]	Set the frequency source ratio to the start ratio of the analog input.	
[Cb-24]	Set the frequency source ratio to the end ratio of the analog input.	
[Cb-25]	Set the start ratio of the analog input -10V to 10V.	
[Cb-26]	Set the end ratio of the analog input -10V to 10V.	

E.g.) Make a fine adjustment



#### ■Parameter

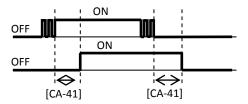
Parameter	5 . "	
Ai3	Details	
[Cb-34]	Adjust -10V on the reference line for -10V/10V and the frequency.	
[Cb-35]	Adjust the slope of the reference line.	

#### ■ Example for adjusting I/O terminals 4

#### 3.12 Prevent input terminal malfunction

• Set a response time for input terminal to prevent a malfunction due to noise input.

Operation of the input terminal 1 Operation of the internal functions



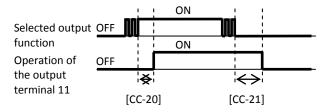
#### Parameter

Input terminal	Response time	Input terminal	Response time
1	[CA-41]	7	[CA-47]
2	[CA-42]	8	[CA-48]
3	[CA-43]	9	[CA-49]
4	[CA-44]	Α	[CA-50]
5	[CA-45]	В	[CA-51]
6	[CA-46]		_

#### ■ Example of adjusted I/O terminals 5

#### 3.13 Stabilize an output terminal

• Set the delay time to stabilize an output terminal from a sensitive reaction of internal functions.



<b>=</b> : arameter		
Output terminal	On-delay time	Off-delay time
11	[CC-20]	[CC-21]
12	[CC-22]	[CC-23]
13	[CC-24]	[CC-25]
14	[CC-26]	[CC-27]
15	[CC-28]	[CC-29]
16A-16C *1)	[CC-30]	[CC-31]
AL1-AL0/ AL2-AL0	[CC-32]	[CC-33]

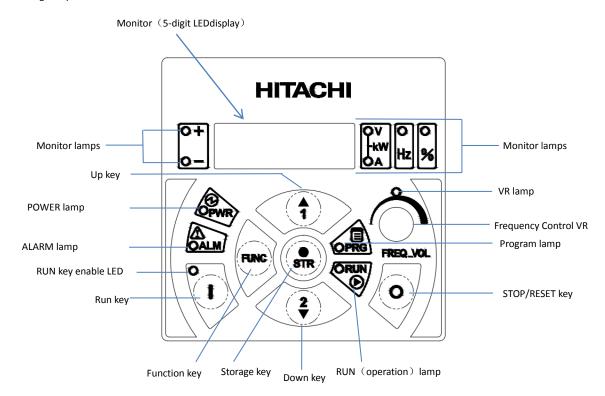
<sup>\*1)</sup> SH1 Series do not have this terminal.

# **Chapter4 Settings**

### 4.1 Keypad overview

#### 4.1.1Names and Functions of components

How to operate the digital operator



Name	Function
POWER lamp	Lights when the control circuit power is on.
ALARM lamp	Lights to indicate that the inverter has tripped.
RUN (operation) lamp	Lights to indicate that the inverter is operating.
VR lamp	Lights when the VR is effective.
program lamp	Lights when the monitor shows a value set for a function. This lamp starts blinking to indicate a warning (when the set value is invalid).
Monitor	Displays a frequency, output current, or set value.
Monitor lamps	indicates the type of value and units displayed on the monitor.  Hz: frequency V: voltage A: current kW: electric power %: percentage +: positive value -: negative value
RUN key enable LED	Lights up when the inverter is ready to respond to the RUN key. (When this lamp is on, you can start the inverter with the RUN key on the digital operator.)
RUN key	Starts the inverter to run the motor. This key is effective only when the operating device is the digital operator. (To use this key, comfirm that the operating device indicator lamp is on.)
STOP/RESET key	Decelerates and stops the motor or resets the inverter from alarm status.
Function key	Makes the inverter enter the monitor, function, or extended function mode.
Storage Key	Stores each set value.(Always press this key after changing a set value)
Up/Down Key	Switches the inverter operation mode(among monitor, function, and extended function modes) or increases or decreases the value set on the monitor for a function.

#### 4.1.2 Code display system

The initial display on the monitor screen after power-on depends on the setting of function"UA-91". When the setting of function"UA-91" when the setting of function"UA-91" as the setting of "dA-01". Pressing the Func key in this status changes the display to HP-01.

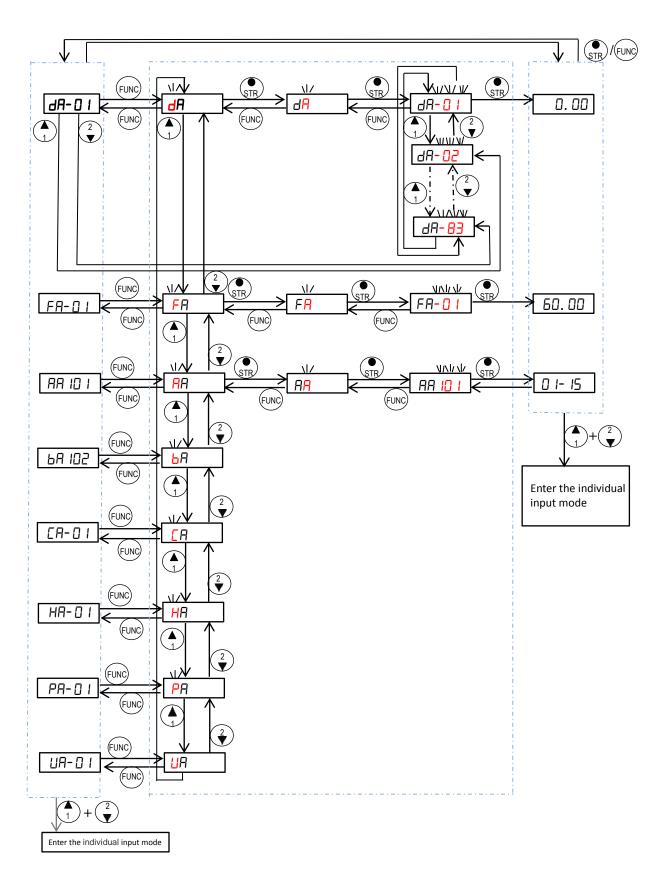
Note: The display contents on the monitor depend on the setting of function "UA-10" (function code display restriction), "UA-91" (initial-screen selection), and "UA-30" (automatic setting of user parameters).

Item	Function code	Data	Description
		00	Full display
	UA-10	01	Function-specific display
Function code display restriction		02	user setting
		03	Data comparison diaplay
		04	Basic diaplay (factory setting)
Initial-screen selection (Initial display at power-on)	UA-91 (*1)	dA-01	Output frequency monitoring (factory setting)
		dA-02	Output current monitoring
		dA-03	Rotation direction monitoring
		dA-06	Scaled output frequency monitoring
		FA-01	Output frequency setting
Selection of automatic	UA-30	00	Disable (factory setting)
user-parameter settings	(*1)	01	Enable

(*1) N	ot displayed with the factory	setting。			
※The	following procedure enables y	ou to turn the monitor	display back to	o dA-01 or 0.00	
	Id down the FUNC key for 4				
lote:Tl	ne monitor shows $\square$ . $\square$	only when th	ne motor drive	en by the inverter is stopped.While the mot	or is

Running, the monitor shows an output frequency.

#### 4.1.3 Transition of the monitored data on display



#### 4.1.4 Procedure for directly specifying or selecting a code

You can specify or select a code or data by entering each digit of the code or data instead of scrolling. The following shows an example of the procedure for changing the monitor mode code to extended function code.

Display the monitor mode code.



2 Change to the extended function mode.



Character"d"in the leftmost digit starts blinking. Press the  $\binom{\blacktriangle}{1}$  twice.



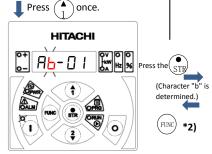
Character"A"is blinking, Pressing the storage key determines the blinking character.

\*2) FUNC Press the STR key (to determine character "A").

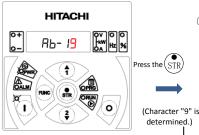
3 Change the fourth digit of the code.



Character "A" is blinking.



Character "b" in the fourth digit is blinking. Since thefourth digit need not be changed, press the [STR] key to determine the character "0".



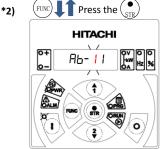
Character "9" in the first digit is blinking.

 $\uparrow$  Press the  $\binom{\blacktriangle}{1}$  eight times.

Change the first digit of the code"AA101".



Character "1" in the first digit is blinking.



Character "1" in the second digit is blinking. Since the second digit need not be changed, press the [STR] key to determine the character "1".

Press the  $\binom{\blacktriangle}{1}$  once .

(5) Change the second digit of the code"AA101".



Press the STR

6 Change the third digit of the code"AA101".



in the third digit is blinking. Since the third digit need not be changed, press the [STR] key to determine.

7 End the change of the extended function code.



Selection of code "Ab-19" is completed.

※ If a code that is not defined in the code list or not intended for display is entered, the leftmost digit (fifrth digit) (character "A" in this example) will start blinking again.

Press the (FUNC) key to display the data corresponding To the function code, change the data with the  $\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and/ or 2 key, and then press the 6 key to store the changed data. (\*4)

Note that you can also use the procedure (steps 1 to 7) described here to change the data. (\*3)(\*4)

- This procedure can also be used on screens displaying a code other than "dA-01".
- If the (FUNC) key is pressed while a digit is blinking, the display will revert to the preceding status for entering the digit to the right of the blinking digit.
- If the  $\left(\mathtt{FUNC}\right)$  key is pressed while the leftmost (fifth) digit is blinking, the characters having been entered to change the code will be cancelled and the display will revert to the original code shown before the  $\binom{\blacktriangle}{1}$  and  $\binom{\blacktriangledown}{2}$  keys were pressed in step 1).

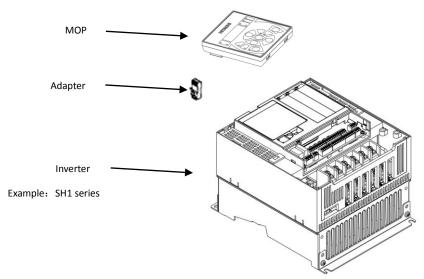
When changing data, be sure to press the STR key.

#### 4.1.5 Installation and Wiring

#### 4.1.5.1 Installing the standard digital operator into the inverter

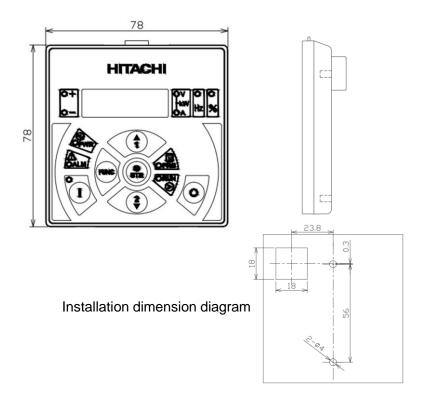
As shown below, vertically press the standard digital operator into the surface cover plate of inverter, until the sound is heard.

Power-on and Confirm that the LED is lighting up.



#### 4.1.5.2 Installing the standard operator into the control cabinent

Installing it According to the following dimensions of the standard operator and Installation dimension diagram.

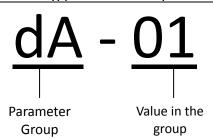


Note: When installing into the control cabinet, please use the communication cable that meets the following specifications.

- $\bullet$  Linear communication cable above 10BASE-T category5  $\,$  (CAT5) of UTP or STP  $_{\circ}$
- Within  $3m_{\circ}$   $\times$  UTP (Unshielded twist pair cable) STP (Shielded twist pair cable)

### [dA-<u>01</u>]~[dA-<u>41</u>]

Monitor naming (Nomenclature)



#### **Description of monitor functions**

★For more detail, please refer to P1 user's guide.

#### Monitors for all data

■Monitor mode (d code)

Code/Name	Range (unit)
dA-01 Output frequency monitor	0.00~590.00(Hz) <actual frequency="" output=""></actual>
dA-02 Output current monitor	0.0~655.35(A)
dA-03 Rotation direction monitor	F(forward)/r(reverse)/ d(0Hz output)/o(shut down)
dA-04 Frequency reference monitor (After calculation)	0.00~590.00(Hz) <as target="" value=""></as>
dA-06 Output frequency scale conversion monitor	0.00~59000.00(Hz)
dA-08 Detect speed monitor	-590.00 ~ 590.00(Hz) <encoder feedback="" required=""></encoder>
<b>dA-12</b> Output frequency monitor (signed)	-590.00∼590.00(Hz)
<b>dA-15</b> Torque reference monitor (After calculation)	-500.0~500.0(%) <torque control="" mode="" required=""></torque>
dA-16 Torque limit monitor	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)
dA-17 Output Torque monitor	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)
dA-18 Output Voltage monitor	0.0~800.0(V)
dA-20 Current position monitor	When [AA123]=02 -268435455~+268435455(pulse) When [AA123]=03 -1073741823~+1073741823(pulse)
dA-26 Pulse train position deviation monitor	-2147483647~+2147483647(pulse)
dA-28 Pulse count monitor	0~2147483647(pulse)
dA-30 Input power monitor	0.00~600.00(kW)
dA-32 Accumulation input power monitor	0.00~100000.00(kWh)
dA-34 Output power monitor	0.00~600.00(kW)
dA-36 Accumulated output power monitor	0.00~100000.00 (kWh)
dA-40 DC-bus voltage monitor	0.0~1000.0(V)
dA-41 BRD load rating monitor	0.00~100.00(%)

# $[dA-42]\sim[dA-83][db-01]\sim[db-20]$

Code/Name	Range (unit)
dA-42 Electronic thermal load rating monitor (MTR) dA-43 Electronic thermal load rating monitor (CTL)	0.00~100.00(%)
dA-45 Safety STO monitor *1)	00(no input)/01(P-1A)/ 02(P-2A)/03(P-1b)/04(P-2b)/ 05(P-1C)/06(P-2C)/07(STO)
<b>dA-46</b> Safety Option Hardware Monitor *1)	(Refer to FS option guide for detail)
<b>dA-47</b> Safety Option Function Monitor *1)	(Neier to 13 option galde for detail)
dA-50 Control terminal status	00(P1-TMA)/01(P1-TMB)/ 02(Others)
dA-51 Input terminal monitor	A B 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Input B,A,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2 &1: OFF
dA-54 Output terminal monitor	Output (-),14: ON Output AL,15,13,12, 11: OFF
dA-60 Analog input/output status monitor *2)	Ao4 Ao3 Ai4 Ai3 Ao2 Ao1 Ai2 Ai1  Teminal Ao4,Ao3, Ai4, Ai3, Ao1,Ai2,Ai1: Voltage Teminal Ao2: Current
dA-61 Analog input [Ai1] monitor dA-62 Analog input [Ai2] monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
dA-63 Analog input [Ai3] monitor	-100.00~100.00(%)
dA-64 Analog input [Ai4] monitor	-100.00~100.00(%)
dA-65 Analog input [Ai5] monitor	
dA-66 Analog input [Ai6] monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
dA-70 Pulse train input monitor (internal)	0.00~100.00(%)
dA-81 Option slot-1 status	00:(none)/01:(P1-EN)/ 02:(P1-DN)/03:(P1-PB)/
dA-82 Option slot-2 status	04:(P1-FB)/05:(P1-RLV)/
<b>dA-83</b> Option slot-3 status  *1) The parameter is about Safety function	06:(P1-DG)/07:(P1-AIO)/ 08:(P1-RY)/09:(P1-TMP)/ 10:(P1-FS) *3)

<sup>1)</sup> The parameter is about Safety function, is not suitable for SH1 series.

<sup>\*2)</sup> dA-60 is available also for the terminals of the option terminal board

<sup>\*3)</sup>This option is not suitable for SH1 series.

# [db-<u>01</u>]~[db-<u>64</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)
db-01 Program download monitor	00(Program is not installed)/ 01(Program is installed)
db-02 Program No. monitor	0000~9999
db-03 Program counter (Task-1)	
db-04 Program counter (Task-2)	
db-05 Program counter (Task-3)	0~1024
db-06 Program counter (Task-4)	
db-07 Program counter (Task-5)	
db-08 User monitor -0	
db-10 User monitor -1	
<b>db-12</b> User monitor -2	-2147483647 ~+2147483647
<b>db-14</b> User monitor -3	
<b>db-16</b> User monitor -4	
db-18 Analog output monitor YA0	
db-19 Analog output monitor YA1	
db-20 Analog output monitor YA2	0~10000
db-21 Analog output monitor YA3	0 10000
db-22 Analog output monitor YA4	
db-23 Analog output monitor YA5	

Code/Name	Range (unit)
db-30 PID1 feedback value 1 monitor	
db-32 PID1 feedback value 2 monitor	
db-34 PID1 feedback value 3 monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
db-36 PID2 feedback value monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
db-38 PID3 feedback value monitor	
db-40 PID4 feedback value monitor	
db-42 PID1 target value monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
db-44 PID1 feedback value monitor	0.00~100.00(%)
db-50 PID1 output monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-51 PID1 deviation monitor	
db-52 PID1 deviation 1 monitor	-100.00 <b>~</b> +100.00(%)
db-53 PID1 deviation 2 monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-54 PID1 deviation 3 monitor	
db-55 PID2 Output monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-56 PID2 deviation monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-57 PID3 Output monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-58 PID3 deviation monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-59 PID4 Output monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-60 PID4 deviation monitor	-100.00~+100.00(%)
db-61 Current PID P-Gain monitor	0.0~100.0
db-62 Current PID I-Gain monitor	0.0~3600.0(s)
db-63 Current PID D-Gain monitor	0.0~100.0(s)
db-64 PID feedforward monitor	0.00~100.00(%)

### [dC-01]~[dC-50]

[dC- <u>01</u> ]~[dC- <u>50</u> ]		
Code/Name	Range (unit)	
dC-01	00(Very Low duty)/ 01(Low duty)/	
Inverter load type status	02(Normal duty)	
dC-02 Rated current monitor	*1)	
dC-07 Main speed input source monitor	*1)	
dC-08 Sub speed input source monitor	*1)	
dC-10 RUN command input source monitor	*1)	
dC-15 Cooling fin temperature monitor	-20.0~200.0(°C)	
dC-16 Life assessment monitor	LL~HH [L:Normal/H:Fatigued] [Left](FAN lifespan) (board capacitor life span)[Right]	
dC-20 Accumulation Start number monitor	1∼65535(cycles)	
dC-21 Accumulation Power-on timer monitor	1 -05555(cycles)	
dC-22 Accumulated time monitor in RUN status monitor		
dC-24 Accumulation Power-on time monitor	1~1000000(hour)	
dC-26 Accumulation cooling-fan running time monitor		
dC-37 icon 2 LIM monitor  dC-38 icon 2 ALT monitor	00(The state other than the following)/ 01(Overcurrent restriction mode)/ 02(Overload restriction)/ 03(Overvoltage restriction)/ 04(Torque limit)/ 05(上下限限制、跳频设定限制中)/ 06(Minimum frequency setting restriction) 00(The state other than the following)/ 01(Overloading early	
dC-39 icon 2 RETRY detail monitor	warning)/ 02(Motor electric thermal early warning)/ 03(controller electric thermal warning)/ 04(Motor overheating early warning) 00(The state other than the following) 01(waiting to retrying)	
	02(waiting to restart)	
dC-40 icon 2 NRDY detail monitor	00 (Get ready ,The state other than the following IRDY=OFF)/ 01 (Tripping)/ 02 (Power anomaly)/03 (Resetting)/ 04 (STO)*2 ) /05 (Standing by)/ 06 (Parameter inconsistency Other(without FB, AB phase conflict ,etc.))/ 07 (Sequence anomaly)/ 08 (Free running)/09 (Forcibly stop)	
dC-45 IM/SM monitor	00 (IM selected)/ 01 (SM selected)	
dC-50 Firmware ver. Monitor	00.000~99.99	
*1) Refer to users guide for detail		

<sup>\*1)</sup> Refer to users guide for detail
\*2) The parameter is about Safety function, is not suitable for SH1 series.

# [dE-<u>01</u>]~[dE-<u>50</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)
dE-01 Trip Counter	0∼65535 times
dE-11~20 Trip monitoring	Factor, frequency (±), current, voltage across P-N, INV status, LAD status, INV control mode, restriction status, sepecial status, running time, Power-on time
dE-31~40 Trip monitoring	Factor, frequency (±), current, voltage across P-N, INV status, LAD status, INV control mode, restriction status, sepecial status, running time, Power-on time
dE-50 warning monitor	Refer to users guide

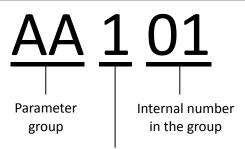
# [FA-<u>01</u>]∼[FA-<u>40</u>]

#### ■ Variable mode monitor (F code)

• If a [FA] parameter that can be modified is selected, it can be modified in the display monitor.

Code/Name Range (unit)	
FA-01 Main speed reference monitor	0.00~590.00(Hz)
FA-02 Sub-speed reference monitor	-590.00~590.00(Hz), When parameter setting is 0.00~590.00(Hz)
FA-10 Acceleration time monitor FA-12 Deceleration time monitor	- 0.00∼3600.00(s)
<b>FA-15</b> Torque reference monitor	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)
<b>FA-16</b> Torque bias monitor	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)
FA-20 Position reference monitor	When [AA123]=02 -268435455~+268435455(pulse) When [AA123]=03 -1073741823~+1073741823(pulse)
FA-30 PID1 set value 1 monitor FA-32 PID1 set value 2 monitor FA-34	0.00∼100.00(%) (It can be adjusted by [AH-04][AH-05] [AH-06])
FA-36 PID2 set value monitor	0.00~100.00(%) (It can be adjusted by [AJ-04][AJ-05] [AJ-06])
FA-38 PID3 set value monitor	0.00~100.00(%) (It can be adjusted by [AJ-24][AJ-25] [AJ-26])
FA-40 PID4 set value monitor	0.00~100.00(%) (It can be adjusted by [AJ-44][AJ-45] [AJ-46])

Parameter naming (Nomenclature)



- -: Common for 1st and 2nd motor
- 1: 1st motor enabled if function [SET] is OFF
- 2: 2nd motor enabled if function [SET] is ON

[SET] function enable code example.

[SET]OFF	[SET]ON
[**-**] type	[**-**] type
[**1**] type	[**2**] type

#### (Example)

[SET]OFF	[SET]ON
[AH-01]	[AH-01]
[Ub-01]	[Ub-01]
[Hb102]	[Hb202]
[Ab110]	[Ab210]
[bA122]	[bA222]

When using 2nd motor parameter setting by [SET] function of terminal, description as 1st motor setting in the following part is to be replaced with that of 2nd motor setting.

#### 4.5Parameter arrangement

Next is the parameter explanation, such as the parameter group and the internal group number line-up.
The [SET] classification numbers "-" and "1" are lined without distinction, except "2" which is lined-up after "-" and "1".

Example) Regarding the order  $[AA1\underline{01}]\Rightarrow [AA1\underline{02}]\Rightarrow [AA1\underline{04}]\Rightarrow [AA1\underline{05}]\Rightarrow ...$   $\Rightarrow [AA1\underline{23}]\Rightarrow [AA2\underline{01}]\Rightarrow ...\Rightarrow [AA2\underline{23}]\Rightarrow [Ab-\underline{01}]\Rightarrow [Ab-\underline{03}]\Rightarrow [Ab1\underline{10}]\Rightarrow [Ab-\underline{11}]\Rightarrow ...$  (Last two digits are order by numerical order)  $\Rightarrow [Ab-\underline{25}]\Rightarrow [Ab2\underline{10}]\Rightarrow [Ac-\underline{01}]\Rightarrow ...$ 

(After the middle values of "-" and "1", using "2" changes the group)

Related parameters might be described together in relevant parts.

[AA101]~[AA106]

#### Parameter explanation



- To set parameters, please read an understand the SH1 user's guide first.
- For the motor protection, the following parameters are necessary to be set.
- -[Hb102]~[Hb108](If [IM])
- -[Hd102]~[Hd108](If [SM/PMM])
- -[bC110](Motor overload protection current)

**※**When option is connected, parameters to display or setting range may be added. Refer to user's guide for detail.

■Parameter mode (A code)

#### Frequency reference selection

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AA101</b> Main speed input source selection, 1st-motor	01~16 *1)	07(JPN)/ 01(EU)(USA) (ASIA)(CHN)
<b>AA102</b> Sub speed input source selection, 1st-motor	00~16 *1)	00
AA104 Sub speed setting, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AA105 Calculation symbol selection for Speed reference, 1st motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Addition)/ 02(Subtraction)/ 03(Multiplication)	00

- \*1)00(Disable)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/08(By RS485)/09(Option-1)/10(Option-2)/11(Option-3)/12(Pulse train input:main)/13(pulse train input:option)/14(EzSQ)/15(PID function)/16(MOP(VR))
- To change the frequency input reference, use [AA111]. Example: to set by [FA-01] -> [AA101]=07
  - To set by Analog(voltage) to set -> [AA101]=01(Ai1)
- To change between main and sub speed is possible with the math operator.
- If [AA105]=00, the Intelligent input terminal 032[SCHG] can change between the main(OFF) and sub(ON) speed.
- Through the [AA105] selection, the operator for the main and sub speed frequency calculation is set.

#### Temporary frequency addition

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA106 Add frequency	-590.00~+590.00(Hz)	0.00
setting, 1st-motor	330.00 1350.00(112)	

 When the [ADD] terminal is active the frequency set in [AA106] will be temporally added to the frequency reference.

### [AA111]~[AA115][bb-40]

#### **RUN command selection**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA111 RUN command input source selection, 1st-motor	00~06	02(JPN)/ 00(EU) (USA) (ASIA) (CHN)

- \*1) 00([FW]/[RV] terminal]/01(3-wire)/02(Keypad's RUN key)/03(RS485)/04(Option 1)/05(Option 2)/06(Option 3)
- Select in which way will be operated.
   In case it does not work, please review it.

#### **Keypad keys settings**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA-12 RUN key of keypad rotation direction, 1st-motor	00(Forward)/ 01(Reverse)	00
AA-13 STOP key enable at RUN command from terminal , 1st-motor	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/ 02(Enable only at trip)	01

- [AA-12] specifies in which direction (forward/reverse) will be the rotation after pressing the RUN key in the operation keypad.
- [AA-13] changes the operation of the STOP key.
   Independently of the actual setting of the STOP key it performs a stop. The STOP circumstances can be changed only by the setting selected in [AA-13],.

#### RUN command direction restriction

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AA114</b> RUN direction restriction,1st-motor	00(No restriction)/ 01(Only forward)/ 02(Only reverse)	00

• It will avoid that the output goes over the imposed limitation in case of a mistaken operation.

#### Restart operation after decel/free-run STOP

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AA115</b> STOP mode selection, 1st-motor	00(Deceleration stop)/ 01(Free-run stop)	00
<b>bb-40</b> Restart mode after FRS release	00(Start with OHz)/ 01(Start with frequency matching)/ 02(Start with Active frequency matching)/ 03(Detect speed)	00

- For when a stop command is executed, deceleration stop or free-run stop can be selected.
- If input terminal 032[FRS] is active (ON), free-run stop is possible.
- With [bb-40], a restart with the release of the [FRS], or a restart operation that will be executed after the full stop of the free-run can be selected.
- In free-run stop it can be configured to stop by inertia if the [E007] overvoltage error occurs during deceleration (The torque will be lost).

# [AA121]~[AA223]

#### **Control mode selection**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA121		
Control mode selection,	00~12 *2)	00
1st-motor		

- \*2) IM control: 00 (VF control (Constant torque)) /01 (VF control(Reduced torque)) /02 (VF control (Free-V/f)) /03 (Constant torque with Automatic- trq boost)) /04 (VF control with encoder (Constant torque)) /05 (VF control with encoder (Reduced torque)) /06 (VF control with encoder (Free-V/f)) /07 (VF control with PG (Constant torque with Automatc-trq boost)) /08 (Sensorless vector control) /09(0Hz Sensorless vector control) /10 (Vector control with encoder) SM/PMM control: 11 (Synchronous start up for smart sensorless vector control) /12 (IVMS start up for smart sensorless vector control)
- Generally for a light duty control (such as fans or pumps), the [V/f] control with constant torque or the [V/f] control with reduced torque are more closer to the operation characteristics of fans and pumps.
- For heavy duty (Cranes, etc...), sensorless vector control is the typically used. In the case there is an encoder, use the vector control with encoder.
- For a magnet motor select the sensorless vector control (SM/PMM).
- With a standard duty (ND) all the options are available, but for Light duty(LD), the option 09,10 are not available, and Very Light duty (VLD) the option 09,10,12 are not available.

#### Vector control with encoder mode

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA123 Vector control mode selection, 1st-motor	00(Speed/Torque control mode)/ 01(Pulse train position control)/ 02(Position control)/ 03(High-resolution position control)	00

- For Vector control with encoder ([A121]=10) select Speed/Torque control (00) or Position control (02).
- For more information, refer to the user's guide.

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AA201 Main speed input source selection, 2nd-motor	Same as AA101	
AA202 Sub speed input source selection, 2nd-motor	Same as AA	A102
AA204 Sub speed setting, 2nd-motor	Same as AA	104
AA205 Calcuration symbol selection for speed reference, 2nd-motor	Same as AA105	
AA206 Add frequency setting, 2nd-motor	Same as AA106	
AA211 RUN-command input source selection, 2nd-motor	Same as AA	\111
<b>AA214</b> RUN-direction restriction selection, 1st-motor	Same as AA	\114
AA215 STOP mode selection, 1st-motor	Same as AA	115
AA221 Control mode selection 2nd-motor	Same as A 12 is not av	-
AA223 Vector control mode selection, 2nd-motor	Same as AA	\123

### [Ab-01]~[Ab-25]

#### Scaled Output Frequency gain monitor [dA-06]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ab-01 Frequency	0.00~100.00	1.00
conversion gain	0.00 100.00	2.00

• The visualized "Scaled Output frequency [dA-06]" is equal to the "Output frequency [dA-01]" multiplied by the "Frequency scaling conversion factor[Ab-01]".

#### **Multispeed command**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Ab-03</b> Multispeed operation selection	00(16 speeds)/ 01(8 speeds)	00
<b>Ab110</b> Multispeed-0, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-11</b> Multispeed-1, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-12</b> Multispeed-2, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-13</b> Multispeed-3, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-14</b> Multispeed-4, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-15</b> Multispeed-5, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-16</b> Multispeed-6, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-17</b> Multispeed-7, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-18</b> Multispeed-8, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-19</b> Multispeed-9, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-20</b> Multispeed-10, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-21</b> Multispeed-11, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-22</b> Multispeed-12, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-23</b> Multispeed-13, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-24</b> Multispeed-14, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>Ab-25</b> Multispeed-15, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00

• For the 16 speeds selection, set [Ab-03]=03 for assigning the intelligent terminals 003[CF1] to 006[CF4] makes available the use of the speeds 0 to 15.

Multispeed	CF4	CF3	CF2	CF1
Speed 0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Speed 1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
Speed 2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Speed 3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Speed 4	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Speed 5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Speed 6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Speed 7	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Speed 8	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Speed 9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Speed 10	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Speed 11	ON	OFF	ON	ON
Speed 12	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Speed 13	ON	ON	OFF	ON
Speed 14	ON	ON	ON	OFF
Speed 15	ON	ON	ON	ON

### [Ab210][AC-01]~[AC-02]

 For the 8 speeds selection, set [Ab-03]=01 assigning the intelligent terminals 007[SF1] to 013[SF7] makes available the use of the speeds 0 to 7.

Multispeed	SF7	SF6	SF5	SF4	SF3	SF2	SF1
Speed 0	OFF						
Speed 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	ON
Speed 2	1	,	-	,	-	ON	OFF
Speed 3	-	-	-	-	ON	OFF	OFF
Speed 4	-	ı	-	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Speed 5	-	-	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Speed 6	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Speed 7	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ab210 Multispeed-0, 2nd-motor	Same as Ab110	

#### Input method for Acc/Decel time

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AC-01 Acceleration/Deceleration Time input selection	00(Parameter)/ 01(Option 1)/ 02(Option 2)/ 03(Option 3)/ 04(Function EzSQ)	00

• [AC-01] changes the reference target for the Acc/Decel command.

#### **Individual Acc/Decel for Multispeed**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AC-02		
Acceleration/	00(Common)/01(Multi)	00
Deceleration selection		

- When [AC-02]=00, the acceleration/deceleration time settings [AC120][AC122] or [AC124][AC126] will be in effect.
- 2-stage acceleration/deceleration functions from [AC115] to [AC117] can be set.
- When [AC-02]=01, the acceleration/deceleration time [AC-30] ~ [AC-88] for each multispeed control (from speed 1 to 15) are enabled.
- When [AC-02]=01, while in Multspeed-0 command, Acc/Decel setting [AC120] [AC122] or Acc/Decel setting [AC124] [AC126] are enabled.
- During remote control up/down [FUP]/[FDN] (parameters [CA-64] and [CA-66]) and PID soft start (parameter [AH-78]), those parameters can be overwritten.

### [AC-03]~[AC117]

#### Acceleration/deceleration curve selection

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AC-03 Acceleration curve selection	00(Linear)/ 01(S-curve)/ 02(U-curve)/	00
AC-04 Deceleration curve selection	03(Inverted-U-curve)/ 04(EL-S-curve)	00
AC-05 Acceleration curve constant setting	1~10	2
AC-06 Deceleration curve constant setting	1~10	2
AC-08 EL-S-curve ratio at start of acceleration 1		25
AC-09 EL-S-curve ratio at end of acceleration 2	eration 2	
<b>AC-10</b> EL-S-curve ratio at start of deceleration 1	0~100	25
<b>AC-11</b> EL-S-curve ration at end of deceleration 2		25

- When [AC-03]/[AC-04]=00(Linear), decelerates at regular intervals towards the target value.
- When [AC-03]/[AC-04]=01(S-curve), for a shockless operation proceeds gradually at the beginning and at the end of the acceleration and deceleration.
- When [AC-03]/[AC-04]=02(U-curve), proceeds gradually at the start of the acceleration and deceleration.
- When [AC-03]/[AC-04]=03(Inverted-U-curve), proceeds gradually at the end of the acceleration and deceleration.
- For S-curve, U-curve and Inverted-U-curve, the degree in which the operation accelerates and decelerates can be set with [AC-05]/[AC-06].
- When AC-03]/[AC-04]=04 (EL-S-curve), proceeds gradually at the beginning and the end of the acceleration and deceleration.
- For EL-S-curve shockless operation, the beginning and the end of the acceleration and deceleration [AC-08] ~ [AC-11] should be adjusted.

#### Two-stage Acc/Decel change

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AC115 Select method to switch to Acc2/Decel2 profile, 1st-motor	00([2CH] terminal)/ 01(Set by parameter)/ 02(Switch only when rotation is inverted)	00
AC116 Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 1st-motor	0.00500.00(1-)	0.00
AC117 Decel1 to Decel2 frequency transition point, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00

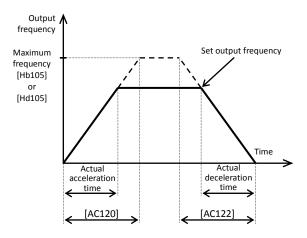
- In the Acc2/Decel2 time, forward/reverse change can be done when intelligent input terminal 031[2CH] is ON and the set frequency in [AC116]/ [AC117] is reached.
- Sets Acc/Decel time 1[AC120][AC122] and Acc/Decel time 2 [AC124] [AC126].

### [AC120]~[AC126]

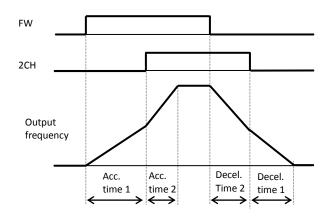
#### Acceleration/deceleration time setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Unit value
AC120 Acceleration time setting 1, 1st-motor		30.00
AC122 Deceleration time setting 1, 1st-motor	0.00 - 3500 00(-)	30.00
AC124 Acceleration time setting 2, 1st-motor	0.00~3600.00(s)	15.00
AC126 Deceleration time setting 2, 1st-motor		15.00

- Assign the Acc/Decel time that takes from 0Hz to reach the maximum frequency.
- In case that the two-stage Acc/Decel function is not meant to be used, the Acceleration time 1 [AC120] and Deceleration time 1 [AC122] are used.



Example of using the two-stage Acc/Decel function.
 With[AC115]=00



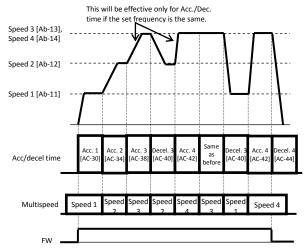
\*) Acc/Decel time is what takes from 0Hz to reach the maximum frequency.

# [AC-<u>30</u>]~[AC-<u>88</u>]

#### Setting for two-stage Acc/Decel time

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Unit value
AC-30 Acc. time for Multispeed-1	0-(,	0.00
AC-32 Decel. time for Multispeed-1		0.00
AC-34 Acc. time for Multispeed-2		0.00
AC-36 Decel. time for Multispeed-2		0.00
AC-38 Acc. time for Multispeed-3		0.00
AC-40 Decel. time for Multispeed-3		0.00
AC-42 Acc. time for Multispeed-4		0.00
AC-44 Decel. time for Multispeed-4		0.00
AC-46 Acc. time for Multispeed-5		0.00
AC-48 Decel. time for Multispeed-5		0.00
AC-50 Acc. time for Multispeed-6		0.00
AC-52 Decel. time for Multispeed-6		0.00
AC-54 Acc. time for Multispeed-7		0.00
AC-56 Decel. time for Multispeed-7		0.00
AC-58 Acc. time for Multispeed-8	0.00~ 3600.00(s)	0.00
AC-60 Decel. time for Multispeed-8		0.00
AC-62 Acc. time for Multispeed-9		0.00
AC-64 Decel. time for Multispeed-9		0.00
AC-66 Acc. time for Multispeed-10		0.00
AC-68 Decel. time for Multispeed-10		0.00
AC-70 Acc. time for Multispeed-11		0.00
AC-72 Decel. time for Multispeed-11		0.00
AC-74 Acc. time for Multispeed-12		0.00
AC-76 Decel. time for Multispeed-12		0.00
AC-78 Acc. time for Multispeed-13		0.00
AC-80 Decel. time for Multispeed-13		0.00
AC-82 Acc. time for Multispeed-14		0.00
AC-84 Decel. time for Multispeed-14		0.00
AC-86 Acc. time for Multispeed-15		0.00
AC-88 Decel. time for Multispeed-15		0.00

 Individual Acc/Decel times can be set for multispeed functions[Ab-11] ~ [Ab-25].



### [AC2<u>15</u>]~ [Ad-<u>15</u>]

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AC215 Select method to switch to	Same as AC115	
Acc2/Decel2 Profile, 2nd-motor	Same as ACII	
AC216 Acc1 to Acc2 frequency	Same as AC116	
transition point, 2nd-motor		
AC217 Decel1 to Decel2 frequency	Same as AC117	
transition point, 2nd-motor	Same as AC117	
AC220 Acceleration time 1, 2nd-motor	Same as AC12	20
AC222 Deceleration time 1, 2nd-motor	Same as AC12	22
AC224 Acceleration time 2, 2nd-motor	Same as AC12	24
AC226 Deceleration time 2, 2nd-motor	Same as AC12	26

Torque control function setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ad-01 Torque reference input source selection	00~15 *1)	07
Ad-02 Torque reference value setting	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)	0.0
Ad-03 Polarity selection for torque reference	00(According to sign)/ 01(Depend on the operation direction)	00
Ad-04 Switching time of speed control to torque control	0~1000(ms)	0

Operations settings of torque control.
 For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Torque bias setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ad-11 Torque bias input source selection	00~15 *1)	00
Ad-12 Torque bias value setting	-500.0 <b>~</b> 500.0(%)	0.0
Ad-13 Polarity selection for torque bias	00(According to sign)/ 01(Depend on the operation direction)	00
Ad-14 Terminal [TBS] active	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00

For setting the torque bias.
 For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Speed limitation for torque control

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ad-40 Input selection for speed limit at torque control	01~13 *1)	07
Ad-41 Speed limit at torque control (at Forward rotation)	0.00~	0.00
Ad-42 Speed limit at torque control (at Reverse rotation)	590.00(Hz)	0.00

• In middle of the torque control the speed limit can be

For more information, refer to the User's guide.
\*1) 00(Disable) /01 (Setting by Terminal [Ai1]) /02 (Setting by Terminal [Ai2]) /03(Setting by Terminal [Ai3]) /04 (Setting by Terminal [Ai4]) /05 (Setting by Terminal [Ai5]) /06 (Setting by Terminal [Ai6]) /07 (Setting by Parameter) /08 (Setting by RS485) /09 (Option-1) /10 (Option-2) /11

(Option-3) /12 (Pulse train input(internal)) /13 (Pulse train input(Option)) /14 (Setting by EzSQ) /15 (PID function)

# [AE-<u>01</u>]~[AE-<u>13</u>]

#### **Position control**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AE-01</b> Electronic gear setting point selection	00(Feedback)/ 01(Reference)	00
<b>AE-02</b> Electronic gear ration numerator	1~10000	1
<b>AE-03</b> Electronic gear ration denominator	1~10000	1
<b>AE-04</b> Positioning complete range setting	0~10000(Pulse)	5
<b>AE-05</b> Positioning complete delay time setting	0.00~10.00(s)	0.00
<b>AE-06</b> Position feedforward gain setting	0~655.35	0.00
AE-07 Position loop gain setting	0.00~100.00	0.50
<b>AE-08</b> Position bias value setting	-2048~2048(Pulse)	0

 Feedback signal is needed to perform the position control.

For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Home search function setting

nome search function setting		
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AE-10</b> Stop position reference selection for Home search function	00(Parameter)/ 01(Option 1)/ 02(Option 2)/ 03(Option 3)/	00
<b>AE-11</b> Stop position of Home search function	0~4095	0
<b>AE-12</b> Speed reference of Home search function	0.00~120.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>AE-13</b> Direction of Home search function	00(Forward)/01(Reverse)	00

 Adjust the Home search function of the position control.

For more information, refer to the User's guide.

# [AE-<u>20</u>]~[AE-<u>62</u>]

### Absolute position control

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AE-20</b> Position reference 0	_	0
<b>AE-22</b> Position reference 1		0
<b>AE-24</b> Position reference 2		0
<b>AE-26</b> Position reference 3		0
AE-28 Position reference 4		0
<b>AE-30</b> Position reference 5		0
<b>AE-32</b> Position reference 6	When [AA123]≠03 -268435455~	0
<b>AE-34</b> Position reference 7	+268435455(pulse)	0
<b>AE-36</b> Position reference 8	When [AA123]=03	0
<b>AE-38</b> Position reference 9	-1073741823~ +107374182(pulse)	0
<b>AE-40</b> Position reference 10	1107374102(puisc)	0
<b>AE-42</b> Position reference 11		0
<b>AE-44</b> Position reference 12		0
<b>AE-46</b> Position reference 13		0
<b>AE-48</b> Position reference 14		0
<b>AE-50</b> Position reference 15		0
AE-52 Position control range setting (forward)	When [AA123]≠03 0~+268435455(pulse)/ When [AA123]=03 0~+107374182(pulse)	0
AE-54 Position control range setting (reverse)	When [AA123]≠03 -268435455∼0(pulse)/ When [AA123]=03 -1073741823∼0(pulse)	0
<b>AE-56</b> Position control mode selection	00(Limited)/ 01(Not limited)	00

Sets the absolute position function.
 For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Teach-in function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AE-60 Teach-in function	00~15(X00~X15)	00
target selection	00 13(X00 X13)	00

Set auto-learning position for the absolute position mode.

For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Enable position saving when power is cut off

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AE-61 Current Position	00(Disable)/	00
saving at power off	01(Enable)	

 Saves the absolute position when the power supply is cut-off.

For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### **Pre-set position**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	When [AA123]≠03	
AE-62	-268435455~+268435455(pulse)	0
Preset position data	When [AA123]=03	U
	-1073741823~+107374182(pulse)	

• In the absolute position mode sets the pre-set position. For more information, refer to the User's guide.

### [AE-64]~[AE-76]

#### Positioning function adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
AE-64 Deceleration stop distance calculation gain	50.00~200.00(%)	100.00	
<b>AE-65</b> Deceleration stop distance calculation bias	0.00~655.35(%)	0.00	
AE-66 Speed Limit in APR control	0.00~100.00(%)	1.00	
AE-67 APR start speed	0.00~100.00(%)	0.20	

Adjustment of control operation for positioning control.
 For more information, refer to the user's guide.

#### Homing (Return to reference position)

norming (nectarit to reference position)			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
AE-70 Homing function selection	00(Low-speed)/ 01(High-Speed 1)/ 02(High-Speed 2)	00	
AE-71 Direction of homing function	00(Forward)/ 01(Reverse)	00	
<b>AE-72</b> Low-speed of homing function	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.00	
<b>AE-73</b> High-Speed of homing function	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00	

• Sets the Zero-return function for absolute position mode. For more information, refer to the user's guide.

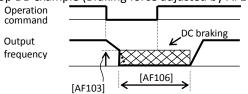
# [AF1<u>01</u>]~[AF1<u>09</u>]

#### DC braking (DB) function

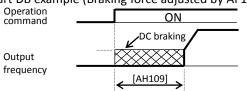
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AF101</b> DC braking selection, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/ 02(Frequency reference)	00
AF102 Braking type selection, 1st-motor	00(DC braking)/ 01(Speed servo-lock)/ 02(Position servo-lock)	00
AF103 DC braking frequency, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.50
<b>AF104</b> DC braking delay time, 1st-motor	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
<b>AF105</b> DC braking force setting, 1st-motor	0~100(%)	30
<b>AF106</b> DC braking active time at stop, 1st-motor	0.00~60.00(s)	0.00
AF107 DC braking operation method selection , 1st-motor	00(Edge)/ 01(Level)	01
<b>AF108</b> DC braking force at start, 1st-motor	0~100(%)	30
<b>AF109</b> DC braking active time at start, 1st-motor	0.00~60.00(s)	0.00

- DB at stop/start [AF101]=01 or DB at frequency reference [AF101]=02 can be selected.
- DC braking can be used if Intelligent input terminal 030[DB] is ON.
- In vector control with encoder, use the [AF102] Servo-lock function.

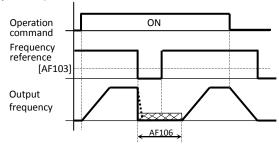
Stop DB example (Braking force adjusted by AF105)



Start DB example (Braking force adjusted by AF108)



 Frequency reference DB example (Braking force adjusted by AF105)



 When the DC braking time is set as 0.00(s), DC braking is not operational.

# [AF1<u>20</u>]~[AF1<u>44</u>]

# [AF1<u>50</u>]~[AF2<u>54</u>]

#### Brake control function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AF120 Contactor control enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable) 01(Enable: primary side) 02(Enable: secondary side)	00
<b>AF121</b> Run delay time, 1st-motor	0.00~2.00(s)	0.20
<b>AF122</b> Contactor off delay time, 1st-motor	0.00~2.00(s)	0.10
<b>AF123</b> Contactor answer back check time, 1st-motor	0.00~5.00(s)	0.10
AF130 Brake control enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Brake control 1:    Common)/ 02(Brake control 1:    Separate)/ 03(Brake control 2)	00
<b>AF131</b> Brake wait time for release, 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
<b>AF132</b> Brake wait time for Acc., 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
<b>AF133</b> Brake wait time for Stop, 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
<b>AF134</b> Brake wait time for confirmation, 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
AF135 Brake release frequency, 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AF136 Brake release current, 1st-motor (Forward)	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	*1)
AF137 Brake frequency, 1st-motor (Forward)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>AF138</b> Brake wait time for release, 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
AF139 Brake wait time for Acc. , 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
<b>AF140</b> Brake wait time for Stop, 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
AF141 Brake wait time for confirmation, 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~5.00(s)	0.00
AF142 Brake release frequency, 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AF143 Brake release current, 1st-motor (Reverse)	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	*1)
AF144 Brake frequency, 1st-motor (Reverse)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00

<sup>\*1)</sup> Inverter rated current × 1.00.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AF150</b> Brake open delay time, 1st-motor	0.00~2.00(s)	0.20
<b>AF151</b> Brake close delay time, 1st-motor	0.00~2.00(s)	0.20
AF152 Brake check time, 1st-motor	0.00~5.00(s)	0.10
<b>AF153</b> Servo lock/ DC injection time at start, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(s)	0.60
<b>AF154</b> Servo lock/ DC injection time at stop, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(s)	0.60

Operations settings of brake control.
 For more information, refer to the User's guide.

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

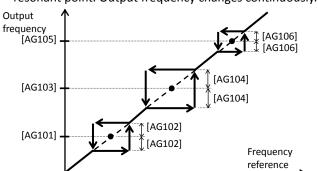
<b>2nd motor</b> When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
AF201 DC braking enable, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF101	
AF202 Braking type selection, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF102	
AF203 DC braking frequency, 1st-motor	Same as a	AF103	
AF204 DC braking delay time, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF104	
AF205 DC braking force while stopping, 2nd-motor	Same as A	AF105	
AF206 DC braking active time at stop, 2nd-motor	Same as	AF106	
AF207 DC braking trigger selection, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF107	
AF208 DC braking force while starting, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF108	
AF209 DC braking active time at start, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF109	
AF220 Contactor control enable, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF120	
AF221 Activation delay time, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF121	
AF222 Deactivation delay time, 2nd-motor	Same as A	AF122	
AF223 Contactor check time, 2nd-motor	Same as A	AF123	
AF230 Brake control enable, 2nd-motor	Same as	AF130	
AF231 Brake wait time for release, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as a	AF131	
AF232 Brake wait time for Acc., 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as	AF132	
AF233 Brake wait time for Stop, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as	AF133	
AF234 Brake wait time for confirmation, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as a	AF134	
AF235 Brake release frequency, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as a	AF135	
AF236 Brake release current, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as	AF136	
AF237 Brake frequency, 2nd-motor (Forward)	Same as	AF137	
AF238 Brake wait time for release, 2nd-motor (Reverse)	Same as a	AF138	
<b>AF239</b> Brake wait time for Acc., 2nd-motor (Reverse)	Same as A	AF139	
AF240 Brake wait time for Stop, 2nd-motor			
(Reverse)	Same as a	AF140	
AF241 Brake wait time for confirmation, 2nd-motor (Reverse)	Same as a	AF141	
<b>AF242</b> Brake release frequency, 2nd-motor (Reverse)	Same as A	AF142	
AF243 Brake release current, 2nd-motor (Reverse)	Same as		
AF244 Braking frequency, 2nd-motor (Reverse side)	Same as		
AF250 Brake open delay time, 2nd-motor	Same as		
AF251 Brake close delay time, 2nd-motor	Same as		
AF252 Brake check time, 2nd-motor	Same as		
AF253 Servo lock/DC injection time at start, 2nd-motor	Same as		
AF254 Servo lock/DC injection time at stop, 2nd-motor	Same as a	AF154	

# [AG1<u>01</u>]~[AG1<u>13</u>]

#### Resonant frequency avoidance (Jump)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AG101 Jump frequency 1, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AG102 Jump frequency width 1, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.00
AG103 Jump frequency 2, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AG104 Jump frequency width 2, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.00
AG105 Jump frequency 3, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AG106 Jump frequency width 3, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.00

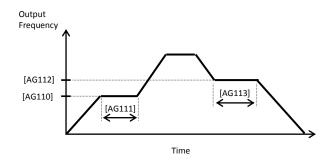
• Prevents the passing of the output frequency in a resonant point. Output frequency changes continuously.



#### Motor Acc/Decel dwell (Hold)

1110101 / 100/ 20001 411011 (11014)			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
AG110 Acceleration stop frequency setting, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00	
AG111 Acceleration stop time setting, 1st-motor	0.00~60.00(s)	0.00	
AG112 Deceleration stop frequency setting, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00	
AG113 Deceleration stop time setting, 1st-motor	0.00~60.00(s)	0.00	

- By using the dwell function when the inertial load is considerable, if the set frequency is reached in the set time the Acc/Decel of the frequency will be stopped.
- If the Intelligent input terminal function 100[HLD] is in ON state, the acceleration and deceleration will be stopped (Hold activation).

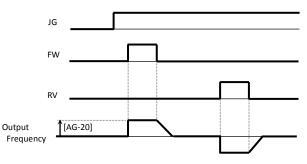


# [AG-<u>20</u>]~[AG2<u>13</u>]

#### Jogging function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AG-20 Jogging frequency	0.00~10.00(Hz)	6.00
AG-21 Jogging stop selection	00(free-running, disabled during operation) 01(decel/stop, disabled during operation) 02(DC braking, disabled during operation) 03(free-running, enabled during operation) 04(decel/stop, enabled during operation) 05(DC braking, enabled during operation)	00

• When Input terminal [JG] is active (ON), if the operation command is given the jogging frequency is outputted. The frequency and stop method can be set when performing jogging motion.



#### **2nd motor** When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AG201 Jump frequency 1, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG101
AG202 Jump frequency width 1, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG102
AG203 Jump frequency 2, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG103
AG204 Jump frequency width 2, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG104
AG205 Jump frequency 3, 2nd-motor	Same as AG105	
AG206 Jump frequency width 3, 2nd-motor	Same as AG106	
<b>AG210</b> Acceleration stop frequency setting, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG110
AG211 Acceleration stop time setting 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG111
AG212 Deceleration stop frequency setting, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG112
AG213 Deceleration stop time setting,, 2nd-motor	Same a	s AG113

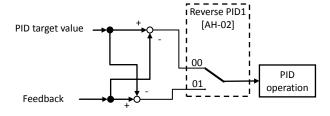
# [AH-<u>01</u>]~[AH-<u>06</u>]

#### PID1 function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-01 PID1 enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)/ 02(Enable:inverted output)	00

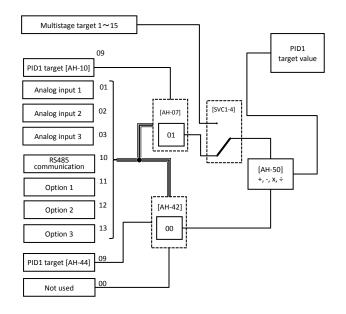
- Validates the PID1 operation.
- If [AH-01]=01 when the PID output reaches negative value, the PID output is limited to 0.
- If [AH-01]=02 when the PID output reaches negative value, the PID output lets out an inverted output.
- When the PID output is negative, the motor will rotate in the contrary direction.
- If [PID] terminal is ON, the PID control is disabled and the [PID] target value becomes the frequency reference.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-02 PID1 deviation inverse	00(Disable)/	00
	01(Enable)	



Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-03 unit selection for PID1	<unit table=""> at the end of the document can be consulted</unit>	01
AH-04 PID1 adjustment (0%)	-10000~10000	0
AH-05 PID1 adjustment (100%)	-10000~10000	10000
AH-06 PID1 Adjustiment (decimal point)	0~4	2

• The unit and display data related to the output of the PID control can be changed.



### [AH-07]~[AH-50]

	i- <u>07</u> ] [∧i	1- <u>50</u>
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-07 Target value 1 reference selection for PID1	00~13 *2)	07
AH-10 PID1 target value-1		0.00
AH-12 PID1 Multistage set point 1		0.00
AH-14 PID1 Multistage set point 2		0.00
AH-16 PID1 Multistage set point 3		0.00
AH-18 PID1 Multistage set point 4		0.00
AH-20 PID1 Multistage set point 5		0.00
AH-22 PID1 Multistage set point 6		0.00
AH-24 PID1 Multistage set point 7	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
AH-26 PID1 Multistage set point 8	*1)	0.00
AH-28 PID1 Multistage set point 9		0.00
AH-30 PID1 Multistage set point 10		0.00
AH-32 PID1 Multistage set point 11	]	0.00
AH-34 PID1 Multistage set point 12	]	0.00
AH-36 PID1 Multistage set point 13		0.00
AH-38 PID1 Multistage set point 14		0.00
AH-40 PID1 Multistage set point 15		0.00
AH-42 Input source selection of Set point 3 for PID1	00~13*2)	00
AH-44 PID1 target value-2	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
AH-46 Target value 3 reference selection for PID1	00~13*2)	0.00
AH-48 PID1 target value-3	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
AH-50 Math operator selection of PID1 target value 1	01(Addition) 02(Subtraction) 03(Multiplication) 04(Division) 05(Minimum deviation) 06 (Maximum deviation)	00

\*1) Display range can be set by [AH-04], [AH-05] and [AH-06].

 If Input terminal function 051[SVC1]~054[SVC4] are used, the PID target value can be changed for the Multistage.

Multistage value	SVC4	SVC3	SVC2	SVC1
Target value 0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Target value 1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
Target value 2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Target value 3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Target value 4	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Target value 5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Target value 6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Target value 7	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Target value 8	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Target value 9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Target value 10	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Target value 11	ON	OFF	ON	ON
Target value 12	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Target value 13	ON	ON	OFF	ON
Target value 14	ON	ON	ON	OFF
Target value 15	ON	ON	ON	ON

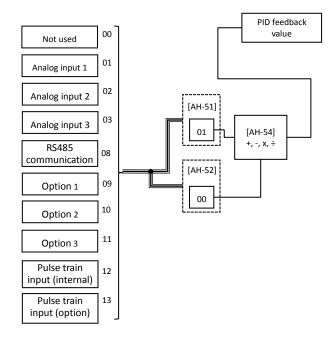
<sup>\*2) 00 (</sup>Not use) /01 (Setting by Terminal [Ai1]) /02 (Setting by Terminal[Ai2]) /03 (Setting by Terminal [Ai3]) /04 (Setting by Terminal [Ai4])/05 (Setting by Terminal [Ai5]) /06 (Setting by Terminal [Ai6]) /07 (Setting by parameter) /08 (Setting by RS485) /09 (Option-1) /10 (Option-2) /11 (Option-3) /12 (Pulse train input(internal)) /13 (Pulse train input(Option))

For PID1 target value, two targets are selected, target value 1 and target value 2, the
result of the operation carried out between these two targets constitutes the PID1
target value.

[AH-<u>51</u>]~[AH-<u>54</u>]

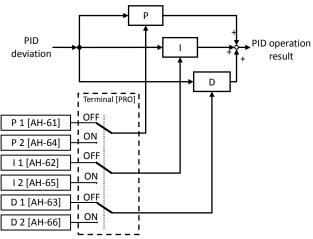
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AH-51</b> Input source selection of process data 1 for PID1		01
<b>AH-52</b> Input source selection of process data 2 for PID1	00~06/08~13 *1)	00
AH-53 Input source selection of process data 3 for PID1		00
<b>AH-54</b> Calculation symbol selection of Process data for PID1	01(Addition)/ 02(Subtraction)/ 03(Multiplication)/ 04(Division) 05(Square Root FB1) 06(Square Root FB2) 07(Square Root FB1-FB2) 08(Average of three inputs) 09(Minimum of three inputs) 10(Maximum of three inputs)	01

- \*1)00(Not used)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/ 04(Ai4 input)/05(Ai5 input)/06(Ai6 input) 08(RS485)/ 09(Option 1)/10(Option 2)
- 11(Option 3)/12(Pulse train input:main)/13(Pulse train input:option)
- For PID1 feedback, two targets are selected, feedback data 1 and feedback data 2, the result of the operation carried out between these two constitutes the PID1 feedback value.



# [AH-<u>60</u>]~[AH-<u>70</u>]

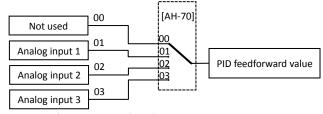
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	AH-60 PID1 gain change method selection	00(Constant gain [1])/ 01([PRO] terminal)	00
	AH-61 PID1 proportional gain 1	0.0~100.0	1.0
	AH-62 PID1 integral time constant 1	0.0~3600.0(s)	1.0
PID1	<b>AH-63</b> PID1 derivative gain 1	0.0~100.0(s)	0.0
PII	AH-64 PID1 proportional gain 2	0.0~100.0	0.0
	AH-65 PID1 integral time constant 2	0.0~3600.0(s)	0.0
	<b>AH-66</b> PID1 derivative gain 2	0.0~100.0(s)	0.0
	AH-67 PID1 gain change time	0~10000(ms)	100



- If [PIDC] terminal is active (ON), the value of the integral constant is purged. If done while operating, the operation can become instable/insecure.
- With [PRO] terminal, the gain can be changed. If the state is OFF, Gain 1 is used, if the state is ON, Gain 2 is used.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-70 PID1 feedforward selection	00~06 *2)	00

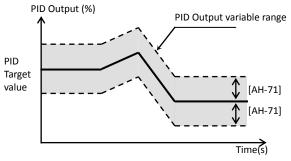
\*2) 00(Not used)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)



 To perform the PID feedforward control, an input is selected.

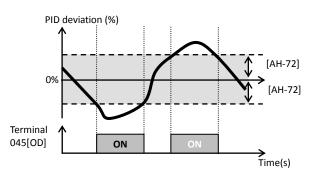
# [AH-<u>71</u>]~[AH-<u>74</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-71 PID1 output variable	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



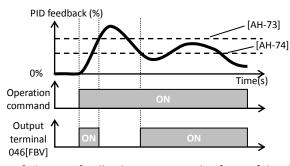
• Limits the output range of the PID. If [AH-71]=0.00 the limit is disabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-72 PID1 deviation over level	0.00~100.00(%)	3.00



 When the PID deviation pass over the±[AH-72], the output terminal function 045[OD] is activated.

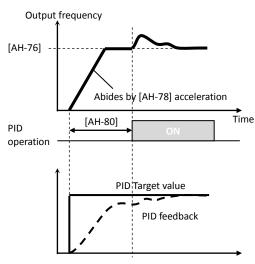
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-73 PID feedback compare signal turn-off level	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
AH-74 PID feedback compare signal turn-on level	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



• If the PID feedback cross over the [AH-73] level, the output terminal function 046[FBV] is deactivated (OFF). If it crosses under the [AH-74] level, is activated (ON).

# [AH-<u>75</u>]~[AH-<u>92</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-75 PID soft start function enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
AH-76 PID soft start target level	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
AH-78 Acceleration time setting for PID soft start	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00
AH-80 PID soft start time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
AH-81 PID soft start error detection enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable: Error) 02(Enable: Warning)	00
AH-82 PID soft start error detection level	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00



- For a shockless operation, base frequency×[AH-76] is made the target value, with the [AH-80] output time.
- In the case of a soft start, the acceleration time can be set with [AH-78].

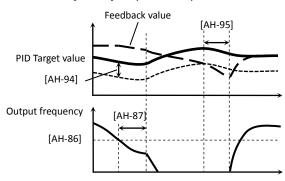
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-85 PID sleep trigger selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Low output)/ 02([SLEP] terminal)	00
AH-86 PID sleep start level	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
AH-87 PID sleep active time	0.0~100.0(s)	0.0
AH-88 Setpoint boost before PID sleep enable	00(Disable)/01(Enab le)	00
AH-89 Setpoint boost time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
AH-90 Setpoint boost value	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
AH-91 Minimum RUN time before PID sleep	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
AH-92 Minimum active time of PID sleep	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00

• The PID sleep function temporally reduces the PID output, achieving an energy saving state.

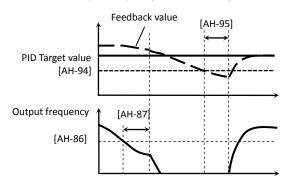
# [AH-<u>93</u>]~[AH-<u>96</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AH-93 PID sleep trigger selection	01(Deviation)/ 02(Falling feedback)/ 03( [WAKE] terminal)	01
AH-94 PID wake-up start level	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
AH-95 PID wake-up start time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
AH-96 PID wake-up start deviation value	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00

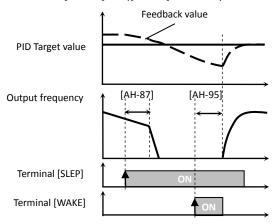
Operation example of the sleep function.
 Example 1) [AH-85]=01(Low output)
 [AH-93]=01(Deviation)



Example 2) [AH-85]=01(Low output) [AH-93]=02(Low feedback)



Example 3) [AH-85]=02([SLEP] terminal) [AH-93]=03([WAKE] terminal)



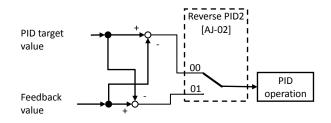
### [AJ-<u>01</u>]~[AJ-<u>10</u>]

#### PID2 function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-01 PID2 enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/ 02(Enable:inverted output)	00

- Validates the PID2 operation.
- If [AJ-01]=01 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output is limited to 0.
- If [AJ-01]=02 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output lets out an inverted output.
- By activating the [PID2] terminal, the PID2 output becomes 0.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-02 PID2 deviation inverse	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00



• PID2 deviation can be reversed.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-03 PID2 unit selection	<unit table=""> at the end of the document can be consulted</unit>	01
AJ-04 PID2 scale adjustment (0%)	-10000~10000	0
AJ-05 PID2 scale adjustment (100%)	-10000~10000	10000
AJ-06 PID2 scale adjustment (decimal point)	0~4	2

 You can switch the display data and the display unit involved in the output of the PID control by the calculation.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>AJ-07</b> Input source selection of set-point for PID2	00~13, 15 *1)	07
<b>AJ-10</b> Set point setting for PID2	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00

 When PID2 target value input is selected, if the selected is the parameter setting, [AJ-10] gets enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-12 Feedback data	00~13*1)	02
reference selection for PID2	00 10 1)	0_

Selects the PID2 feedback reference.

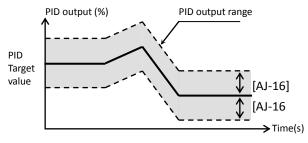
<sup>\*1)00(</sup>Not used)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/ 04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/ 08(RS485)/09(Option-1)/10(Option-2)/ 11(Option-3)/ 12(Pulse train input: main)/ 13(Pulse train input: option)/15(PID1 output)

# [AJ-13]~[AJ-19]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-13 PID2 proportional gain	0.0~100.0	1.0
AJ-14 PID2 integral time constant	0.0~3600.0(s)	1.0
AJ-15 PID2 derivative gain	0.0~100.0(s)	0.0

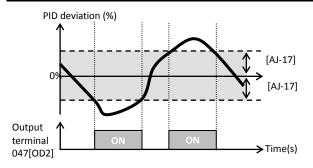
- Sets the PID2 gain.
- If [PIDC2] terminal is active (ON), the value of the integral constant is purged. If done while operating, the operation can become instable/insecure.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-16 PID2 output variable	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



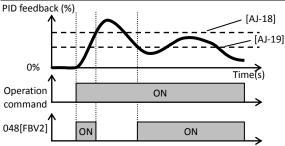
• Limits the output range of the PID. If [AJ-16]=0.00 the limit is disabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-17	0.00~100.00(%)	3.00
PID2 deviation over level	0.00* • 100.00(%)	3.00



• When the PID deviation pass over ±[AJ-17], the output terminal function 047[OD2] is activated.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-18 PID2 feedback compare signal turn-off level	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
AJ-19 PID2 feedback compare signal turn-on level	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



 When the PID feedback cross over the [AJ-18] level, the output terminal function 048[FBV2] is deactivated (OFF). If it crosses under the [AJ-19] level, is activated (ON).

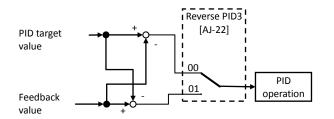
### [AJ-<u>21</u>]~[AJ-<u>30</u>]

#### PID3 function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-21 PID3 enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/ 02(Enable:inverted output)	00

- Validates the PID3 operation.
- If [AJ-21]=01 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output is limited to 0.
- If [AJ-21]=02 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output lets out an inverted output.
- By activating the [PID3] terminal, the PID3 output becomes 0.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-22PID3 deviation inverse	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00



• PID3 deviation can be reversed.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-23 PID3 unit selection	<unit table=""> at the end of the document can be consulted</unit>	01
AJ-24 PID3 scale adjustment (0%)	-10000~10000	0
AJ-25 PID3 scale adjustment (100%)	-10000~10000	10000
AJ-26 PID3 scale adjustment (decimal point)	0~4	2

 You can switch the display data and the display unit involved in the output of the PID control by the calculation.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-27 Input source selection of set-point for PID3	00~13 *1)	07
AJ-30 set point setting for PID3	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00

• When PID3 target value input is selected, if the selected is the parameter setting. [AJ-30] gets enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-32 input source selection of process data for PID3	00~08, 12, 13, 15 *1)	02

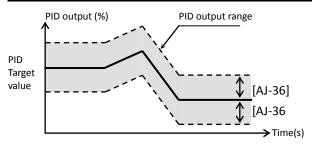
- Selects the PID3 feedback reference.
- \*1)00(Not used)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/08(RS485)/12(Pulse train input: main)/13(Pulse train-input: option)/15(PID1 output)

# [AJ-33]~[AJ-39]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-33 PID3 proportional gain	0.0~100.0	1.0
AJ-34 PID3 integral time constant	0.0~3600.0(s)	1.0
AJ-35 PID3 derivative gain	0.0~100.00(s)	0.00

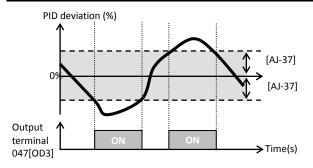
- Sets the PID3 gain.
- If [PIDC] terminal is active (ON), the value of the integral constant is purged. If done while operating, the operation can become instable/insecure.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-36 PID3 output variable	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



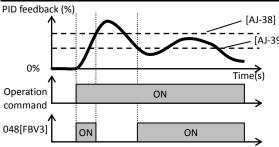
 Limits the output range of the PID. If [AJ-36]=0.00 the limit is disabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-37 PID3 deviation over	0.00~100.00(%)	3.00
level	0.00 100.00(70)	3.00



• When the PID deviation pass over ±[AJ-37], the output terminal function 089[OD3] is activated.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-38 PID3 feedback compare signal turn-off level	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
AJ-39 PID3 feedback compare signal turn-on level	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



 When the PID feedback cross over the [AJ-18] level, the output terminal function 090[FBV3] is deactivated (OFF). If it crosses under the [AJ-39] level, is activated (ON).

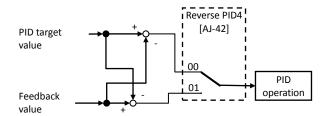
### [AJ-<u>41</u>]~[AJ-<u>52</u>]

#### PID4 function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-41 PID4 enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/ 02(Enable:inverted output)	00

- Validates the PID4 operation.
- If [AJ-41]=01 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output is limited to 0.
- If [AJ-41]=02 when the PID output reaches a negative value, the PID output lets out an inverted output.
- By activating the [PID4] terminal, the PID4 output becomes 0.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-42 PID4 deviation inverse	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00



• PID4 deviation can be reversed.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-43 PID4 unit selection	<unit table=""> at the end of the document can be consulted</unit>	03
AJ-44 PID4 scale adjustment (0%)	-10000~10000	0
AJ-45 PID4 scale adjustment (100%)	-10000~10000	10000
AJ-46 PID4 scale adjsutment (decimal point)	0~4	2

 You can switch the display data and the display unit involved in the output of the PID control by the calculation.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-47 Input source selection of process data for PID4	00~08, 12, 13, 15 *1)	07
AJ-50 Set point setting for PID4	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00

• When PID4 target value input is selected, if the selected is the parameter setting, [AJ-50] gets enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-52 Feedback data reference selection for PID4	00~08, 12, 13, 15 *1)	02

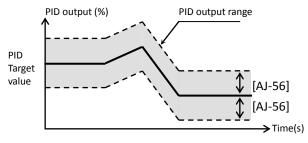
- Selects the PID4 feedback reference.
- \*1)00(Not used)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/ 04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/ 08(RS485)/ 12(Pulse train input: main)/ 13(Pulse train input: option)/15(PID1 output)

### [AJ-53]~[AJ-59]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-53 PID4 proportional gain	0.0~100.0	1.0
AJ-54 PID4 integral time constant	0.0~3600.0(s)	1.0
AJ-55 PID4 derivative gain	0.0~100.0(s)	0.0

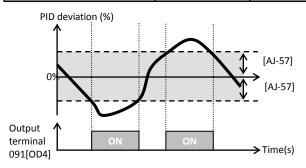
- Sets the PID4 gain.
- If [PIDC4] terminal is active (ON), the value of the integral constant is purged. If done while operating, the operation can become instable/insecure.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-56 PID4 output variable	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



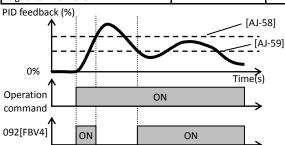
• Limits the output range of the PID. If [AJ-56]=0.00 the limit is disabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-57 PID4 deviation over	0.00~100.00(%)	3.00
level	0.00 100.00(70)	3.00



• When the PID deviation pass over ±[AJ-57], the output terminal function 091[OD4] is activated.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
AJ-58 PID4 feedback compare signal turn-off level	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
AJ-59 PID4 feedback compare signal turn-on level	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00



 When the PID feedback cross over the [AJ-58] level, the output terminal function 092[FBV4] is deactivated (OFF). If it crosses under the [AJ-59] level, is activated (ON).

### [bA101]~[bA116]

■Parameter mode (b code)

#### Frequency limit

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA101</b> Frequency upper limit select, 1st-motor	0~13 *1)	00
<b>bA102</b> Frequency upper limit, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>bA103</b> Frequency lower limit, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00

- \*1) 00(Disable)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/ 08(RS485)/09(Option 1)/10(Option 2)/11(Option 3)/12(pulse train)/13(P1-FB)
- Sets upper and lower limits of the frequency.

#### Torque limit

iorque illilit			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>bA110</b> Torque limit selection, 1st-motor	01~11 *1)	27	
<b>bA111</b> Torque limiting parameter mode selection, 1st-motor	00(4 quadrants)/ 01([TRQ] terminal)	00	
<b>bA112</b> Torque limit 1 (Forward driving), 1st-motor	0.0~500.0(%)	120.0(%)	
<b>bA113</b> Torque limit 2 (Reverse regenerative), 1st-motor	0.0~500.0(%)	120.0(%)	
<b>bA114</b> Torque limit 3 (Reverse driving), 1st-motor	0.0~500.0(%)	120.0(%)	
<b>bA115</b> Torque limit (4) (forward-regenerating in 4-quadrant mode), 1st-motor	0.0~500.0(%)	120.0(%)	
<b>bA116</b> Torque limit LADSTOP selection, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00	

- \*1) 00(Disable)/01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/04(Ai4 terminal)/05(Ai5 terminal)/06(Ai6 terminal)/07(Parameter)/ 08(RS485)/09(Option 1)/10(Option 2)/11(Option 3)
- In the case of vector control (With sensor Sensorless OHz) the torque limit function can limit the motor output torque.

### [bA120]~[bA128]

#### **Overcurrent suppression function setting**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA120</b> Overcurrent suppression enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	01
<b>bA121</b> Overcurrent suppression level, 1st-motor	Inverter ND rated current×(0.20~2.00)	*1)

<sup>\*1)</sup> Inverter ND rated current×1.80

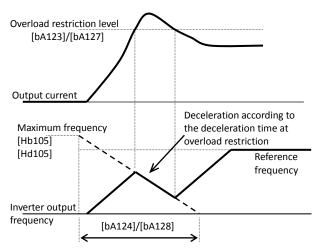
 Overcurrent can be suppressed, but in that case torque drop can occur. Disable it in cases such as cranes.

#### **Overload restriction function settings**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA122</b> Overload restriction 1 enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable during Acc. and constant speed)/ 02(Constant speed only)/ 03(Enable during Acc. and constant speed-Acc. during regeneration)	01
<b>bA123</b> Overload restriction 1 level, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	*2)
<b>bA124</b> Overload restriction 1 deceleration time, 1st-motor	0.10~3600.00(s)	1.00
<b>bA126</b> Overload restriction 2 enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable during Acc. and constant speed)/ 02(Constant speed only)/ 03(Enable during Acc. and constant speed - Increase frequency during regeneration)	00
<b>bA127</b> Overload restriction 2 level, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	*2)
<b>bA128</b> Overload restriction 2 deceleration time, 1st-motor	0.10~3600.00(s)	1.00

<sup>\*2)</sup> Inverter rated current×1.50

 When the current is increased, the overload restriction function reduces the current automatically by lowering the frequency.



 Using [OLR] function state, the overload restriction 1 (OFF) and overload restriction 2 (ON) can be used.

### [bA-30]~[bA145]

#### Deceleration / stop at power loss (Non-stop)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA-30</b> Selection of deceleration/stop in the event of a power loss	00(Disable)/ 01(Decel. stop)/ 02(Decel. stop: with resume)/ 03(Decel. stop: return to origin)	00
<b>bA-31</b> DC voltage trigger level during power loss	(200V class) 0.0~410.0(Vdc) (400V class) 0.0~820.0(Vdc)	(200V class) 220.0 (400V class) 440.0
<b>bA-32</b> Overvoltage threshold during power loss	(200V class) 0.0~410.0(Vdc) (400V class) 0.0~820.0(Vdc)	(200V class) 360.0 (400V class) 720.0
<b>bA-34</b> Deceleration time during power loss	0.01~3600.00(s)	1.00
<b>bA-36</b> Initial output frequency decrease during power loss	0.00~10.00(Hz))	0.00
<b>bA-37</b> Proportional gain for operation at power loss	0.00~5.00	0.20
<b>bA-38</b> Integral time for operation at power loss	0.000~65.535(s)	0.100

- If the DC voltage of the main circuit is lower than the level of [bA-31], the inverter decelerates to create a regenerative state.
- When [bA-30]=01, if the DC voltage drops, deceleration starts from the value of the actual frequency command to the [bA-36], according to the deceleration time [bA-34]. Once the DC voltage exceeds the [bA-32], the deceleration is temporally stopped.
- When [bA-30]=02/03, if the DC voltage drops below DC target level setting [bA-32], the output frequency is decreased by PI control to put in regenerative mode and the DC voltage is maintained at [bA-32] target level.

#### Overvoltage suppression - deceleration

Overvoitage suppression - deceleration		
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA140</b> Overvoltage suppression enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(DC, constant decel.) 02(Enable acceleration)/ 03(Enable Acc. at constant speed & decel.)	00
<b>bA141</b> Overvoltage suppression level, 1st-motor	(200V class) 330.0~400.0(Vdc) (400V class) 660.0~800.0(Vdc)	(200V class) 380 (400V class) 760
<b>bA142</b> Overvoltage suppression action time, 1st-motor	0.00~3600.00(s)	1.00
<b>bA144</b> Overvoltage suppression proportional gain, 1st-motor	0.00~5.00	0.20
<b>bA145</b> Overvoltage suppression integral time, 1st-motor	0.00~150.00(s)	1.00

- When [bA140]=01, the deceleration time is increased until stop so the DC voltage do not cross over the [bA141] level.
- When [bA140]=02/03, accelerates temporally so the DC voltage do not cross over [bA141] level.

# [bA146]~[bA149][bA-60]~[bA-63]

#### Overvoltage suppression - Over-excitation

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA146</b> Over magnetization function selection (V/f) , 1st-motor	00(Disable)/01(Always ON)/ 02(Only at deceleration)/ 03(Operation at set level)/ 04(Only at Decel. and level)	02
bA147 Time constant of over-magnetisation output filter (V/f) , 1st-motor	0.00~1.00(s)	0.30
<b>bA148</b> Over-magnetisation voltage gain (V/f) , 1st-motor	50~400(%)	100
<b>bA149</b> Over-magnetization control level setting (V/f) , 1st-motor	(200V Class) 330.0~390.0(Vdc) (400V Class) 660.0~780.0(Vdc)	(200V Class) 380 (400V Class) 760

- This function disables the AVR function output voltage, works while in over-excitation.
- When [AA121]=00~02, 04~06, (V/f) is enabled.
- When [bA146]=03/04, it will be operative if DC voltage exceeds [bA149] level.

#### Dynamic braking (BRD) function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA-60</b> Dynamic braking usage ratio	0.0~100.0(%)	10.0
<b>bA-61</b> Dynamic braking control	00(Disable)/ 01(Only while running) 02(Enable during stop)	00
<b>bA-62</b> Dynamic braking activation level	(200V class) 330.0~400.0(V) (400V class) 660.0~800.0(V)	(200V class) 360.0 (400V class) 720.0
<b>bA-63</b> Dynamic braking resistor value	Inverter minimum resistor value $600(\Omega)$	Minimum resistance

- This function operates the braking resistor of the built-in braking circuits models. To use the BRD, setting [bA-60] and [bA-61] is required.
- . About the Minimum resistance ,please refer to specification sheet.

# [bA-<u>70</u>]~[bA2<u>49</u>]

#### **Cooling-fan operation**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bA-70</b> Cooling fan control selection	00(Always ON)/ 01(While inverter operates)/ 02(Depends on temperature)	00
<b>bA-71</b> Cooling fan control selection	00(Disable)/01(Clear)	00

- The Inverter cooling fan can be stopped.
- If you change the cooling-fan, assigning [bA-71]=01 you will be able to clear the accumulated operation time.

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

<b>2nd motor</b> When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>bA202</b> Frequency upper limit, 2nd motor	Same as	bA102	
<b>bA203</b> Frequency lower limit, 2nd motor	Same as	bA103	
<b>bA210</b> Torque limit selection, 2nd motor	Same as	bA110	
<b>bA211</b> Torque limit LADSTOP enable, 2nd motor	Same as	bA111	
<b>bA212</b> Torque limit (1) (forward-driving in			
4-quadrant mode), 2nd motor	Same as	bA112	
<b>bA213</b> Torque limit (2) (reverse- regenerating in	C	L 4442	
4-quadrant mode), 2nd motor	Same as	DAII3	
<b>bA214</b> Torque limit (3) (reverse-driving in	C	L A 1 1 4	
4-quadrant mode), 2nd motor	Same as	DA114	
<b>bA215</b> Torque limit (4) (forward- regenerating in	Same as	h A 1 1 F	
4-quadrant mode), 2nd motor	Same as	DATIS	
<b>bA220</b> Overcurrent suppression enable, 2nd	Same as	h 120	
motor	Same as	DAIZU	
<b>bA221</b> Overcurrent suppression level, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA121	
bA222 Overload restriction 1 selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA122	
bA223 Overload restriction 1 level, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA123	
bA224 Overload restriction 1 active time,	C	L A 1 2 4	
2nd-motor	Same as	DA124	
bA226 Overload restriction 2 selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA126	
bA227 Overload restriction 2 level, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA127	
bA228 Overload restriction 2 active time,	C	L A 1 2 0	
2nd-motor	Same as	0A128	
<b>bA240</b> Overvoltage suppression enable,	Cama as	h A 1 4 O	
2nd-motor	Same as	0A140	
<b>bA241</b> Overvoltage suppression level, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA141	
bA242 Overvoltage suppression action time,	Same as	h 1 1 2	
2nd-motor	Sallie as	UA142	
bA244 Overvoltage suppression proportional gain,	Same as	h 1 1 1 1	
2nd-motor	Saille as	UA144	
<b>bA245</b> Overvoltage suppression integral time,	Same as	hΛ1/15	
2nd-motor	Saille as	UA143	
<b>bA246</b> Over-excitation function selection,	Same as	hΔ146	
2nd-motor	Junic da	J, 11-10	
<b>bA247</b> Time constant of over-excitation output	Same as	hA147	
filter (V/f) , 2nd-motor	Jaic 03		
<b>bA248</b> Over-excitation voltage gain, 2nd-motor	Same as	bA148	
<b>bA249</b> Over-excitation control level setting,	Same as	hA149	
2nd-motor	Junie as	U/147	

### [bb101]~[bb-23]

#### Reduction of electromagnetic sound

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb101</b> Carrier frequency, 1st-motor	[Ub-03]=02:ND 0.5~16.0(kHz) [Ub-03]=01:LD 0.5~12.0(kHz) [Ub-03]=00:VLD 0.5~10.0(kHz) *1)	2.0
<b>bb102</b> Sprinkle carrier pattern selection, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable: Patern-1)/ 02(Enable: Patern-2)/ 03(Enable: Patern-3)	00
<b>bb103</b> Automatic carrier frequency reduction selection, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable: Current)/ 02(Enable: Temperature)	00

- To decrease noise, [bb101] should be set small. To lower electromagnetic sound, [bb101] has to be set bigger.
- By setting the duty specification selection [Ub-03], the carrier frequency is internally limited.
- \*1)The carrier frequency of SH1-01760-H(SH1-750H) ~ SH1-03160-H(SH1-1320H) is as below.

[Ub-03]=02:  $0.5 \sim 10.0 (kHz)$ [Ub-03]=00 or 01:  $0.5 \sim 8.0 (kHz)$ 

 For the sake of the inverter protection, the Automatic carrier reduction [bb103] decreases the carrier in certain cases.

#### Reset operation after error event

neset operation after error event		
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-10</b> Automatic error reset selection	00(Disable)/ 01(If RUN command is OFF) 02(After set time)/ 04(Emergency force drive)	00
<b>bb-11</b> Automatic error reset wait time	00(Enable)/ 01(Disable)	00
<b>bb-12</b> Automatic reset waiting time	0.0~600.0(s)	2.0
<b>bb-13</b> Automatic error reset number	0~10(count)	3

 Adjustment of the automatic reset that follows an error event. In the case that RUN command was on execution, after the reset, is followed by the setting of [bb-41].

#### Retry/trip setting in error event

netry/ trip setting in error event			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>bb-20</b> Retry count after power loss event	0~16/255	0	
<b>bb-21</b> Retry count after undervoltage event	0~16/255	0	
<b>bb-22</b> Retry count after overcurrent event	0 <b>~</b> 5	0	
<b>bb-23</b> Retry count after overvoltage event	0~5	0	

- Sets number of retries before tripping.
- If 0 is set, as soon as an error occurs, it will trip.
- If you want to reset the retry count, assign any value other than 0.

[bb-<u>24</u>]~[bb-<u>42</u>]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-24</b> Selection of restart mode at Instantaneous power failure/ under-voltage trip	*2)	01
<b>bb-25</b> Allowable under-voltage power failure time	0.3~25.0(s)	1.0
<b>bb-26</b> Retry wait time before motor restart	0.3~100.0(s)	0.3
<b>bb-27</b> Instantaneous power failure/under-voltage trip alarm enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)/ 02(Disable at Stop/Decel. stop)	00
<b>bb-28</b> Selection of restart mode at over-current	*2)	01
<b>bb-29</b> Wait time of restart at over-current	0.3~100.0(s)	0.3
<b>bb-30</b> Selection of restart mode at over-voltage	*2)	01
<b>bb-31</b> Wait time of restart at over-voltage	0.3~100.0(s)	0.3

- \*2) 00(Restart motor with 0Hz)/01(Restart with a matching frequency)/02(Restart with active frequency matching)/03(Detect speed)/04(Decelerate and stop with a matching frequency and then trip)
- Regarding the restart, after the waiting time is completed the selected restart method is carried out.

#### Restart mode after FRS/RS

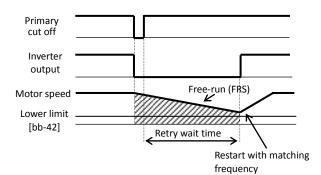
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-40</b> Restart mode after FRS release		00
<b>bb-41</b> Restart mode after RS release	*3)	00

- \*3) 00(Start with 0Hz)/01(Start with matching frequency)/02(Start with active frequency matching)/03(Detect speed)
- When using Intelligent input terminals [FRS] and [RS], restart mode can be selected.
- [bb-40] allows you to select the restart operation after a free-run stop.
- [bb-41] allows you to select the restart operation after a trip or reset event.

#### Minimum level of frequency matching

-		<u> </u>	
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>bb-42</b> Restart frequency	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
	threshold	` '	

- The matching frequency function adopts the motor frequency for a shockless start-up.
- If at the restart the frequency is under the [bb-42] frequency, a OHz restart will be used instead.

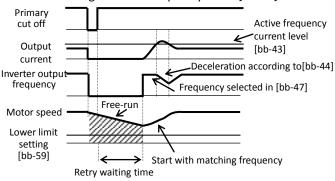


### [bb-<u>43</u>]~[bb-<u>64</u>]

#### Active frequency matching

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-43</b> Restart level of Active frequency matching	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	Inverter rated current×1.00
<b>bb-44</b> Restart constant(speed) of Active Frequency matching	0.10~30.00(s)	0.5
<b>bb-45</b> Restart constant(Voltage) of Active Frequency matching	0.10~30.00(s)	0.5
<b>bb-46</b> OC-supress level of Active frequency matching	Inverter rated current ×(0.20~2.00)	Inverter rated current×1.00
<b>bb-47</b> Restart speed selection of Active frequency matching	00(Frequency set when inverter output shut off)/ 01(Maximum frequency)/ 02(Set frequency)	00

- The reset interval is set with [bb-46].
- Starts scanning from the frequency set in [bb-47].



#### **Overcurrent level**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb160</b> Over current	Inverter rated	Inverter rated
detection level, 1st-motor	current × (0.20~2.20)	current×2.20

- The motor protection level for overcurrent can be set.
- In the case of a permanent magnet motor is set lower than the motor demagnetizing level.

#### Overvoltage warning

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-61</b> Power supply over voltage selection	00(Warning)/ 01(Error)	00
<b>bb-62</b> Power supply over voltage level setting	(200V Class) 300.0~410.0(V) (400V Class) 600.0~820.0(V)	(200V Class) 390.0 (400V Class) 780.0

• When the input suffers an overvoltage and if the DC voltage is higher than the value in [bb-62], a warning is issued in accordance with [bb-61].

#### Selection of grounding fault detection

<u> </u>		
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-64</b> Grounding fault	00(Disable)/	01
detection select	01(Enable)	

 When the synchronous motor and the permanent magnet motor in idle state are powered on,ground fault detection can be disabled.

### [bb-65]~[bb260]

#### Phase loss detection

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-65</b> Input phase loss enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)	00
<b>bb-66</b> Output phase loss enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)	00
<b>bb-67</b> Output phase loss detection sensitivity	1~100(%)	10

 Detects the disconnection of the supply RST input line and UVW output line.

#### Thermistor error detection

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-70</b> Thermistor error level	0~10000(Ω)	3000
<b>Cb-40</b> Thermistor type selection	00(Disable)/ 01(PTC)/02(NTC)	00

- In [TH] terminal must be attached the kind of thermistor specified in [CA-60].
- If [CA-60]=01 or 02, error level must be set in [bb-70].

#### **Overspeed control**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-80</b> Overspeed detection level	0.0~150.0(%)	135.0
<b>bb-81</b> Overspeed detection time	0.0~5.0(s)	0.5

 In vector control, when speed arrives to "maximum speed"x[bb-80], and pass over [bb-81], results in error.

#### Abnormal deviation in speed control

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-82</b> Speed deviation error mode selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
<b>bb-83</b> Speed deviation error detection level	0.0~100.0(%)	15.0
<b>bb-84</b> Speed deviation error detection time	0.0~5.0(s)	0.5

• In vector control, when speed arrives to "maximum speed"×[bb-83] and pass over [bb-84], results in error.

#### Abnormal deviation in position control

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb-85</b> Position deviation error mode selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
<b>bb-86</b> Position deviation error detection level	0~65535 (×100pulse)	4096
<b>bb-87</b> Position deviation error detection level	0.0~5.0(s)	0.5

 During position control, if the position deviation exceeds the [bb-86], if exceeds the [bb-87] time, will result in an error.

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

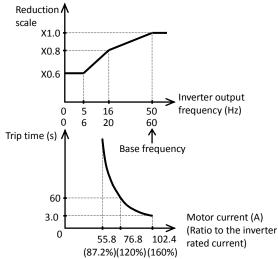
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bb201</b> Carrier frequency, 2nd-motor	Same as bb101	
<b>bb202</b> Sprinkle carrie pattern selection, 2nd-motor	Same as bb102	
<b>bb203</b> Automatic carrier frequency reduction enable, 2nd-motor	Same as bb103	
<b>bb260</b> Overcurrent detection level, 2nd-motor	Same as bb160	

### [bC110]~[bC125]

#### **Electronic thermal protection**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>bC110</b> Electronic thermal level setting, 1st-motor	Motor rated current × (0.00~3.00)	Motor rated current ×1.00	
<b>bC111</b> Electronic thermal characteristic selection, 1st-motor	00(Reduced torque (VT))/ 01(Constant torque (CT))/ 02(Free setting)	00(JPN)/ 01(EU)(USA) (ASIA)(CHN)	
<b>bC112</b> Electronic thermal Subtraction function enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	01	
<b>bC113</b> Electronic thermal Subtraction time, 1st-motor	1~1000(s)	600	
<b>bC-14</b> Electronic thermal counter memory selection at Power-off	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	01	
<b>bC120</b> Free electronic thermal frequency-3, 1st-motor	0.00 ~bC122(Hz)	0.00	
<b>bC121</b> Free electronic thermal current-1, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current × (0.00~3.00)	0.00	
<b>bC122</b> Free electronic thermal frequency-2, 1st-motor	bC120 ~bC124(Hz)	0.00	
<b>bC123</b> Free electronic thermal current-2, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current × ×(0.00~3.00)	0.00	
<b>bC124</b> Free electronic thermal frequency-3, 1st-motor	bC122 ~590.00(Hz)	0.00	
bC125 Free electronic thermal current-3, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current × ×(0.00~3.00)	0.00	

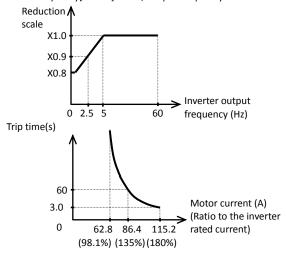
- With [bC112], it is possible to subtract the thermal integral value of the motor. Please make appropriate settings according to the heat dissipation characteristics of the motor. When the set value is reduced from the initial value, the motor is easily damaged.
- The thermal of Inverter is operated separately. (Example) When [bC111]=00, Inverter rated current:64A, [bC110]=64(A), Base frequency [Hb104]=60Hz, Output frequency=20Hz



• In case of output frequency = 16Hz (base=50Hz) or 20Hz (base = 60hz), the reduction scale is ×0.8, then the inverter will trip when the output current of 120%(150%×0.8) flows continuously within 60s according to the curve.

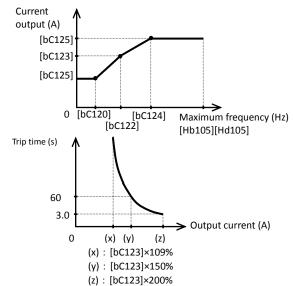
### [bC210]~[bC225]

(Example) When [bC111]=01, Inverter rated current:64A, [bC110]=64(A), Base frequency[Hb103]=60Hz, Output frequency=2.5Hz



• In case of output frequency = 2.5Hz, the reduction scale is x0.9, then, the inverter will trip when the output current of 135%(=150%×0.9) flows continuously within 60s according to the curve.

(Example) When [bC111]=02, and there is Output frequency [bC122]



2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled

<b>2nd motor</b> When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SE1] is enabled.			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>bC210</b> Electronic thermal level, 2nd-motor	Same as bC110		
<b>bC211</b> Electronic thermal characteristic selection, 2nd-motor	Same as bC111		
<b>bC212</b> Electronic thermal subtraction function selection, 2nd-motor	Same as bC112		
<b>bC213</b> Electronic thermal subtraction time, 2nd-motor	Same as	bC113	
<b>bC220</b> Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC120	
<b>bC221</b> Free setting, electronic thermal current (1), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC121	
<b>bC222</b> Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC122	
<b>bC223</b> Free setting, electronic thermal current (2), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC123	
<b>bC224</b> Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC124	
<b>bC225</b> Free setting, electronic thermal current (3), 2nd-motor	Same as	bC125	

# [bd-01] $\sim$ [bd-04][bE-02] $\sim$ [bE-18] Safety terminal \*1)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>bd-01</b> STO input display selection	00(Display)/ 01(No display)/ 02(Trip)	00
bd-02 STO input change time	0.00~60.00(s)	1.00
<b>bd-03</b> Display selection at STO input change time	00(Display)/ 01(No display)	00
<b>bd-04</b> Action selection after STO input change time	00(Trip)/ 01(Maintain current state)/ 02(Disable)	00

<sup>•</sup> For more information, refer to the user's guide.

<sup>\*1)</sup>The parameter is just about Safety function, not suitable for SH1 series.

## [CA-<u>01</u>]~[CA-<u>31</u>]

■Parameter mode (C code)

#### Input terminal settings

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CA-01 Input terminal [1] function		028
CA-02 Input terminal [2] function	Reference	015
CA-03 Input terminal [3] function	<input terminal</input 	029
CA-04 Input terminal [4] function	function list>	032
CA-05 Input terminal [5] function	A-05 Input terminal [5] function	
CA-06 Input terminal [6] function	train input A is	003
CA-07 Input terminal [7] function restricted to [CA-10],		004
CA-08 Input terminal [8] function	104 [PLB] Pulse	002
CA-09 Input terminal [9] function train input B is restricted to		001
CA-10 Input terminal [A] function	[CA-11],	033
CA-11 Input terminal [B] function		034

• The functions for the input terminals 1~9,A,B are assigned in [CA-01]~[CA-09],[CA-10],[CA-11].

Input terminal NO/NC settings

Input terminal NO/NC settings				
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value		
CA-21 Input terminal [1] active state		00		
CA-22 Input terminal [2] active state		00		
CA-23 Input terminal [3] active state		00		
CA-24 Input terminal [4] active state		00		
CA-25 Input terminal [5] active state	00(Normally Open: NO)/ 01(Normally Closed: NC)	00		
CA-26 Input terminal [6] active state		00		
CA-27 Input terminal [7] active state		00		
CA-28 Input terminal [8] active state		00		
CA-29 Input terminal [9] active state		00		
CA-30 Input terminal [A] active state		00		
CA-31 Input terminal [B] active state		00		

- The functions for the Intelligent input terminals 1~ 9,A,B are assigned in [CA-21]~[CA-29],[CA-30],[CA-31].
- However, in the case of [RS] assignment the NO/NC will not apply, only NO will apply.

## [CA-<u>41</u>]~[CA-<u>55</u>]

#### Output terminal chatter prevention

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CA-41 Input terminal [1] response time		2
CA-42 Input terminal [2] response time		2
CA-43 Input terminal [3] response time		2
CA-44 Input terminal [4] response time	0~400(ms)	2
CA-45 Input terminal [5] response time		2
CA-46 Input terminal [6] response time		2
CA-47 Input terminal [7] response time		2
CA-48 Input terminal [8] response time		2
CA-49 Input terminal [9] response time		2
CA-50 Input terminal [A] response time		2
CA-51 Input terminal [B] response time		2

 Sets the time to wait after the input change has ended, and for the input to become stable and responsive.

#### Time allowed in simultaneous terminal change

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CA-55 Multistage input determination time	0~2000(ms)	0

 Sets the dead time for multistage speed and position terminals change.

[Input	Input terminal function list]			
Functio	Symb	Function	Description	
n code	ol	name		
000	no	Not use	- Activating (ON) only one of them	
001	FW	Forward rotation	will grant forward or reverse	
002	RV	Reverse rotation	rotation command. ⇒ [AA111]	
003	CF1	Multi speed selection 1		
004	CF2	Multi speed selection 2		
005	CF3	Multi speed selection 3		
006	CF4	Multi speed	Changing the states of these terminals, allows to set different	
007	SF1	selection 4  Multi speed Bit-7	motor speeds and change among them.	
008	SF2	Multi speed Bit-2	⇒[Ab110] ~[Ab-25],	
009	SF3	Multi speed Bit-3	[Ab210]	
010	SF4	Multi speed Bit-4		
011	SF5	Multi speed Bit-5		
012	SF6	Multi speed Bit-6		
013	SF7	Multi speed Bit-6		
013	31 /	Trigger for	When is turned ON, adds the	
014	ADD	frequency	specified frequency value.	
		addition[Ab105]	⇒[AA106]	
015	SCH G	Speed reference change	Main speed(OFF)/Sub-speed (ON), to change between them use ⇒ [AA105].	
016	STA	3-wire Start	If [STA] is ON, start the motor. If [STP] is ON stop the motor.	
017	STP	3-wire Stop	Forward operation direction if [FR] is (OFF), reverse operation direction	
018	FR	Forward Over Travel	if is (ON). ⇒[AA111]	
019	AHD	analog command holding	When the Analog inputs Ai1,2,3 are in use, if AHD terminal is in ON state, holds the Analog terminal value.  ⇒[AA101]	
		Remote control	[]	
020	FUP	Speed-UP function	If the frequency can be set ([AHD]	
		Remote control	ON included), [FUP] ON accelerates,	
021	FDN	Speed-DOWN function	and [FDN] ON decelerates. [UDC] returns to the saved value. ⇒	
		Remote control	[CA-62]~[CA-66]	
022	UDC	data clearing		
023	F-OP	Force operation	If ON, switch set parameters. ⇒[CA-68],[CA-69]	
024	SET	2nd-motor control	Change between 1st-motor (OFF) and 2nd-motor (ON).  ⇒By parameter	
028	RS	Reset	Reset trip⇒[CA-61],[bb-41]	
029	JG	Jogging	Activates Jogging operation. ⇒[AG-20],[AG-21]	
030	DB	External Dynamic brake	Enables the DC braking operation⇒ [AF101]~[AF109]	
031	2CH	2-step Acceleration/Dec eleration	If ON, changes the Acc/Decel time. ⇒[AC115]	
032	FRS	Free run stop	If ON allows the motor to free run. ⇒[AA115],[bb-40]	
033	EXT	External fault	If ON error E012 occurs. ⇒Trip E012	
034	USP	unattended start protection	ON if at the start-up, the RUN command was issued right at the start up, E013 error.  ⇒Tripping E013	
035	CS	Commercial Supply change	When changing to the public electric grid, if it is ON, will cut the output.	
036	SFT	Soft-Lock	If ON, disables parameter changes. ⇒[UA-21]	
037	вок	Answer back from Brake	Here is inputted the brake confirmation signal for the brake control.	

### [Input terminal function list]

Function code	Symbol	Function name	Description	
038	OLR	Overload restriction selection	Switches between Overload limit 1(OFF) and 2(ON). ⇒[bA122]∼[bA128]	
039	КНС	Accumulation input power clearance	If ON, clears the Accumulated input power monitor. ⇒[UA-14]	
040	ОКНС	Accumulation output power clearance	If ON, clears the Accumulated output power monitor. ⇒[UA-12]	
041	PID	Disable PID1	If ON, disables PID1 and changes the PID target value for the frequency reference.  ⇒[AH-01]	
042	PIDC	PID1 integration reset	If ON, clears the integral value of the control.  ⇒[AH-62],[AH-65]	
043	PID2	Disable PID2	If ON, disables PID2 and changes the PID target value for the frequency reference. ⇒[AJ-01]	
044	PIDC2	PID2 integration reset	If ON, clears the integral value of the control. ⇒[AJ-14]	
046	PID3	Disable PID3	If ON, disables PID3 and changes the PID target value for the frequency reference. ⇒[AJ-21]	
046	PIDC3	PID3 integration reset	If ON, clears the integral value of the control. ⇒[AJ-34]	
047	PID4	Disable PID4	If ON, disables PID4 and changes the PID target value for the frequency reference.  ⇒[AJ-41]	
048	PIDC4	PID4 integration reset	If ON, clears the integral value of the control. ⇒[AJ-54]	
051	SVC1	Multi set-point selection 1		
052	SVC2	Multi set-point selection 2	The target value can be selected by changing the pattern of ON/OFF	
053	SVC3	Multi set-point selection 3	states. ⇒[AH-06]	
054	SVC4	Multi set-point selection 4		
055	PRO	PID gain change	Switches between Gain 1(OFF) and Gain 2(ON).	
056	PIO	PID output switching 1	Switches PID Output 1 to 4 by (PIO1:PIO2).	
057	PIO2	PID output switching 2	PID1 Enable(OFF:OFF) PID2 Enable(OFF:ON) PID3 Enable(ON:OFF) PID4 Enable(ON:ON)	
058	SLEP	SLEEP condition ativation	In case it is used in Sleep terminal functions, when ON, it activates. ⇒ [AH-85]	
059	WAKE	WAKE condition ativation	In case it is used in Wake terminal functions, when ON, it activates. ⇒ [AH-93]	
060	TL	Torque limit enable	If ON, enables torque limit.	
061	TRQ1	Torque limit selection bit 1	The target value can be selected by changing the pattern of ON/OFF	
062	TRQ2	Torque limit selection bit 2	states.	

[Input terminal function list]

Function	Symbol	Function name	Description
code	Symbol		•
063	PPI	P/PI control mode selection	For drooping control, switches between PI control (OFF) and P control (ON).
064	CAS	Control gain change	Changes between the PI gain 1 (OFF) and 2(ON) of the speed control system.
065	SON	Servo-on	If ON, executes the Servo-Lock operation.
066	FOC	Forcing	If ON, performs a forcible operation, will accelerate the rise of the torque.
067	ATR	Permission of torque control	If ON, enables the torque limit.
068	TBS	Torque Bias enable	If ON, enables the torque bias.
069	ALP	Home search function	If ON, when in position control mode, stops by home search.
071	LAC	Acceleration/Dece leration cancellation	If ON, forces Acc/Decel time to 0.00s.
072	PCLR	Clearance of position deviation	Clears the position deviation of position control mode.
073	STAT	pulse train position command input enable	In the pulse train position control, if is ON, the input is enabled.
074	PUP	Position bias (ADD)	If in position control mode, if
075	PDN	Position bias (SUB)	[PUP] is ON, adds, if [PDN] is ON, subtracts.
076	CP1	Multistage position settings selection 1	
077	CP2	Multistage position settings selection 2	The position reference can be selected by changing the pattern
078	CP3	Multistage position settings selection 3	of ON/OFF states.
079	CP4	Multistage position settings selection 4	
080	ORL	Limit signal of Homing function	Used by the Zero-Return position operations of the position
081	ORG	Start signal of Homing function	control.
082	FOT	Forward Over Travel	Limits forward motion by forward limit torque.
083	ROT	Reserve Over Travel	Limits reverse motion by reverse limit torque.
084	SPD	speed / position switching	Switches position control(OFF) and speed control(ON).
085	PSET	Position data presetting	If ON, sets the actual position as the origin point.
086	MI1	General-purpose input 8	<u> </u>
087	MI2	General-purpose input 11	
088	MI3	General-purpose input 11	
089	MI4	General-purpose input 11	
090	MI5	General-purpose input 11	To be set if you want to make use
091	MI6	General-purpose input 11	of an input signal for EzSQ function.
092	MI7	General-purpose input 11	Tunction.
093	MI8	General-purpose input 11	
094	MI9	General-purpose input 9	
095	MI10	General-purpose input 10	
096	MI11	General-purpose input 11	
097	PCC	Pulse counter clearing	Clear the count for the pulse counter function.

[Input terminal function list]

Function code	Symbol	Function name	Description
098	ECOM	EzCOM activation	If ON, activates EzCOM.
099	PRG	Program RUN	If ON, EzSQ is executed.
100	HLD	Acceleration/D eceleration disable	If ON, temporally stagnates Acc/Decel.
101	REN	RUN enable	If ON, operation is enable. If it is not assigned, it disables operation.
102	DISP	Display lock	If made ON, the keypad screen is lock and the RUN key is disabled.
103	PLA	Pulse count A	For pulse train input use.
104	PLB	Pulse count B	For pulse train input use.
105	EMF	Emergency-Forc e Drive activation	Forces the set operation in emergency state.
107	сок	Contactor check signal	Regarding the braking control, check signal for the contactor.
108	DTR	Data trace start	If ON, starts data trace function.
109	PLZ	Pulse train input Z	
110	TCT	Teach-in signal	If ON, starts function.

### [CA-60]~[CA-84]

#### [FUP]/[FDN] operations

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CA-60</b> FUP/FDN overwrite target selection	00(Speed reference) 01(PID)	00
<b>CA-61</b> FUP/FDN data save enable	00(No save)/ 01(Save)	00
CA-62 UDC terminal mode selection	00(0Hz)/ 01(Save data)	00
<b>CA-64</b> Acceleration time for FUP/FDN function	0.00~.3600.00(s)	30.00
<b>CA-66</b> Deceleration time for FUP/FDN function	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00

- [CA-60] sets as operation target the frequency reference or the PID target value for 020[FUP]/021[FDN].
- [CA-61] sets if the modified values of [FUP] / [FDN] should be saved or not in the storage memory.
- [CA-62] selects the frequency in which will change the frequency reference for when [UDC] terminal is ON.
- If [FUP]/[FDN] is turn ON, in the case the frequency reference is changed you can set the acceleration and deceleration time [CA-64][CA-66].

#### [F-OP] Speed/Operation change

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CA-70</b> Speed command selection when [F-OP] active	16*1)	01
<b>CA-71</b> Operation command reference selection when [F-OP] active	00~06*2)	01

- If Intelligent input terminal 023[F-OP] is ON the change is carried out.
- \*1)01(Ai1 terminal)/02(Ai2 terminal)/03(Ai3 terminal)/ 04(Ai4 terminal)/ 05(Ai5 terminal)/ 06(Ai6terminal)/ 07(Parameter)/ 08(RS485)/09(Option 1) /10(Option 2) /11(Option 3)/12(Pulse train input:main)/ 13(Pulse train input:option)/14(EzSQ function)/15(PID result)/16(MOP(VR))
- \*2) 00([FW]/[RV] terminal)/01(3-wire)/02(Keypad's RUN key)/03(RS485)/ 04(Option 1)/ 05(Option 2)/ 06(Option 3)

#### Reset terminal [RS]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CA-72	00(Trip release at turn-ON)/ 01(Trip release at turn-OFF)/	
Reset mode	02(Effective only in trip ON condition)/	00
selection	03(Effective only in trip OFF condition)	

Output is shut off when reset terminal is ON.
 This terminal is valid only while in trip status.

#### Main encoder input

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CA-81 Encoder constant setting	0∼65535(Pls)	1024
CA-82 Encoder phase selection	00(Phase A precedent)/ 01(Phase B precedent)	00
CA-83 Numerator of the motor gear ratio	1~10000	1
<b>CA-84</b> Denominator of the motor gear ratio	1~10000	1

 Sets the main encoder input and the motor gear ratio involved in the encoder feedback.

## [CA-90]~[CA-99]

#### Pulse train input terminal

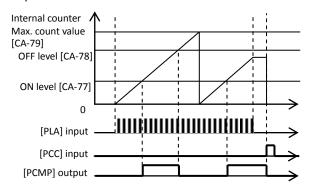
Code/Name		Range (unit)	Initial value
n input n)	<b>CA-90</b> Pulse train detection object selection	00(Disable)/01(Frequency reference)/ 02(Speed feedback : sensor-V/f) 03(Pulse count)	00
Pulse train detection object selection  CA-91  Mode selection of pulse train input		00(90º-phase-shift)/ 01(Forward/reverse operation and direction of rotation)/ 02(Forward/reverse operation with pulse train)	00
Pulse train frequency (main)	<b>CA-92</b> pulse train frequency Scale	0.05~32.0(kHz)	25.0
	CA-93 pulse train frequency filter time constant	0.01~2.00(s)	0.10
	CA-94 pulse train frequency Bias value	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
	<b>CA-95</b> Pulse train frequency high limit	0.0~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>CA-96</b> Pulse train frequency detection Low level	0.0~100.0(%)	0.0

A pulse train is introduced in functions [PLA][PLB]
 assigned to terminals A,B. If [CA-90]=01~03, pulses in
 terminals A & B are counted. Only terminal A in case
 that is a single phase input.

#### Pulse train counter

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CA-97</b> Comparing match output ON-level for pulse count	0~65535	0
<b>CA-98</b> Comparing match output OFF-level for pulse count	0~65535	0
<b>CA-99</b> Comparing match output Maximum value for pulse count	0~65535	65535

- Set 091[PCMP] to output the compare results of the pulse train counters of functions 103[PLA]/104[PLB].
- Turning 097[PCC] terminal in ON state resets the counter
- In the following example, when [CA-81]=01, inputting a pulse train in terminal A.



## [Cb-<u>01</u>]~ [Cb-<u>35</u>]

#### Analog input acquisition

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>Cb-01</b> Time constant of filter	1~500(ms)	16
ΙE	<b>Cb-03</b> Start value	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
[Ai1] terminal	Cb-04 End value	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
1] te	Cb-05 Start ratio	0.0~[Cb-06](%)	0.0
[Ai	Cb-06 End ratio	[Cb-05]~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>Cb-07</b> Start selection	00(Initial value)/ 01(0%)	01
	<b>Cb-11</b> Time constant of filter	1∼500(ms)	16
al	<b>Cb-13</b> Start value	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
rmin	Cb-14 End value	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
[Ai2] terminal	<b>Cb-15</b> Start ratio	0.0~[Cb-16](%)	20.0
A]	Cb-16 End ratio	[Cb-15]~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>Cb-17</b> Start selection	00(Initial value)/ 01(0%)	01
	<b>Cb-21</b> Time constant of filter	1∼500(ms)	16
[Ai3] terminal	<b>Cb-22</b> Operation selection	00(Individual)/ 01(Ai1/Ai2 add: with inversion/ 02(Ai1/Ai2 add: without inversion)	00
Ai3] 1	Cb-23 Start value	-100.00~100.00(%)	-100.00
]	Cb-24 End value	-100.00~100.00(%)	100.00
	Cb-25 Start ratio	-100.0~[Cb-26]	-100.0
	Cb-26 End rattio	[Cb-25]~100.0	100.0

 Regarding the adjustment method of the Analog input, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.

#### Analog input fine tuning

Code/Name Range (unit)		Initial value
Cb-30 [Ai1] Voltage/Current zero-bias adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	0.00
<b>Cb-31</b> [Ai1] Voltage/Current gain adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	100.00
<b>Cb-32</b> [Ai2] Voltage/Current zero-bias adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	0.00
<b>Cb-33</b> [Ai2] Voltage/Current gain adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	100.00
<b>Cb-34</b> [Ai3] Voltage -10 bias adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	0.00
Cb-35 [Ai3] Voltage gain adjustment	-200.00 ~ 200.00(%)	100.00

- Regarding the adjustment method of the Analog input, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.
- The thermistor adjustment, when recognizes an increase in the adjustment value, reduces the resistor value.

## [CA-40][Cb-57][CC-01]~[CC-17]

#### Thermistor error detection

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CA-40</b> Thermistor type selection	00(Disable)/ 01(PTC)/02(NTC)	00
<b>Cb-41</b> Thermistor gain adjustment	0.0~1000.0	100.0

- Set [CA-40] according to the connected thermistor in TH input terminal.
- When [CA-40]=01 or 02, with [bb-70] the error level is set. Refer to [bb-70].
- [Cb-41] thermistor gain adjustment, when the adjustment value is raised the resistance value is lowered.

#### Setting by the knob of MOP(VR)

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
()	<b>Cb-51</b> Filtertime constant of input	1∼500(ms)	100
of MOP(VR)	Cb-53 Start value	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
of M	Cb-54 End value	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
knob	Cb-55Start rate	0.0~[Cb-56](%)	0.0
The	Cb-56End rate	[Cb-55]~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>Cb-57</b> Start point selection	00(Start value)/ 01(0%)	01

<sup>•</sup> When the operator- MOP(VR) (Saparately sold option) has be installed, the above parameters can be set.

#### **Output terminal settings**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CC-01 Output terminal [11] function	Reference <intelligent output terminal</intelligent 	002
CC-02 Output terminal [12] function		001
CC-03 Output terminal [13] function		035
CC-04 Output terminal [14] function		019
CC-05 Output terminal [15] function	function	030
CC-06 Output terminal [16] function*1)	list>	018
CC-07 Output terminal [AL] function		017

<sup>•</sup> The functions for the output terminals 11  $\sim$  15,16A,AL are assigned in [CC-01]  $\sim$  [CC-05],[CC-06],[CC-07].

#### **Output terminal NO/NC settings**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CC-11 Output terminal [11] active state		00
CC-12 Output terminal [12] active state		00
CC-13 Output terminal [13] active state	00(Normally open: NO)/	00
CC-14 Output terminal [14] active state		00
CC-15 Output terminal [15] active state	01(Normally closed: NC)	00
CC-16 Output terminal [16] active state*1)		00
CC-17 Output terminal [AL] active state		01

The functions for the Intelligent output terminals 11 ~ 15, AL are assigned in [CC-11] ~ [CC-15], [CC-16], [CC-17].

<sup>\*1)</sup>SH1 series do not have this terminal.

<sup>\*1)</sup>SH1 series do not have this terminal.

## [CC-<u>20</u>]~[CC-<u>33</u>]

#### **Output terminal response**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CC-20 Output terminal [11] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-21 Output terminal [11] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-22 Output terminal [12] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-23 Output terminal [12] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-24 Output terminal [13] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-25 Output terminal [13] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-26 Output terminal [14] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-27 Output terminal [14] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-28 Output terminal [15] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-29 Output terminal [15] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-30 Output terminal [16] on-delay time*1)	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-31 Output terminal [16] off-delay time*1)	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-32 Output terminal [AL] on-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
CC-33 Output terminal [AL] off-delay time	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00

<sup>•</sup> Sets the delay time since the output terminal changes, until it actually become responsive.

[Intelligent output terminal function list]

Function code	Symbol	Function name	Description
000	no	Not use	
001	RUN	Running	While output is active
002	FA1	Constant-speed	When constant speed
002	IAI	reached	reached, ON
003	FA2	Set speed	ON at reaching the specified
		overreached	frequency or more
004	FA3	Set frequency reached	ON only at reaching the specified frequency
		Set speed	ON at reaching the specified
005	FA4	overreached 2	frequency 2 or more
006	FA5	Set speed reached	ON only at reaching the specified frequency 2
007	IRDY	inverter ready	ON when inverter is ready
008	FWR	Forward rotation	ON while in forward drive
009	RVR	Reverse rotation	ON while in reverse drive
010	FREF	Speed referenc =	ON if the frequency
		Keypad is selected	reference is from keypad
011	חרר	Run command =	ON if the motion
011	REF	Keypad is selected	operation is from operation keypad
		2nd control is	
012	SETM	selcted	ON if 2nd-motor selected
016	OPO	Option output	Controlled by the Option
017	AL	Alarm	ON when trip happens
018	MJA	Major failure	ON if major failure trips
019	OTQ	Over-torque	ON if torque is exceeded
020	IP	Instantaneous power failure	ON if control power drops
021	UV	Undervoltage	ON if main voltage drops
022	TRQ	Torque limited	ON if torque limit operates
		IP-Non stop function	
023	IPS	is active	ON if set in power loss
024	RNT	Accumulated operation time over	ON if set time is exceeded
025	ONT	Accumulated power-on time over	ON if set time is exceeded
026	THM	Electronic thermal alarm signal(MTR)	ON if motor thermal integral value exceeds set value
027	THC	Electronic thermal alarm signal(CTL)	ON if inverter thermal integral value exceeds set value
029	WAC	Capacitor life warning	ON by life warning
030	WAF	Cooling-fan speed drop	ON by life warning
031	FR	Starting contact signal	On while in operation
032	OHF	Heat sink overheat	ON when the heatsink is
		warning .	overheated.
033	LOC	Low-current indication signal	ON if output current is less that the specified value
034	LOC2	Low-current indication signal 2	ON if output current is less that the specified value
035	OL	Overload notice	ON if output current
		advance signal (1)	exceeds specified value
036	OL2	Overload notice	ON if output current exceeds specified value
037	BRK	advance signal (2) Brake release	ON when brake releases
			ON if abnormality in
038	BER	Brake error	sequence happens
039	CON	Contactor control	ON if contactor releases

<sup>\*1)</sup>SH1 series do not have this terminal.

[Output terminal function list]

Function code	Symbol	Function name	Description
040	ZS	Zero speed	ON if output frequency is
		detection Speed deviation	less than set value ON if speed deviation
041	DSE	over	exceeds the set value
042	DDD	Position deviation	ON if position deviation
042	PDD	over	exceeds the set value
043	POK	Positioning	ON if positioning is
		completed Pulse count	completed ON when set value and
044	PCMP	compare match	pulse train comparator
		output	matches.
045	OD	Deviation over for	ON if PID control deviation
		PID control PID1 feedback	exceeds the set value ON if PID feedback is
046	FBV	comparison	within range
047	002	OD:Deviation over	ON if PID control deviation
047	OD2	for PID2 control	exceeds the set value
048	FBV2	PID2 feedback	ON if PID feedback is
		comparison	within range ON if communication is
049	NDc	Communication line disconnection	lost with operation keypad
		Analog [Ai1]	,
050	Ai1Dc	disconnection	ON if Analog input 1 is less than the set value
		detection	Than the set value
051	Ai2Dc	Analog [Ai2] disconnection	ON if Analog input 2 is less
031	711250	detection	than the set value
		Analog [Ai3]	ON if Analog input 3 is less
052	Ai3Dc	disconnection	than the set value
		detection	
053	Ai4Dc	Analog [Ai4] disconnection	ON if Analog input 4 is less
		detection	than the set value
		Analog [Ai5]	ON if Analog input 5 is less
054	Ai5Dc	disconnection detection	than the set value
		Analog [Ai6]	
055	Ai6Dc	disconnection	ON if Analog input 6 is less than the set value
		detection	
056	WCAi1	Window	ON if Analog input 1 is
		comparator Ai2 Window	within range ON if Analog input 2 is
057	WCAi2	comparator Ai2	within range
058	WCAi3	Window	ON if Analog input 3 is
038	WCAIS	comparator Ai3	within range
059	WCAi4	Window	ON if Analog input 4 is
		comparator Ai4 Window	within range ON if Analog input 5 is
060	WCAi5	comparator Ai5	within range
061	WCAi6	Window	ON if Analog input 6 is
001	***************************************	comparator Ai6	within range
062	LOG1	Logical operation result 1	
<u> </u>		Logical operation	1
063	LOG2	result 2	
064	LOG3	Logical operation	
30 7		result 3	Determined by the
065	LOG4	Logical operation result 4	calculation results of two
		Logical operation	output terminals
066	LOG5	result 5	
067	LOG6	Logical operation	
		result 6	
068	LOG7	Logical operation result 7	
		result /	

[Output terminal function list]

Function code	Symbol	Function name	Description
069	MO1	General-purpose output 1	
070	MO2	General-purpose output 2	
071	МОЗ	General-purpose output 3	
072	MO4	General-purpose output 4	Set if case of use of EzSQ
073	MO5	General-purpose output 5	
074	M06	General-purpose output 6	
075	M07	General-purpose output 7	
076	EMFC	Bypass mode	ON while in force
		indicator	operation
077	EMBP	Speed deviation over	ON while in bypass operation
078	WFT	Trace function waiting for trriger	ON while in waiting status
079	TRA	Trace function data logging	ON while in stand-by
080	LBK	Low-battery of keypad	ON while in low battery or when no contain battery on keypad
081	OVS	Over-Voltage power Supply	ON when become overvoltage in stop status
084	AC0	Alarm code bit-0	ON if detects low battery
085	AC1	Alarm code bit-1	Alarm information is
086	AC2	Alarm code bit-2	delivered as bit.
087	AC3	Alarm code bit-3	Use the user's guide for more information.
089	OD3	Deviation over for PID control	ON when PID deviation exceeds the value [AJ-37]
090	FBV3	PID3 feedback comparison	ON when PID feedback is between [AJ-38]/[AJ-39]
091	OD4	Deviation over for PID4 control	ON when PID deviation exceeds the value [AJ-57]
092	FBV4	PID4 feedback comparison	ON when PID feedback is between [AJ-58]/[AJ-59]
093	SSE	PID soft start error	ON when PID soft start became in warning status

## [CC-<u>40</u>]~[CC-<u>60</u>]

#### Combinational output terminal

C	Combinational output terminal				
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value		
	CC-40 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG1	<pre><intelligent function="" list="" output="" terminal=""> reference</intelligent></pre>	00		
	CC-41 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG1	<pre><intelligent function="" list="" output="" terminal=""> reference</intelligent></pre>	00		
	<b>CC-42</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG1	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
	CC-43 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG2	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	CC-44 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG2	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	<b>CC-45</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG2	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
	<b>CC-46</b> Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG3	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	CC-47 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG3	<pre><intelligent function="" list="" output="" terminal=""> reference</intelligent></pre>	00		
	<b>CC-48</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG3	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
signal	CC-49 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG4	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
Logical output signal	CC-50 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG4	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
Logic	<b>CC-51</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG4	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
	CC-52 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG5	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	CC-53 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG5	<pre><intelligent function="" list="" output="" terminal=""> reference</intelligent></pre>	00		
	<b>CC-54</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG5	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
	CC-55 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG6	<pre><intelligent function="" list="" output="" terminal=""> reference</intelligent></pre>	00		
	CC-56 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG6	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	CC-57 Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG6	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		
	CC-58 Logical calculation target 1 selection of LOG7	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	CC-59 Logical calculation target 2 selection of LOG7	<intelligent output<br="">terminal function list&gt; reference</intelligent>	00		
	<b>CC-60</b> Logical calculation Symbol selection of LOG7	00(AND)/01(OR)/ 02(XOR)	00		

<sup>\*1)062:</sup>LOG1~068:LOG7 are not selectable.

## [Cd-<u>01</u>]~[Cd-<u>35</u>]

#### Analog output terminal adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Cd-01</b> [FM] monitor output wave form selection	00(PWM)/ 01(Frequency)	00
Cd-02 [FM] monitor base frequency (at PWM output)	0∼3600(Hz)	2880
<b>Cd-03</b> [FM] Monitor output selection		dA-01
<b>Cd-04</b> [Ao1] Monitor output selection	Set monitor code	dA-01
Cd-05 [Ao2] Monitor output selection		dA-01
<b>Cd-10</b> Analog monitor adjust mode enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
<b>Cd-11</b> Filter time constant of [FM] monitor	1~500(ms)	10
Cd-12[FM] monitor output data type selection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
Cd-13 [FM] monitor bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
Cd-14 [FM] gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>Cd-15</b> Output level setting at [FM] adjustment mode	0.0~300.0(%)	100.0
Cd-21 Filter time constant of [Ao1] monitor	1~500(ms)	10
Cd-22 [Ao1] data type selection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
Cd-23 [Ao1] bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	100.0
Cd-24 [Ao1] gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
Cd-25 Output level setting at [Ao1] adjustment mode	0.0~300.0(%)	100.0
<b>Cd-31</b> Filter time constant of [Ao2] monitor	1~500(ms)	10
Cd-32 [Ao2] data type se lection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
Cd-33 [Ao2] bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
Cd-34 [Ao2] gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
Cd-35 Output level setting at [Ao2] adjustment mode  • Regarding the adjustment	0.0~300.0(%)	100.0

Regarding the adjustment method of the Analogue output, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.

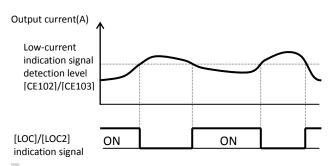
<sup>•</sup> The logical operation function is used to output the combinational result of two selected output terminals.

## [CE1<u>01</u>]~[CE1<u>07</u>]

#### Low-current detection signal

2017 Carrent actedion signar				
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value		
CE101 Low-current indication signal mode selection, 1st-motor	00(During Acc/Decel and constant-speed operation) 01(only during constant-speed operation)	01		
CE102 Low-current detection level 1, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current×(0.00 ~ 2.00)	Inverter rated current ×1.00		
CE103 Low-current detection level 2, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current×(0.00 ~ 2.00)	Inverter rated current ×1.00		

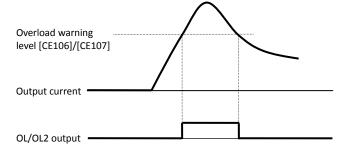
• In the case of low-current, outputs a signal.



**Overload detection signal** 

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CE105 Overload warning signal mode selection, 1st-motor	00(During Acc/Decel and constant speed)/ 01(During constant speed only)	01
CE106 Overload warning level 1, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current×(0.00~2.00)	Inverter rated current ×1.00
CE107 Overload warning level 2, 1st-motor	Inverter rated current×(0.00~2.00)	Inverter rated current ×1.00

• In the case of overload, outputs a signal.



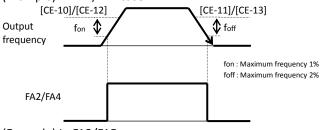
## [CE-<u>10</u>]~[CE-<u>31</u>]

#### Frequency arrival signal

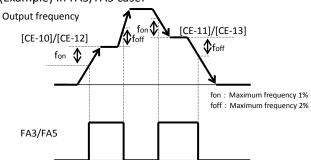
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CE-10</b> Arrival frequency for acceleration 1		0.00
<b>CE-11</b> Frequency arrival for deceleration 1	0.00~	0.00
<b>CE-12</b> Arrival frequency for acceleration 2	590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>CE-13</b> Frequency arrival for deceleration 2		0.00

• Sets the operation of the arrival signal.

(Example) In FA2/FA4 case:



(Example) In FA3/FA5 case:



#### Over-torque signal

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CE120</b> Over-torque level (Forward during), 1st-motor		100.0
<b>CE121</b> Over-torque level (Reverse driving), 1st-motor		
<b>CE122</b> Over-torque level (Forward regenerative), 1st-motor	0.0~500.0(%)	100.0
<b>CE123</b> Over-torque level (Forward driving), 1st-motor		100.0

• Sets the level to output the 019[OTQ] signal, when using vector control and the torque goes over the limit.

#### **Electronic thermal warning**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CE-30 Electronic thermal level (motor)	0.00~	80.00
CE-31 Electronic thermal level (inverter)	100.00(%)	80.00

- Sets the level to output the motor electronic thermal warning 026[THM].
- Sets the level to output the inverter electronic thermal warning 027[THC].

## [CE-<u>33</u>]~[CE-<u>55</u>]

#### **OHz speed detection signal**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CE-33 Zero speed detection level	0.00~100.00(Hz)	0.00

 Sets the level in which the Inverter outputs the OHz detection signal 040[ZS]

#### Cooling fan overheat warning signal

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CE-34 Cooling fan overheat	0~200(°C)	120
warning level		

 Sets the level in which outputs the Heat sink overheat warning 032[OHF].

#### Signals for RUN/ON beyond time

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CE-36 Accum. RUN(RNT) / Accum.Power-ON(ONT) time setting	0~100000(hour)	0

 Sets the level in which the Inverter outputs the RUN beyond time 024[RNT] and the Power-on beyond time 025[ONT].

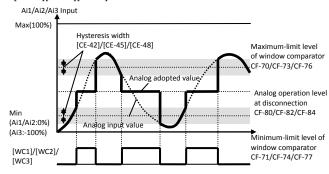
## Window comparator (detection of terminal disconnection)

u	disconnection			
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
	CE-40 [Ai1] Upper limit	0~100(%)	100	
_	CE-41 [Ai1] Lower limit	0~100(%)	0	
Window comparator	CE-42 [Ai1] Hysteresis width	0~10(%)	0	
ıpar	CE-43 [Ai2] Upper limit	0~100(%)	100	
con	CE-44 [Ai2] Lower limit	0~100(%)	0	
yok	CE-45 [Ai2] Hysteresis width	0~10(%)	0	
Vinc	CE-46 [Ai3] Upper limit	-100~100(%)	100	
>	CE-47 [Ai3] Lower limit	-100~100(%)	-100	
	CE-48 [Ai3] Hysteresis width	0~10(%)	0	
	CE-50 [Ai1] Operation level	0~100(%)	0	
Disconnection detection	CE-51 [Ai1] Level enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Inside range)/ 02(Out of range)	00	
g q	CE-52 [Ai2] Operation level	0~100(%)	0	
nectior	CE-53 [Ai2] Level enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Inside range)/ 02(Out of range)	00	
con	CE-54 [Ai3] Operation level	-100~100(%)	0	
Dis	CE-55 [Ai3] Level enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Inside range)/ 02(Out of range)	00	

- Outputs a signal whenever the Analog input value is within or out of range.
- As for disconnection detection, if is within or out of range, a value can be set for the operation.

## [CF2<u>01</u>]~[CF2<u>23</u>]

#### If [CE-51][CE-53][CE-55]=02



**2nd motor** When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CE201</b> Low-current indication signal output mode selection, 2nd-motor	Same as CE101	
<b>CE202</b> Low-current detection level 1, 2nd-motor	Same as CE102	
<b>CE203</b> Low-current detection level 2, 2nd-motor	Same as CE103	
<b>CE205</b> Overload warning signal output mode selection, 2nd-motor	Same as CE105	
CE206 Overload warning level 1, 2nd-motor	Same as CE106	
CE207 Overload warning level 2, 2nd-motor	Same as CE107	
CE220 Over-torque level (Reverse regenerative), 2nd-motor	Same as CE120	
<b>CE221</b> Over-torque level (Reverse driving), 2nd-motor	Same as CE121	
CE222 Over-torque level (Forward regenerative), 2nd-motor	Same as CE122	
CE223 Over-torque level (Forward driving), 2nd-motor	Same as CE123	

## [CF-<u>01</u>]~[CF-<u>08</u>]

#### **Modbus communication**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CF-01</b> RS485 communication baud rate selection	03(2400bps)/ 04(4800bps)/ 05(9600bps)/ 06(19.2kbps)/ 07(38.4kbps)/ 08(57.6kbps)/ 09(76.8kbps)/ 10(115.2kbps)	05
<b>CF-02</b> RS485 communication Node allocation	1~247	1
<b>CF-03</b> RS485 communication parity selection	00(Absent)/ 01(Even parity)/ 02(Odd parity)	00
CF-04 RS485 communication stop-bit selection	01(1bit)/02(2bit)	01
<b>CF-05</b> RS485 communication erroort selection	00(Error)/ 01(Tripping after deceleration and stopping the motor)/ 02(Ignore errors)/ 03(Stopping the motor after free-run)/ 04(Deceleration and stopping the motor)	02
CF-06 RS485 communication trip limit time setting (timeout)	0.00~100.00(s)	0.00
<b>CF-07</b> RS485 communication wait time	0~1000(ms)	0
<b>CF-08</b> RS485 communication mode selection	01(Modbus-RTU)/ 02(EzCOM)/ 03(EzCOM control)	01

- Sets the Modbus communication function for its use.
- When using communication function between inverter EzCOM, set a value except 01 for [CF-08].
- For more information, refer to the User's guide.

## [CF-<u>20</u>]~[CF-<u>50</u>]

#### **EzCOM** peer to peer communication

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
CF-20 EzCOM Start node No.	01~08	01
CF-21 EzCOM End node No.	01~08	01
CF-22 EzCOM Start selection	00(Terminal ECOM)/ 01(Always)	00
CF-23 EzCOM data size	01~05	05
CF-24 EzCOM destination address 1	1~247	1
CF-25 EzCOM destination register 1	0000~FFFF	0000
CF-26 EzCOM source register 1	0000~FFFF	0000
CF-27 EzCOM destination address 2	1~247	2
<b>CF-28</b> EzCOM destination register 2	0000~FFFF	0000
CF-29 EzCOM source register 2	0000~FFFF	0000
<b>CF-30</b> EzCOM destination address 3	1~247	3
<b>CF-31</b> EzCOM destination register 3	0000~FFFF	0000
<b>CF-32</b> EzCOM source register 3	0000~FFFF	0000
CF-33 EzCOM destination address 4	1~247	4
<b>CF-34</b> EzCOM destination register 4	0000~FFFF	0000
CF-35 EzCOM source register 4	0000~FFFF	0000
<b>CF-36</b> EzCOM destination address 5	1~247	5
<b>CF-37</b> EzCOM destination register 5	0000~FFFF	0000
<b>CF-38</b> EzCOM source register 5	0000~FFFF	0000

- Set for the use of EzCOM function.
- For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### **USB** node code

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>CF-50</b> USB communication node selection	1~247	1

 Sets the USB code in the case of multiple inverter connections with ProDriveNext(PC software), as is also required in the ProDriveNext side.

### [HA-01]~[HA115]

■Parameter mode (H code)

#### Auto-tuning

, ta to ta8			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
HA-01 Auto-tuning selection	00(Disable)/ 01(No-rotation)/ 02(Rotation)/	00	
<b>HA-02</b> RUN command selection at Auto-tuning	00(RUN-key)/ 01(By [AA111]/ and [AA211])	00	
HA-03 Online auto-tuning selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00	

- After setting the motor basic parameters, by the auto-tuning operation you can get the constant of the motor.
- For no-rotation auto-tuning, the following variables are acquired, IM:[Hb110] ~ [Hb114], SM(PMM):[Hd110] ~ [Hd114].
- For rotation auto-tuning, the following variables are acquired, IM:[Hb110] ~ [Hb118]. Keep the operation conditions, as the motor can rotate.
- Auto-tuning start is done by the RUN-key ([HA-02] Initial value)
- If [HA-04] is changed, the display unit will change also.

#### **Motor stabilization (Hunting)**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HA110 Stabilization	0~1000(%)	100
constant, 1st-motor	0 2000(/0)	

- For hunting in driving pumps or fans, lower the value of the stabilization constant for adjustment.
- In the case that the duty is relatively light, and occurs hunting, increase the stabilization constant.

#### Control mode response adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HA115 Speed response, 1st motor	0~1000(%)	100

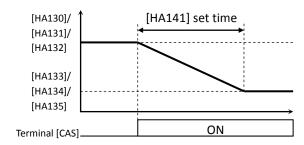
- You can adjust the speed response in the operation control of the inverter.
- ⇒[AA121] control mode

### [HA120]~[HA134]

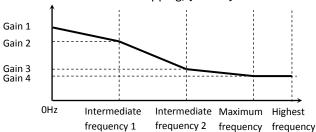
#### **Control response gain**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>HA120</b> ASR gain switching mode selection, 1st-motor	00([CAS] terminal)/ 01(Change set)	00
<b>HA121</b> Gain switching time, 1st-motor	0~10000(ms)	100
<b>HA122</b> ASR gain mapping intermediate speed 1, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>HA123</b> ASR gain mapping intermediate speed 2, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>HA124</b> ASR gain mapping Maximum speed, 1st-motor	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
<b>HA125</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 1, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	0.0
<b>HA126</b> ASR gain mapping I-gain 1, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	0.0
<b>HA127</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 1 at P-control, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00	1.00
<b>HA128</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 2, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>HA129</b> ASR gain mapping I-gain 2, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>HA130</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 2 at P-control, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00	1.00
<b>HA131</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 3, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>HA132</b> ASR gain mapping I-gain 3, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>HA133</b> ASR gain mapping P-gain 4, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>HA134</b> ASR gain mapping I-gain 4, 1st-motor	0.0~1000.0(%)	100.0

- Current response of the motor control ca be changed.
- In case of [CAS] terminal switching, [HA120]=00



• In case of Control Gain Mapping, [HA120]=01



## [HA2<u>10</u>]~[HA2<u>34</u>]

**2nd motor** When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

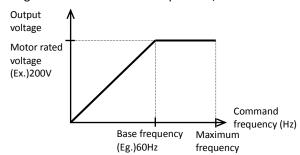
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HA210 Stabilization constant, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA110
HA215 Speed response, 2nd motor	Same as	HA115
HA220 ASR gain switching mode selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA120
HA221 Gain switching time, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA121
<b>HA222</b> ASR gain mapping intermediate speed 1, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA122
<b>HA223</b> ASR gain mapping intermediate speed 2, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA123
<b>HA224</b> ASR gain mapping Maximum speed, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA124
HA225 ASR gain mapping P-gain 1, 2nd-motor	ASR gain mapping P-gain 1, Same as HA125	
HA226 ASR gain mapping I-gain 1, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA126
HA227 ASR gain mapping P-gain 1 at P-control, 2nd-motor  Same as HA1		HA127
HA228 ASR gain mapping P-gain 2, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA128
HA229 ASR gain mapping I-gain 2, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA129
HA230 ASR gain mapping P-gain 2 at P-control, 2nd-motor		HA130
HA231 ASR gain mapping P-gain 3, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA131
HA232 ASR gain mapping I-gain 3, 2nd-motor	Same as	HA132
HA233 ASR gain mapping P-gain 4, Same as HA13		HA133
HA234 ASR gain mapping I-gain 4, Same as HA13		HA134

## [Hb1<u>02</u>]~[Hb1<u>08</u>]

#### **Basic parameters for Induction motor**

		Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
100		<b>Hb102</b> Async. Motor capacity setting, 1st-motor	0.01 ~ 160.00 (kW)	Motor capacity setting	
		<b>Hb103</b> Async. Motor poles setting, 1st-motor	2~48 (Pole)	4	
	or (IM)	<b>Hb104</b> Async. Motor Base frequency setting, 1st-motor	10.00 ~ 590.00 (Hz)	60.00(JPN)(USA)/ 50.00(EU)(ASIA)(CHN)	
	Induction motor (IM)	<b>Hb105</b> Async. Motor Maximum frequency setting, 1st-motor	10.00 ~ 590.00 (Hz)	60.00(JPN)(USA)/ 50.00(EU)(ASIA)(CHN)	
	lnd	<b>Hb106</b> Async. Motor rated voltage, 1st-motor	1~1000 (V)	(200V Class) 200(JPN) 230(EU)(USA)(ASIA)(CHN) (400V Class) 400(JPN)(EU)(ASIA)(CHN) 460(USA)	
		Hb108 Async. Motor rated current, 1st-motor	0.01~10000.00 (A)	Motor capacity setting	

- If the motor capacity [Hb102] and number of poles [Hb103] are changed, the motor characteristics are set according to the internal Hitachi table values.
- The output is decided by setting the frequency and voltage. Below there is an example of V / f control.



 By setting the motor rated current, a reference current for the motor protection is set.

#### XInitial value depends on the inverter. ✓

Motor typical data	Code	Range of values (Unit)
Capacity	[Hb102]	0.01~160.00 (kW)
Number of poles	[Hb103]	2~48 (poles)
Fraguency	[Hb104]	10.00~590.00 (Hz)
Frequency	[Hb105]	10.00~590.00 (Hz)
Voltage	[Hb106]	1~1000 (V)
Current	[Hb108]	0.01~10000.00 (A)

## [Hb1<u>10</u>]~[Hb1<u>31</u>]

#### **Induction motor constants**

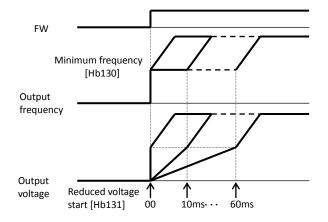
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Induction Motor (IM)	<b>Hb110</b> Async. Motor constant R1, 1st-motor	0.000001~1000.000000 (Ω)	Motor capacity setting
	<b>Hb112</b> Async. Motor constant R2, 1st-motor	0.000001~1000.000000 (Ω)	Motor capacity setting
	<b>Hb11</b> Async. Motor constant L, 1st-motor	0.000001~1000.000000 (mH)	Motor capacity setting
	<b>Hb116</b> Async. Motor constant lo, 1st-motor	0.01~1000.00 (A)	Motor capacity setting
	<b>Hb118</b> Async. Motor constant J, 1st-motor	0.00001~10000.00000 (kgm2)	Motor capacity setting

- If the motor capacity[Hb102] and number of poles [Hb103] are changed, the motor characteristics are set according to the internal Hitachi table values.
- For no-rotation auto-tuning, the following variables are acquired: [Hb110] ~ [Hb114].
- For rotation auto-tuning, the following variables are acquired: [Hb110] ~ [Hb118]
- It is possible to input the data obtained from the motor manufacturer. However, it must also include the data of the wiring and the like.

#### Minimum frequency setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Hb130</b> Minimum frequency, 1st-motor	0.00~10.00(Hz)	0.50
<b>Hb131</b> Reduced voltage start time, 1st-motor	0~2000(ms)	36

- If the torque at the time of start-up is not enough, you can change the settings to raise the lowest frequency.
- Raise the minimum frequency, if the trip occurs, set a longer time of reduced voltage start selection.



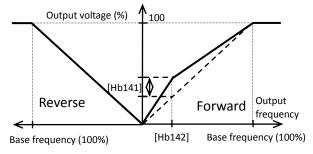
### [Hb140]~[Hb146]

#### Manual torque boost adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Hb140</b> Manual torque boost operational mode selection, 1st-motor	00(Disabled)/ 01(Enabled)/ 02(Only forward)/ 03(Only reverse)	01
<b>Hb141</b> Manual torque boost value, 1st-motor	0.0~20.0(%)	0.0
<b>Hb142</b> Manual torque boost Peak speed, 1st-motor	0.0~50.0(%)	0.0

 In the manual boost operation mode only forward or reverse boost can be selected.

#### • Example [Hb140]=02



#### **Eco Drive function**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Hb145</b> Eco drive enable, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
<b>Hb146</b> Eco drive response adjustment, 1st-motor	0~100(%)	50

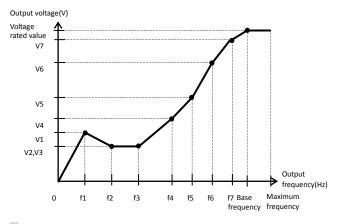
 In V/f control, if the energy saving operations is enabled, enters an energy saving control.

## [Hb1<u>50</u>]~[Hb1<u>80</u>]

#### Free V/f setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Hb150 Free-V/f frequency 1,	0.00~ [Hb152](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb151</b> Free V/f voltage 1	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
<b>Hb152</b> Free V/f frequency 2	[Hb150] ~ [Hb154](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb153</b> Free V/f voltage 2	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
<b>Hb154</b> Free V/f frequency 3	[Hb152] ~ [Hb156](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb155</b> Free V/f voltage 3	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
Hb156 Free V/f frequency 4	[Hb154] ~ [Hb158](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb157</b> Free V/f voltage 4	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
<b>Hb158</b> Free V/f frequency 5	[Hb156] ~ [Hb160](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb159</b> Free V/f voltage 5	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
Hb160 Free V/f frequency 6	[Hb158] ~ [Hb162](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb161</b> Free V/f voltage 6	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0
<b>Hb162</b> Free V/f frequency 7	[Hb160] ~ [Hb105](Hz)	0.00
<b>Hb163</b> Free V/f voltage 7	0.0~1000.0(V)	0.0

 Frequency 1(f1) ~ frequency (f7) and the corresponding voltage 1(V1) ~ voltage 7(V7) are set below the base frequency and rated voltage. In the case of a high-frequency motor, set the base/highest frequency the first.



#### V/f feedback control adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>Hb170</b> Slip Compensation P-gain with encoder	0~1000(%)	100	
<b>Hb171</b> Slip Compensation I-gain with encoder	0~1000(%)	100	

 When [AA121] is set as feedback control, slip compensation is possible.

#### Output adjustment gain

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Hb180 Output voltage gain	0~255(%)	100

• When the motor is hunting, you might want to improve the adjustment of the voltage gain.

### [Hb2<u>02</u>]~[Hb2<u>80</u>]

**2nd motor** When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name		Range (unit)	Initial value
	Hb202 Capacity selection, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb102	
	Hb203 Number of poles, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb103	
Σ	Hb204 Base frequency, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb104	
nduction Motor (IM)	<b>Hb205</b> Maximum frequency, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb105	
٧o	Hb206 Rated voltage, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb106	
ľ	Hb208 Rated current, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb108	
tio	Hb210 Constant R1, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb110	
Inc	Hb212 Constant R2, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb112	
luo	Hb214 Constant L, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb114	
	Hb216 Constant Io, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb	116
	Hb218 Constant J, 2nd-motor	Same as Hb	118

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Hb230 Minimum frequency, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb130
Hb231 Reduced voltage start time, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb131
<b>Hb240</b> Manual torque boost operation mode selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb140
Hb241 Manual torque boost value, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb141
Hb242 Manual torque boost peak, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb142
<b>Hb245</b> Energy saving operation selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb145
<b>Hb246</b> Energy saving mode adjustment, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb146
Hb250 Free V/f frequency (1) , 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb150
Hb251 Free V/f voltage (1), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb151
Hb252 Free V/f frequency (2), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb152
Hb253 Free V/f voltage (2), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb153
Hb254 Free V/f frequency (3), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb154
Hb255 Free V/f voltage (3), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb155
Hb256 Free V/f frequency (4), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb156
Hb257 Free V/f voltage (4) , 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb157
Hb258 Free V/f frequency (5) , 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb158
Hb259 Free V/f voltage (5) , 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb159
Hb260 Free V/f frequency (6), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb160
Hb261 Free V/f voltage (6) , 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb161
Hb262 Free V/f frequency (7), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb162
Hb263 Free-setting V/f voltage (7), 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb163
<b>Hb270</b> Slip Compensation P-gain with encoder, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb170
<b>Hb271</b> Slip Compensation I-gain with encoder, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb171
Hb280 Output voltage gain, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hb180

### [HC101]~[HC121]

#### Automatic torque boost adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>HC101</b> Automatic torque boost voltage compensation gain, 1st-motor	0~255(%)	100
HC102 Automatic torque boost slip compensation gain, 1st-motor	0~255(%)	100

• If is chosen the automatic torque boost control function in [AA121], adjustments can be made. For more information, refer to the user's guide.

#### Sensorless vector control start

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HC110 Zero speed area limit, 1st-motor	0~100(%)	80
HC111 Boost value at start, 1st-motor (IM-SLV,IM-CLV)	0~50(%)	0
HC112 Boost value at start, 1st-motor (IM-0Hz-SLV)	0~50(%)	10

 When [AA121] is Sensorless vector control or OHz-Area sensor less vector control, start boost is possible.

#### Secondary resistor compensation function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HC113 Secondary resistance correction, 1st-motor	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00

- This control method, in vector control (with encoder/ sensorless/0Hz), gets the temperature of the motor, and reduces the speed variation due to temperature change.
- If you want to use this function, use a thermistor PB-41E from Shibaura Electronics(Ltd.) with [Cb-40]=02(NTC).

#### Reverse run protection function

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HC114 Reverse run	00(Disable)/01(Enable)	00
protection enable, 1st-motor		

 This function is to prevent reverse output in a low frequency range for vector control such as (SLV/OHz SLV/CLV)

#### Motor control adjustment gain

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HC120 Time constant of torque current reference filter, 1st-motor	0~100(ms)	2
<b>HC121</b> Feedforward gain compensation adjustment for speed, 1st-motor	0~1000(%)	0

- [HC120] can put into effect a filter for torque command of sensorless vector control, OHz sensorless vector control and vector control with encoder.
- [HC121] adjust the compensation of the feedforward for torque command of sensorless vector control, 0Hz sensorless vector control and vector control with encoder.

### [HC201]~[HC221]

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
HC201 Automatic torque boost voltage compensation gain, 2nd-motor	Same as HC101	
HC202 Automatic torque boost slip compensation gain, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC102
HC210 Zero speed area limit, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC110
HC211 Boost value at start, 2nd-motor (IM-SLV,IM-CLV)	Same as	HC111
<b>HC212</b> Boost value at start, 2nd-motor (IM-0Hz-SLV)	Same as	HC112
<b>HC213</b> Secondary resistor compensation enable, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC113
<b>HC214</b> Counter direction run protection selection, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC114
<b>HC220</b> Torque current reference filter time constant, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC120
HC221 Speed feedforward compensation gain, 2nd-motor	Same as	HC121

### [Hd102]~[Hd118]

#### (SM/PMM) basic parameters

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
M)	Hd102 Sync. Motor capacity setting, 1st-motor	0.01~160.00 (kW)	Factory setting
Sync. Motor(SM/PMM)	Hd103 Sync. Motor capacity setting, 1st-motor	2~48(Pole)	Factory setting
ıc. Moto	<b>Hd104</b> Sync. Base frequency setting, 1st-motor	10.00~590.00 (Hz)	Factory setting
Magnet Syr	Hd105 Sync. Maximum frequency setting, 1st-motor	10.00~590.00 (Hz)	Factory setting
Permanent Magnet	Hd106 Sync. Motor rated voltage, 1st-motor	1~1000 (V)	Factory setting
Per	Hd108 Sync. Motor rated current, 1st-motor	0.01~10000.00 (A)	Factory setting

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>Hd110</b> Sync. Motor Constant R, 1st-motor	0.000001~ 1000.000000 (Ω)	Factory setting
Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (SM/PMM)	Hd112 Sync. Motor Constant Ld, 1st-motor	0.000001~ 1000.000000 (mH)	Factory setting
nent M onous M/PMN	<b>Hd114</b> Sync. Motor Constant Lq, 1st-motor	0.000001~ 1000.000000 (mH)	Factory setting
Perma Synchr (SI	<b>Hd116</b> Sync. Motor Constant Ke, 1st-motor	0.1~100000.0 (mVs/rad)	Factory setting
	<b>Hd118</b> Sync. Motor Constant J, 1st-motor	0.00001~ 10000.00000 (kgm2)	Factory setting

- Motor capacity and number of poles will be set by Hitachi characteristics table
- For SM/PMM, frequency, voltage, and the motor characteristics are necessary.
- If the maximum current is decided, sets with a margin the overcurrent detection level [bb160].

Motor typical data	Code	Range of values (unit)
Capacity	[Hd102]	0.01~160.00 (kW)
Number of poles	[Hd103]	2~48 (Poles)
Frequency	[Hd104]	10.00~590.00 (Hz)
	[Hd105]	10.00~590.00 (Hz)
Voltage	[Hd106]	1~1000 (V)
Current	[Hd108]	0.01~10000.00 (A)

XInitial value depends on the inverter.

- If motor capacity [Hd102], number of poles [Hd103] are changed, the motor characteristics are set according to the internal Hitachi table values.
- By auto-tuning at stop, values of [Hd110] ~ [Hd114] can be acquired.

## [Hd1<u>30</u>]~[Hd-<u>52</u>]

#### Minimum frequency settings

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Hd130 Minimum Frequency for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~50(%)	8
Hd131 No-Load current for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~100(%)	10

- By base frequency[Hd104]×[Hd130], change from Sync. to sensorless is possible.
- By [Hd131], the sensorless vector control no-load current is set.

#### Magnetic pole position estimation SM(PMM)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Hd132 Starting Method for Sync.M, 1st-motor	00(Synchronous)/ 01(Initial position estimate)	00
Hd133 IMPE 0V wait number for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~255	10
Hd134 IMPE detect wait number for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~255	10
Hd135 IMPE detect number for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~255	30
Hd136 IMPE voltage gain for Sync.M, 1st-motor	0~200(%)	100
Hd137 IMPE Mg-pole position offset, 1st-motor	0~359(°)	0

- By setting [Hd132] to initial position estimate, it will estimate the pole position, for next runs will use the saved position, unless it gets disconnected
- Offset [Hd137] is added at the first start when doing reverse motion.

#### **IVMS** setting

Code/	Range(unit)	Initial Value
Hd-41 Carrier frequency at IVMS	0.5~16.0(kHz)	2.0
<b>Hd-42</b> Filter gain of current detection at IVMS	0~1000	100
<b>Hd-43</b> VMS P-Gain for speed control, SM(PMM)-IVMS	00,01,02,03	00
<b>Hd-44</b> Open phase switching threshold compensation	00(disable)/01(enable)	00
<b>Hd-45</b> P gain for speed control SM(PMM)-IVMS	0~1000	100
<b>Hd-46</b> I gain for speed control SM(PMM)-IVMS	0~10000	100
<b>Hd-47</b> IVMS Wait time for open phase switching	0~1000	100
<b>Hd-48</b> Limitation of decision about the drive direction, SM(PMM)-IVMS	00(disable)/01(enable)	00
<b>Hd-49</b> open phase voltage detection timing adjustment, SM(PMM)-IVMS	0~1000	10
<b>Hd-50</b> Minimum pulse width adjustment, SM(PMM)-IVMS	0~1000	100
Hd-51 IVM threshold current limit	0~255	100
Hd-52 IVMS threshold gain	0~255	100

 Above parameters are for adjustment in SM(PMM) driving with IVMS. For more information, please contact with the distributor.

### [Hd2<u>02</u>]~[Hd2<u>37</u>]

2nd motor When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	Hd202 Sync. Motor capacity setting, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd102
JM)	Hd203 Sync. Motor poles setting, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd103
M/PN	<b>Hd204</b> Sync. Base frequency setting, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd104
or (S	<b>Hd205</b> Sync. Maximum frequency setting, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd105
. Mot	<b>Hd206</b> Sync. Motor rated voltage, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd106
Sync	<b>Hd208</b> Sync.Motor rated current, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd108
et	Hd210 Sync. Motor constant R, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd110
Magn	<b>Hd212</b> Sync.Motor constant Ld, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd112
Perm. Magnet Sync. Motor (SM/PMM)	<b>Hd214</b> Sync.Motor constant Lq, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd114
	<b>Hd216</b> Sync.Motor constant Ke, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd116
	Hd218 Sync.Motor constant J, 2nd-motor	Same as	Hd118

**2nd motor** When Intelligent Input terminal 024[SET] is enabled.

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Hd230</b> Minimum Frequency for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd130	
Hd231 No-Load current for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd131	
Hd232 Starting Method for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd132	
Hd233 IMPE 0V wait number for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd133	
Hd234 IMPE detect wait number for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd134	
<b>Hd235</b> IMPE detect number for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd135	
Hd236 IMPE voltage gain for Sync.M, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd136	
<b>Hd237</b> IMPE Mg-pole position offset, 2nd-motor	Same as Hd137	

## $[oA-\underline{10}] \sim [oA-\underline{33}][ob-\underline{01}] \sim [ob-\underline{04}]$

- ■Parameter mode (o code)
- o parameters are displayed by the [UA-22] = 01. This configuration is not necessary except when option is used.
- For more information, refer to the User's guide of the corresponding option.

Optional board error operation

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oA-10</b> Operation selection on option card error (SLOT-1)	00(Error)/ 01(Continue operation)	00
	<b>oA-11</b> Communication Watch Dog Timer (SLOT-1)	0.00~100.00(s)	1.00
Slot 1	<b>oA-12</b> Action selection at communication error (SLOT-1)	00(Error)/ 01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/ 02(Ignore error)/ 03(Free-run stop)/ 04(Decelerating and stopping)	01
	<b>oA-13</b> RUN command selection at start up (SLOT-1)	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
	<b>oA-20</b> Operation selection on option card error (SLOT-2)	00(Error)/ 01(Continue operation)	00
	<b>oA-21</b> Communication Watch Dog Timer (SLOT-2)	0.00~100.00(s)	1.00
Slot 2	<b>oA-22</b> Action selection at communication error (SLOT-2)	00(Error)/ 01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/ 02(Ignore error)/ 03(Free-run stop)/ 04(Decelerating and stopping)	01
	<b>oA-23</b> RUN command selection at start up (SLOT-2)	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
	<b>oA-30</b> Operation selection on option card error (SLOT-3)	00(Error)/ 01(Continue operation)	00
	<b>oA-31</b> Communication Watch Dog Timer (SLOT-3)	0.00~100.00(s)	1.00
Slot 3	<b>oA-32</b> Action selection at communication error (SLOT-3)	00(Error)/ 01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/ 02(Ignore error)/ 03(Free-run stop)/ 04(Decelerating and stopping)	01
	<b>oA-33</b> RUN command selection at start up (SLOT-3)	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00

• For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### P1-FB Optional board encoder input setting

Code/Name Range (unit)		Initial value
<b>ob-01</b> Encoder constant setting	0∼65535(Pulse)	1024
<b>ob-02</b> Encoder position selection	00(A Phase, Cos lead)/ 01(B Phase, Sin lead)	0
<b>ob-03</b> Motor gear ratio Numerator	1~10000	1
<b>ob-04</b> Motor gear ratio Denominator	1~10000	1

 Sets the encoder to be input into the optional board, and sets the motor gear ratio involved in the feedback of the encoder.

## $[ob-10] \sim [ob-16] [oC-01] \sim [oC-28]$

#### P1-FB Pulse train input terminal setting

Code/Name		Range (unit)	Initial value
n input on)	<b>ob-10</b> Pulse train detection object selection (option)	00(Frequency reference)/ 01(Pulse count)/ 02(Speed feedback: sensor-V/f)	00
Pulse train input (option)	<b>ob-11</b> Mode selection of pulse input (option)	00(90º-phase-shift)/ 01(Forward/reverse operation and direction of rotation)/ 02(Forward/reverse operation with pulse train)	01
	<b>ob-12</b> Pulse train frequency scale (option)	equency scale 0.05~200.0(kHz)	
Pulse train frequency (option)	ob-13 Pulse train filter time constant (option)	0.01~2.00(s)	0.10
rain fred (option)	<b>ob-14</b> Pulse train bias value (option)	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
Pulse 1	ob-15 Pulse train detection high limit (option)  0.0~100.0(%)		100. 0
	<b>ob-16</b> Pulse train detection low limit (option)	0.0~100.0(%)	0.0

- Set when using the option feedback.
- For more information, refer to the user's guide of the corresponding option.

P1-FS Optional safety operation setting				
Code/Name	Range(unit)	Initial value		
oC-01 Safety option input display selection	00(Warning: with display)/ 01(Warning: without display)	00		
<b>oC-10</b> SS1-A deceleration time setting	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-12 SLS-A deceleration time setting	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-14 SLS-A Speed upper limit: (Forward)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00		
oC-15 SLS-A Speed upper limit: (Reverse)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00		
oC-16 SDI-A deceleration time setting	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-18 SDI-A limited direction	00(Limit) 01(Invert)	00		
oC-20 SS1-B deceleration time setting	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-22 SLS-B deceleration time setting	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-24 SLS-B Speed upper limit(Forward)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00		
oC-25 SLS-B Speed upper limit(Reverse)	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00		
oC-26 SDI-B deceleration time	0.00~3600.00(s)	30.00		
oC-28 SDI-B deceleration time setting	00(Limit) 01(Invert)	00		

<sup>•</sup> For more detail refer to optional board instruction.

## [oE-<u>01</u>]~[oE-<u>33</u>]

#### P1-AG Optional analog input setting

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oE-01</b> Filter time constant of [Ai4]	1~500(ms)	16
al	<b>oE-03</b> Start value of [Ai4]	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
rmin	<b>oE-04</b> End value of [Ai4]	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
[Ai4] terminal	oE-05 Start rate of [Ai4]	0.0~[oE-06](%)	0.0
[A]	<b>oE-06</b> End rate of [Ai4]	[oE-05]~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>oE-07</b> Start point selection of [Ai4]	00(start value[oE-03] ~ 01(0%)	01
	<b>oE-11</b> Filter time constant of [Ai5]	1~500(ms)	16
nal	<b>oE-13</b> Start value of [Ai5]	0.00~100.00(%)	0.00
Ai5] terminal	<b>oE-14</b> End value of [Ai5]	0.00~100.00(%)	100.00
۱۱5] t	<b>oE-15</b> Start rate of [Ai5]	0.0~[oE-16](%)	0.0
/]	<b>oE-16</b> End rate of [Ai5]	[oE-15]~100.0(%)	100.0
	<b>oE-17</b> Start point selection of [Ai5]	00(Start value)/ 01(0%)	01
al	<b>oE-21</b> Filter time constant of [Ai6]	1~500(ms)	16
rmin	<b>oE-23</b> Start value of [Ai6]	-100.00~100.00(%)	-100.00
[Ai6] terminal	<b>oE-24</b> End value of [Ai6]	-100.00~100.00(%)	100.00
[Aj	oE-25 Start rate of [Ai6]	-100.0~[oE-26](%)	-100.0
<b>oE-26</b> End rate of [Ai6] [oE-25]~10		[oE-25]~100.0(%)	100.0

 Regarding the adjustment method of the analog input, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.

 $[oE-28] \sim [oE-33]$ 

#### P1-AG Optional analog input adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>oE-28</b> [Ai4] Voltage/Current zero-bias adjustment	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
<b>oE-29</b> [Ai4] Voltage/Current gain adjustment	0.00~200.00(%)	100.00
<b>oE-30</b> [Ai5] Voltage/Current zero-bias adjustment	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
<b>oE-31</b> [Ai5] Voltage/Current gain adjustment	0.00~200.00(%)	100.00
<b>oE-32</b> [Ai6] Voltage zero-bias adjustment	-100.00~100.00(%)	0.00
<b>oE-33</b> [Ai6] Voltage gain adjustment	0.00~200.00(%)	100.00

 Regarding the adjustment method of the analog input, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.

## [oE-<u>35</u>]∼[oE-<u>49</u>]

#### P1-AG Window comparators output condition

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oE-35</b> Window comparator for [Ai4] higher level	0~100(%)	100
	<b>oE-36</b> Window comparator for [Ai4] lower level	0~100(%)	0
ڀِ	<b>oE-37</b> Window comparator for [Ai4] hysterisis width	0~10(%)	0
Window Comparator	<b>oE-38</b> Window comparator for [Ai5] higher level	0~100(%)	100
w Com	<b>oE-39</b> Window compareter for [Ai5] lower level	0~100(%)	0
Vindov	<b>oE-40</b> Window compareter for [Ai5] hysterisis width	0~10(%)	0
<b>&gt;</b>	<b>oE-41</b> Window compareter for [Ai6] higher level	-100~100(%)	100
	<b>oE-42</b> Window compareter for [Ai6] lower level	-100~100(%)	-100
	<b>oE-43</b> Window compareter for [Ai6] hysterisis width	0~10(%)	0
	<b>oE-44</b> Operation level at [AI4] disconnection	0~100(%)	0
ection	<b>oE-45</b> Operation level selection at [Ai4] disconnection	00(Disable)/ 01(Out of range)/ 02(Inside range)	00
on dete	<b>oE-46</b> Operation level at [AI5] disconnection	0~100(%)	0
Disconnection detection	<b>oE-47</b> Operation level selection at [Ai5] disconnection	00(Disable)/ 01(Out of range)/ 02(Inside range)	00
Discor	<b>oE-48</b> Operation level at [AI5] disconnection	0~100(%)	0
	<b>oE-49</b> Operation level selection at [Ai5] disconnection	00(Disable)/ 01(Out of range)/ 02(Inside range)	00

- Outputs a signal whenever the analog input value is within or out of range.
- As for disconnection detection, if it is in the case of within or out of the range, a value can be set for the operation command.

## [oE-<u>50</u>]~[oE-<u>70</u>]

#### P1-AG Optional analog output adjustment

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>oE-50</b> [Ao3] monitor output selection]		dA-01
<b>oE-51</b> [Ao4] monitor output selection	Set monitor code	dA-01
<b>oE-52</b> [Ao5] monitor output selection		dA-01
oE-56 Filter time constant of [Ao3] monitor[Ao3] Data type selection	1~500(ms)	100
<b>oE-57</b> [Ao3] Data type selection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
<b>oE-58</b> [Ao3] monitor bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
<b>oE-59</b> [Ao3] monitor gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>oE-60</b> Output level setting at [Ao3] monitor adjust mode	-100.0~100.0(%)	100.0
<b>oE-61</b> Filter time constant of [Ao4] monitor	1~500(ms)	100
<b>oE-62</b> [Ao4] Data type selection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
<b>oE-63</b> [Ao4] monitor bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
<b>oE-64</b> [Ao4] monitor gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>oE-65</b> Output level setting at [Ao4] monitor adjust mode	-100.0~100.0(%)	100.0
oE-66 Filter time constant of [Ao5] monitor	1~500(ms)	100
<b>oE-67</b> [Ao5] Data type selection	00(Absolute value)/ 01(Signed value)	00
<b>oE-68</b> [Ao5] monitor bias adjustment	-100.0~100.0(%)	0.0
<b>oE-69</b> [Ao5] monitor gain adjustment	-1000.0~1000.0(%)	100.0
<b>oE-70</b> Output level setting at [Ao5] monitor adjust mode	-100.0~100.0(%)	100.0

Regarding the adjustment method of the analog output, please refer to the chapter 3 example of I/O terminals adjustment.

[oJ-<u>01</u>]~[oJ-<u>40</u>]

## [oH-<u>01</u>]**~**[oH-<u>34</u>]

#### **Optional Interface**

Group A option I/F flexible command

P1-EN Optiona	l Ethernet setting
---------------	--------------------

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>oH-01</b> IP-address selection	00(Group 1)/ 01(Group 2)	00
<b>oH-02</b> Communication speed (port-1)	00(Auto-negotiation)/ 01(100M:full duplex)/ 02(100M:half duplex)/	00
<b>oH-03</b> Communication speed (port-2)	03(10M:full duplex)/ 04(10M:half duplex)	00
<b>oH-04</b> Ethernet communication timeout	1∼65535(×10ms)	3000
<b>oH-05</b> Modbus TCP Port No.(IPv4)	502, 1024 <b>~</b> 65535	502
<b>oH-06</b> Modbus TCP Port No.(IPv6)	502, 1024~65535	502

•	1100000					
	For more	information.	refer to	the	user's	guide.

P1-PB Optional PROFIBUS setting				
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value		
oH-20 Profibus Node address	0~125	0		
<b>oH-21</b> Profibus clear mode selection	00(Clear)/ 01(Keep last value)	00		
oH-22 Profibus Map selection	00(PPO)/ 01(Conventional)/ 02(Flexible Mode)	00		
<b>oH-23</b> setting enable from profibus master	00(enable)/01(disab le)	00		
oH-24 Telegram group selection	00(Gr.A)/01(Gr.B)/ 02(Gr.C)	00		

<sup>•</sup> Refer to optional instruction for more detail.

#### P1-PN Optional PROFINET setting

11 1 14 Optional 1 NOT INEL 3 Setting				
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value		
oH-30 IP-address selection	00(Gr.1)/01(Gr.2)	0		
<b>oH-31</b> Communication speed (port-1)	00(Auto-negotiation)/ 01(100M:full duplex)/ 02(100M:half duplex)/	00		
<b>oH-32</b> Communication speed (port-2)	03(10M:full duplex)/ 04(10M:half duplex)	00		
oH-33 Ethernet communication timeout	$1{\sim}$ 65535(nicati	3000		
oH-34 PROFINET Telegram group selection	00(Gr.A)/01(Gr.B)/ 02(Gr.C)	00		

 $<sup>\</sup>boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Refer to optional instruction for more detail.

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oJ-01</b> Register writing 1 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-02 Register writing 2 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-03 Register writing 3 Gr.A	0000∼FFFF	0000
	oJ-04 Register writing 4 Gr.A	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oJ-05</b> Register writing 5 Gr.A	0000∼FFFF	0000
puε	oJ-06 Register writing 6 Gr.A	0000∼FFFF	0000
nma	<b>oJ-07</b> Register writing 7 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
cor	oJ-08 Register writing 8 Gr.A	0000∼FFFF	0000
Group A option I/F flexible command	<b>oJ-09</b> Register writing 9 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
ell :	<b>oJ-10</b> Register writing 10 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
۱/F	<b>oJ-11</b> Register reading 1 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
otio	oJ-12 Register reading 2 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
Аок	oJ-13 Register reading 3 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
dno	oJ-14 Register reading 4 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
Gro	oJ-15 Register reading 5 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oJ-16</b> Register reading 6 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oJ-17</b> Register reading 7 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-18 Register reading 8 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oJ-19</b> Register reading 9 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-20 Register reading 10 Gr.A	0000~FFFF	0000
			<u> </u>

Group B option I/F flexible command

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oJ-21</b> Register writing 1 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-22 Register writing 2 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-23 Register writing 3 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-24 Register writing 4 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-25 Register writing 5 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
pu	oJ-26 Register writing 6 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
nma	oJ-27 Register writing 7 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
B option I/F flexible command	oJ-28 Register writing 8 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
ible	oJ-29 Register writing 9 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
flex	oJ-30 Register writing 10 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
1/F	oJ-31 Register reading 1 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
otior	oJ-32 Register reading 2 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
Вор	oJ-33 Register reading 3 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
Group	oJ-34 Register reading 4 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
Gro	oJ-35 Register reading 5 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-36 Register reading 6 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-37 Register reading 7 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	oJ-38 Register reading 8 Gr.B	0000∼FFFF	0000
	oJ-39 Register reading 9 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oJ-40</b> Register reading 10 Gr.B	0000~FFFF	0000

## [oJ-<u>41</u>]**~**[oH-<u>60</u>]

Group C option I/F flexible command

[oL-<u>01</u>]~[oL-<u>36</u>]

Grou	Group C option I/F flexible command			
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
	<b>oJ-41</b> Register writing 1 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	oJ-42 Register writing 2 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	oJ-43 Register writing 3 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-44</b> Register writing 4 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-45</b> Register writing 5 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
pue	<b>oJ-46</b> Register writing 6 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
nma	<b>oJ-47</b> Register writing 7 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
cor	<b>oJ-48</b> Register writing 8 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
ible	<b>oJ-49</b> Register writing 9 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
· fle>	<b>oJ-50</b> Register writing 10 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
۱/F	<b>oJ-51</b> Register reading 1 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
otio	<b>oJ-52</b> Register reading 2 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
Group C option I/F flexible command	<b>oJ-53</b> Register reading 3 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
dno	<b>oJ-54</b> Register reading 4 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
Gro	<b>oJ-55</b> Register reading 5 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-56</b> Register reading 6 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-57</b> Register reading 7 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-58</b> Register reading 8 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-59</b> Register reading 9 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
	<b>oJ-60</b> Register reading 10 Gr. C	0000~FFFF	0000	
_	- For more information, refer to the user's guide of the			

<sup>•</sup> For more information, refer to the user's guide of the corresponding option.

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oL-01</b> IPv4 IP-address (1) Gr.1	0~255	192
	<b>oL-02</b> IPv4 IP-address (2) Gr.1	0~255	168
	<b>oL-03</b> IPv4 IP-address (3) Gr.1	0~255	0
	<b>oL-04</b> IPv4 IP-address (4) Gr.1	0~255	2
۷4	<b>oL-05</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (1) Gr.1	0~255	255
1 IP	<b>oL-06</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (2) Gr.1	0~255	255
Group 1 IPv4	<b>oL-07</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (3) Gr.1	0~255	255
Gro	<b>oL-08</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (4) Gr.1	0~255	0
	<b>oL-09</b> IPv4 default gateway (1) Gr.1	0~255	192
	<b>oL-10</b> IPv4 default gateway (2) Gr.1	0~255	168
	<b>OL-11</b> IPv4 default gateway (3) Gr.1	0~255	0
	<b>oL-12</b> IPv4 default gateway (4) Gr.1	0~255	1
	<b>oL-20</b> IPv6 IP-address (1) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-21</b> IPv6 IP-address (2) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	OL-22 IPv6 IP-address (3) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	oL-23 IPv6 IP-address (4) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-24</b> IPv6 IP-address (5) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-25</b> IPv6 IP-address (6) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-26</b> IPv6 IP-address (7) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
Group 1 IPv6	<b>oL-27</b> IPv6 IP-address (8) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
p 1	<b>oL-28</b> IPv6 Sub-net prefix Gr.1	0~127	64
irou	<b>oL-29</b> IPv6 default gateway (1) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
0	<b>oL-30</b> IPv6 default gateway (2) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-31</b> IPv6 default gateway (3) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-32</b> IPv6 default gateway (4) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-33</b> IPv6 default gateway (5) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	oL-34 IPv6 default gateway (6) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-35</b> IPv6 default gateway (7) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-36</b> IPv6 default gateway (8) Gr.1	0000~FFFF	0000

<sup>•</sup> For more information, refer to the user's guide of the corresponding option .

## [oL-<u>40</u>]~[oL-<u>76</u>]

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>oL-40</b> IPv4 IP-address (1) Gr.2	0~255	192
	<b>oL-41</b> IPv4 IP-address (2) Gr.2	0~255	168
	<b>oL-42</b> IPv4 IP-address (3) Gr.2	0~255	0
	<b>oL-43</b> IPv4 IP-address (4) Gr.2	0~255	2
44	<b>OL-44</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (1) Gr.2	0~255	255
2 IP	<b>oL-45</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (2) Gr.2	0~255	255
Group 2 IPv4	<b>oL-46</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (3) Gr.2	0~255	255
G	<b>oL-47</b> IPv4 sub-net mask (4) Gr.2	0~255	0
	<b>oL-48</b> IPv4 default gateway (1) Gr.2	0~255	192
	<b>oL-49</b> IPv4 default gateway (2) Gr.2	0~255	168
	<b>oL-50</b> IPv4 default gateway (3) Gr.2	0~255	0
	<b>oL-51</b> IPv4 default gateway (4) Gr.2	0~255	1
	<b>oL-60</b> IPv6 IP-address (1) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-61</b> IPv6 IP-address (2) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-62</b> IPv6 IP-address (3) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-63</b> IPv6 IP-address (4) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-64</b> IPv6 IP-address (5) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-65</b> IPv6 IP-address (6) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-66</b> IPv6 IP-address (7) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
IPv6	<b>oL-67</b> IPv6 IP-address (8) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
Group 2 IPv6	<b>oL-68</b> IPv6 Sub-net prefix Gr.2	0~127	64
irou	<b>oL-69</b> IPv6 default gateway (1) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
$\lfloor$	<b>oL-70</b> IPv6 default gateway (2) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-71</b> IPv6 default gateway (3) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-72</b> IPv6 default gateway (4) Gr.2	0000~FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-73</b> IPv6 default gateway (5) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-74</b> IPv6 default gateway (6) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-75</b> IPv6 default gateway (7) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000
	<b>oL-76</b> IPv6 default gateway (8) Gr.2	0000∼FFFF	0000

For more information, refer to the user's guide of the corresponding option.

[PA-<u>01</u>] ~ [PA-<u>05</u>]

Parameter mode (P code)

[PA-<u>20</u>]~[PA-<u>29</u>]

#### **Em-force mode settings**

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
de	<b>PA-01</b> Mode selection for emergency force drive	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
Em-force mode	PA-02 Frequency reference setting oat emergency force drive	0.00~590.00(Hz)	0.00
Em-f	PA-03 Direction command at Emergency-force drive	00(Forward)/ 01(Reversal)	00
Bypass mode	<b>PA-04</b> Commercial power supply bypass function selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
Bypas	<b>PA-05</b> Delay time of bypass function	0.0~1000.0(s)	5.0

<sup>•</sup> Settings for EM-force in case of abnormality. For more information, refer to the user's guide.

#### Simulation mode settings

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial
PA-20 Simulation mode enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)	value 00
PA-21 Error code selection for Alarm test	000~255	000
PA-22 Output current monitor optional output enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable:[PA-23]) 02(Enable: [Ai1])/ 03(Enable:[Ai2])/ 04(Enable:[Ai3])/ 05(Enable:[Ai4])/ 06(Enable:[Ai5])/ 07(Enable:[Ai6])/	01
PA-23 Output current monitor optional output value setting	0.0~300.0(%)	0.0
PA-24 DC-bus voltage monitor optional output value selection	00(Disable)/01(Enable:[PA-25]) 02(Enable: [Ai1])/ 03(Enable:[Ai2])/ 04(Enable:[Ai3])/ 05(Enable:[Ai4])/ 06(Enable:[Ai5])/ 07(Enable:[Ai6])/	01
PA-25 DC voltage monitor optional output value	(200V Class)0.0~450.0Vdc (400V Class)0.0~900.0Vdc	(200V Class) 270.0 (400V Class) 540.0
PA-26 Output voltage monitor optional output enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable:[PA-27]) 02(Enable: [Ai1])/ 03(Enable:[Ai2])/ 04(Enable:[Ai3])/ 05(Enable:[Ai4])/ 06(Enable:[Ai5])/ 07(Enable:[Ai6])/	01
PA-27 Output voltage monitor optional output value setting	0.0~300.0(%)	0.0
PA-28 Output torque monitor optional output enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable:[PA-29]) 02(Enable: [Ai1])/ 03(Enable:[Ai2])/ 04(Enable:[Ai3])/ 05(Enable:[Ai4])/ 06(Enable:[Ai5])/ 07(Enable:[Ai6])/	01
PA-29 Output torque monitor optional output value setting	-500.0~500.0(%)	0.0
PA-30 Start with frequency matching optional setting enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable:[PA-31]) 02(Enable: [Ai1])/ 03(Enable:[Ai2])/ 04(Enable:[Ai3])/ 05(Enable:[Ai4])/ 06(Enable:[Ai5])/ 07(Enable:[Ai6])/	01
PA-31 Start with frequency matching optional value setting	0.0~590.00 (Hz)	0.00

• These are the simulation function settings. For more information, refer to the user's guide.

### [UA-01]~[UA-19]

■Parameter mode (U code)

#### Password setting

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
UA-01 Password for display	0000~FFFF	0000
UA-02 Password for softlock	0000~FFFF	0000

- When using the password, display and parameter mode settings are locked
- The inverter will be locked by password when setting any value other than 0000. The password can be cancelled by entering the set password. Please note that, the restrictions will not be cancelled if you forget the password.

#### Display mode of keypad

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>UA-10</b> Display restriction selection	00(Full display)/ 01(Function-specific display)/ 02(User setting)/ 03(Data comparison display)/ 04(Monitor only)	00

- · Limit the displayed contents of the keypad.
- For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### Accumulated power display adjustment/clear

recommended position and play adjustance by creat			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>UA-12</b> Accumulation output power monitor clear	00(Disable)/ 01(Clear)	00	
<b>UA-13</b> Display gain for accumulation input power monitor	1~1000	1	
<b>UA-14</b> Accumulation output power monitor clear	00(Disable)/ 01(Clear)	00	
UA-15 Display gain for accumulation output power monitor	1~1000	1	

- If [KHC] terminal is ON, the accumulated input power can be clear.
- If [OKHC] terminal is ON, the accumulated output power can be clear.

#### Software lock operation settings

continuity is the control of the light			
Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value	
<b>UA-16</b> Soft-Lock selection	00([SFT] terminal)/ 01(Always enable)	00	
<b>UA-17</b> Soft-Lock target selection	00(All data)/ 01(All, except speed)	00	

• Sets the software lock operation.

### **Keypad copy function restriction \*1**)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>UA-18</b> Data R/W selection	00(Not able to R/W) 01(Able to R/W)	00

- Restricts the copy function(Read/Write).
- SH1 series do not have this function.

#### **Keypad low battery warning \*1**)

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>UA-19</b> Low battery warning enable	00(Disable)/01(Warning )/02(Error)	01

- Sets operation for when keypad is low on battery.
- SH1 series do not have this function.

### [UA-20]~[UA-62]

#### **Keypad communication lost operation**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
UA-20 Operation selection when keypad communication is lost	00(Error)/ 01(Error after deceleration stop)/ 02(Ignore)/ 03(Free-run)/ 04(Deceleration stop)	02

#### Display selection of the Keypad

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>UA-21</b> 2nd-motor parameter setting	00(Not Displayed)/01(Displayed)	01
<b>UA-22</b> Option Display restriction selection	00(Not Displayed)/01(Displayed)	01

- Limit the displayed contents of the keypad.
- For more information, refer to the User's guide.

#### **User-parameter setting function**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>UA-30</b> User-parameter auto setting function enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
<b>UA-31</b> User-parameter 1 selection		no
UA-32 User-parameter 2 selection		no
<b>UA-33</b> User-parameter 3 selection		no
<b>UA-34</b> User-parameter 4 selection	1	no
<b>UA-35</b> User-parameter 5 selection	1	no
<b>UA-36</b> User-parameter 6 selection	1	no
<b>UA-37</b> User-parameter 7 selection	1	no
<b>UA-38</b> User-parameter 8 selection	1	no
<b>UA-39</b> User-parameter 9 selection	1	no
<b>UA-40</b> User-parameter 10 selection	1	no
<b>UA-41</b> User-parameter 11 selection	1	no
<b>UA-42</b> User-parameter 12 selection	1	no
<b>UA-43</b> User-parameter 13 selection	1	no
<b>UA-44</b> User-parameter 14 selection	1	no
<b>UA-45</b> User-parameter 15 selection	no/	no
<b>UA-46</b> User-parameter 16 selection	(parameter	no
<b>UA-47</b> User-parameter 17 selection	except [UA-30]~[UA-	no
<b>UA-48</b> User-parameter 18 selection	62])	no
<b>UA-49</b> User-parameter 19 selection		no
<b>UA-50</b> User-parameter 20 selection		no
<b>UA-51</b> User-parameter 21 selection	1	no
<b>UA-52</b> User-parameter 22 selection		no
<b>UA-53</b> User-parameter 23 selection		no
<b>UA-54</b> User-parameter 24 selection		no
<b>UA-55</b> User-parameter 25 selection		no
<b>UA-56</b> User-parameter 26 selection		no
<b>UA-57</b> User-parameter 27 selection		no
<b>UA-58</b> User-parameter 28 selection		no
<b>UA-59</b> User-parameter 29 selection		no
<b>UA-60</b> User-parameter 30 selection		no
<b>UA-61</b> User-parameter 31 selection		no
<b>UA-62</b> User-parameter 32 selection		no

• Sets the data displayed when [UA-10]=02.

## [UA-<u>90</u>]~[UA-<u>94</u>][Ub-<u>01</u>]~ [Ub-<u>05</u>][UC-<u>01</u>]

### **Unit selection**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
UA-90 QOP indication off waiting time	0∼60(min)	0
UA-91 Initial display selection	(Select from d, f parameters)	dA-01
UA-92 auto return to initial display enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
UA-93 Setting enable at monitor display	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00
UA-94 Multispeed change on the frequency reference monitor display	00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)	00

 Setting parameter for MOP(VR)keypad. Refer to MOP(VR)instruction for more detail.

#### Initialize

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
<b>Ub-01</b> Initialize mode selection	00(Disable)/ 01(Error history clear)/ 02(Initialize parameter)/ 03(Error history clear + initialize parameter)/ 04(Error history clear + initialize Parameter + EzSQ clear)/ 05(Except terminal configuration)/ 06(Except communication configuration) 07(Except terminal & communication configuration) 07(Except terminal oconfiguration) 07(Except terminal oconfiguration) 08(EzSQ only)	00
<b>Ub-02</b> Initialize data selection	00(pattern 0)/ 01(pattern 1)/ 02(pattern 2)/ 03(pattern 3)	00(JPN) 01(EU) 02(USA) 03(CHN)
Ub-03 Load type selection	00(VLD)/01(LD)/02(ND)	02
<b>Ub-05</b> Initialize enable	00(Disable)/ 01(Execute initialization)	00

- To initialize; after setting [Ub-01], setting [Ub-05]=01 will start the initialize process.
- Once setting the load type selection [Ub-03], will change instantaneously the inverter load rating.

#### **Factory settings**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
UC-01 (-)	(Do not change)	(00)

[Ud-<u>01</u>]~[Ud-<u>37</u>]

#### Trace function

Code/Name  Ud-01 Trace function enable  Ud-02 Trace start  Ud-03 Trace data number selection	Range (unit)  00(Disable)/ 01(Enable)  00(Stop)/ 01(Start)  1~8	Initial value  00  00
Ud-02 Trace start Ud-03 Trace data number selection	01(Enable) 00(Stop)/ 01(Start)	
Ud-03 Trace data number selection	01(Start)	00
selection	1~8	00
Ud 04 -	1 0	1
Ud-04 Trace signal number setting	1~8	1
Ud-10 Trace data 0 selection		dA-01
Ud-11 Trace data 1 selection		dA-01
Ud-12 Trace data 2 selection		dA-01
Ud-13 Trace data 3 selection	(Select from d, f	dA-01
Ud-14 Trace data 4 selection	parameters)	dA-01
Ud-15 Trace data 5 selection		dA-01
Ud-16 Trace data 6 selection		dA-01
Ud-17 Trace data 7 selection		dA-01
Ud-20 Trace signal 0 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-21]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-22])	00
Ud-21 Trace signal 0 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-22 Trace signal 0 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001
Ud-23 Trace signal 1 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-24]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-25])	00
Ud-24 Trace signal 1 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-25 Trace signal 1 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001
Ud-26 Trace signal 2 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-27]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-28])	00
Ud-27 Trace signal 2 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-28 Trace signal 2 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001
Ud-29 Trace signal 3 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-30]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-31])	00
Ud-30 Trace signal 3 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-31 Trace signal 3 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001
Ud-32 Trace signal 4 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-33]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-34])	00
Ud-33 Trace signal 4 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-34 Trace signal 4 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001
Ud-35 Trace signal 5 Input/Output selection	00(Input:[Ud-36]))/ 01(Output:[Ud-37])	00
Ud-36 Trace signal 5 input terminal selection	Same as [CA-01]	001
Ud-37 Trace signal 5 output terminal selection	Same as [CC-01]	001

Trace function settings.
 For more information, refer to the user's guide.

## [Ud-38]~[Ud-60]

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
Ud-38 Trace signal 6 Input/Output selection	00 (Input: [Ud-39])/ 01 (Output: [Ud-40])	00
Ud-39 Trace signal 6 Input terminal selection	Similar to [CA-01]	001
Ud-40 Trace signal 6 Output terminal selection	Similar to [CC-01]	001
Ud-41 Trace signal 6 Input/Output selection	00 (Input: [Ud-41])/ 01 (Output: [Ud-42])	00
Ud-42 Trace signal 7 Input terminal selection	Similar to [CA-01]	001
Ud-43 Trace signal 7 Output terminal selection	Similar to [CC-01]	001
Ud-50 Trace trigger 1 selection	*1)	00
Ud-51 Trigger 1 operation selection at trace data trigger	00(Rising edge)/ 01(Falling edge)	00
Ud-52 Trigger 1 level at trace data trigger	0~100(%)	0
Ud-53 Trigger 1 operation selection at trace signal trigger	00(Signal ON)/ 01(Signal OFF)	00
Ud-54 Trace trigger 2 selection	*1)	00
Ud-55 Trigger 2 operation selection at trace data trigger	00(Rising edge)/ 01(Falling edge)	00
Ud-56 Trigger 2 level at trace data trigger	0~100(%)	0
Ud-57 Trigger 2 operation selection at trace signal trigger	00(Signal ON)/ 01(Signal OFF)	00
Ud-58 Trigger condition selection	00(Only trigger 1)/ 01(Only trigger 2)/ 02(Trigger 1 OR 2)/ 03(Trigger 1 AND 2)	00
Ud-59 Trigger point setting	0~100(%)	0
Ud-60 Sampling time setting *1) 00/Trip)/01/Data 0)/02/Data 1)	01(0.2ms)/ 02(0.5ms)/ 03(1ms)/ 04(2ms)/ 05(5ms)/ 06(10ms)/ 07(50ms)/ 08(100ms)/ 09(500ms)/ 10(1000ms)	03

<sup>\*1) 00(</sup>Trip)/01(Data 0)/02(Data 1)/03(Data 2)/ 04(Data 3)/05(Data 4)/06(Data 5)/07(Data 6)/ 08(Data 7)/09(Signal 0)/10(Signal 1)/11(Signal 2)/12(Signal 3)/ 13(Signal 4)/14(Signal 5)/15(Signal 6)/16(Signal 7)

## [UE-<u>01</u>]~[UE-<u>48</u>]

#### **EzSQ**

Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
UE-01 EzSQ execution timing	00(1ms)/ 01(2ms: SJ700/L700 compatible)	00
UE-02 EzSQ function selection	00(Disable)/ 01([PRG] terminal)/ 02(Always-on)	00

 Operates the EzSQ function. For EzSQ is required to download the program.

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>UE-10</b> U(00)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-11</b> U(01)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-12</b> U(02)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-13</b> U(03)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-14</b> U(04)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-15</b> U(05)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-16</b> U(06)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-17</b> U(07)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-18</b> U(08)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-19</b> U(09)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-20</b> U(10)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-21</b> U(11)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-22</b> U(12)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-23</b> U(13)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-24</b> U(14)	0~65535	0
$\cap$	<b>UE-25</b> U(15)	0~65535	0
EzSQ User-parameter	<b>UE-26</b> U(16)	0~65535	0
et	<b>UE-27</b> ∪(17)	0~65535	0
am	<b>UE-28</b> U(18)	0~65535	0
oar	<b>UE-29</b> U(19)	0~65535	0
şr-ŗ	<b>UE-30</b> U(20)	0~65535	0
Jse	<b>UE-31</b> U(21)	0~65535	0
۵۱	<b>UE-32</b> U(22)	0~65535	0
<u>-</u> zS	<b>UE-33</b> U(23)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-34</b> U(24)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-35</b> U(25)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-36</b> U(26)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-37</b> U(27)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-38</b> U(28)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-39</b> U(29)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-40</b> U(30)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-41</b> U(31)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-42</b> U(32)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-43</b> U(33)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-44</b> U(34)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-45</b> U(35)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-46</b> U(36)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-47</b> U(37)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-48</b> U(38)	0~65535	0

<sup>•</sup> Trace function settings.
For more information, refer to the user's guide.

## [UE-49]~[UF-32]

[0L- <u>4J</u> ] [01- <u>32</u> ]			
	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>UE-49</b> U(39)	0 <b>~</b> 65535	0
	<b>UE-50</b> U(40)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-51</b> ∪(41)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-52</b> U(42)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-53</b> U(43)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-54</b> ∪(44)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-55</b> U(45)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-56</b> U(46)	0~65535	0
$\supset$	<b>UE-57</b> ∪(47)	0~65535	0
_	<b>UE-58</b> U(48)	0~65535	0
ete	<b>UE-59</b> U(49)	0~65535	0
J. H	<b>UE-60</b> U(50)	0~65535	0
Jari	<b>UE-61</b> U(51)	0~65535	0
ابر الا	<b>UE-62</b> U(52)	0~65535	0
EzSQ User-parameter	<b>UE-63</b> U(53)	0~65535	0
ğ	<b>UE-64</b> U(54)	0~65535	0
Ez!	<b>UE-65</b> U(55)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-66</b> U(56)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-67</b> U(57)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-68</b> U(58)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-69</b> U(59)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-70</b> U(60)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-71</b> U(61)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-72</b> U(62)	0~65535	0
	<b>UE-73</b> U(63)	0~65535	0

<sup>•</sup> EzSQ up to 16 byte data can be set.

	Code/Name	Range (unit)	Initial value
	<b>UF-02</b> UL(00)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-04</b> UL(01)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-06</b> UL(05)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
UL	<b>UF-08</b> UL(03)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-10</b> UL(04)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
er	<b>UF-12</b> UL(05)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
User-parameter	<b>UF-14</b> UL(06)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
ran	<b>UF-16</b> UL(07)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
pai	<b>UF-18</b> UL(08)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
er-	<b>UF-20</b> UL(09)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
Us	<b>UF-22</b> UL(10)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
õ	<b>UF-24</b> UL(11)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
EzSQ	<b>UF-26</b> UL(12)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-28</b> UL(13)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-30</b> UL(14)	-2147483647~2147483647	0
	<b>UF-32</b> UL(15)	-2147483647~2147483647	0

<sup>•</sup> EzSQ up to 32 byte data can be set.

## [Unit table]

Number	Unit		
00	non		
01	%		
02	Α		
03	Hz		
04	V		
05	kW		
06	W		
07	hr		
08	S		
09	kHz		
10	ohm		
11	mA		
12	ms		
13	Р		
14	kgm2		
15	pls		
16	mH		
17	Vdc		
18	°C		
19	kWh		
20	mF		
21	mVs/rad		
22	Nm		
23	min-1		
24	m/s		
25	m/min		
26	m/h		
27	ft/s		
28	ft/min		
29	ft/h		
30	m		

Number	Unit		
31	cm		
32	°F		
33	I/s		
34	l/min		
35	l/h		
36	m3/s		
37	m3/min		
38	m3/h		
39	kg/s		
40	kg/min		
41	kg/h		
42	t/min		
43	t/h		
44	gal/s		
45	gal/min		
46	gal/h		
47	ft3/s		
48	ft3/min		
49	ft3/h		
50	lb/s		
51	lb/min		
52	lb/h		
53	mbar		
54	bar		
55	Pa		
56	kPa		
57	PSI		
58	mm		

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

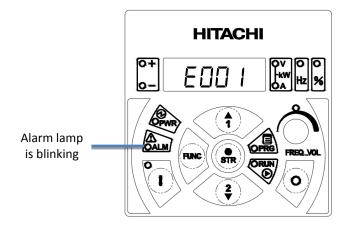
## Chapter 5

## Troubleshooting

#### 5.1 Error events

Next are the descriptions of the basic errors that may occur. For more information, refer to the user's guide.

■Trip event screen



#### ■Error events

Code	Details	Corrective actions	Related parameter
		If the acceleration is fast, increase the acceleration time	[AC120]
	By the load and the operating	Use the overcurrent suppression function	[bA120]
E001	conditions, overcurrent has	<ul> <li>Use the overload restriction function</li> </ul>	[bA122]
	occurred	Use the overcurrent retry function	[bb-22]
		<ul> <li>In order to stabilize the control, adjust the constant</li> </ul>	[HA-01]
	Do the lead and the an author	If the acceleration is fast, increase the acceleration time	[AC120]
E005	<ul> <li>By the load and the operating conditions, current has</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use the overload restriction function</li> </ul>	[bA122]
E039	increased.	<ul> <li>If the motor sound is abnormal, in order to stabilize the control, adjust the constant</li> </ul>	[HA-01]
E006	- Dualina vasiatav vas is liusitad	If the deceleration is fast, increase the deceleration time	[AC122]
E006	<ul> <li>Braking resistor use is limited.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reselection of the braking resistor is necessary</li> </ul>	[bA-60]
	Internal voltage has increased     Insufficient capacity of the     inverter	If the deceleration is fast, increase the deceleration time	[AC122]
E007		<ul> <li>Use the overvoltage suppression functions</li> </ul>	[bA140][bA146]
E007		<ul> <li>Use the overvoltage retry function</li> </ul>	[bb-23]
		<ul> <li>Use a braking option</li> </ul>	-
E008	Main CPU abnormality	<ul> <li>Carry out counter measures for the inverter noise</li> </ul>	-
E011	- Main CPO abiliorinality	<ul> <li>Consecutive errors may cause a failure</li> </ul>	-
E009	Main circuit supply has drop	To disable the undervoltage error, change setting	[bb-27]
2003	Wall circuit supply has drop	Use the undervoltage retry function	[bb-21]
		Carry out counter measures for the inverter noise	-
E010	Current detector abnormality	<ul> <li>Consecutive errors may cause a failure, replacement of the components is necessary</li> </ul>	-
		Check the signal status of the input terminal	[dA-51]
E012	• [EXT] input terminal is ON	Check if there are no operations by communication or programme	-
E013	• [USP] input terminal is ON if at the start-up, the RUN command was issued right at the start up	Make sure that an operation command is not introduced at the time of turning ON the inverter	[dA-51]

Code	Details	Corrective actions	Related parameter
E014	<ul> <li>Ground fault detected at main circuit voltage turning-on</li> </ul>	Check for ground fault of the motor, wiring, etc.	-
E015	<ul> <li>Continued state of incoming high power</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the power circumstances, such as the power supply capacity</li> </ul>	[dA-40]
E016	<ul> <li>Instantaneous power failure, control supply has dropped</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If you wish to avoid the tripping, use the power loss retry function.</li> </ul>	[bb-20]
E019	<ul> <li>Abnormality in temperature</li> </ul>	Carry out counter measures for the inverter noise	-
	detector circuit	Consecutive errors may cause a failure	-
E020	<ul> <li>Because of cooling-fan life span,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change of the cooling-fan is necessary</li> </ul>	-
	internal temperature has raised	<ul> <li>Lower the carrier frequency</li> </ul>	[bb101]
E021	<ul> <li>Internal temperature has</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Requires a review of the installation circumstances</li> </ul>	-
	increased	<ul> <li>Lower the carrier frequency</li> </ul>	[bb101]
E024	<ul> <li>Disconnection of the wiring in the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the fastening of the input wiring with screws</li> </ul>	-
LU24	supply side has occurred	<ul> <li>Check that the 3 phases are correctly inserted</li> </ul>	-
E030	<ul> <li>Suddenly current increase</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Output wiring ground fault</li> <li>Disconnection confirm</li> </ul>	-
L030	- Suddenly current increase	<ul> <li>Check that the motor is not locked</li> </ul>	-
E034	• Disconnection of the wiring in the	<ul> <li>Check the output wiring disconnection, motor insulation failure,etc.</li> </ul>	-
	motor side has occurred	<ul> <li>Check that the 3 phases are correctly inserted</li> </ul>	-
	Abnormal motor temperature     Thermistor abnormality	<ul> <li>Improve the motor cooling circumstances</li> </ul>	-
E02E		<ul> <li>Use the overload restriction function</li> </ul>	[bA122]
E035		Check for the break-down of the thermistor	-
		Check the thermistor settings	[Cb-40]
		Check for the break-down of the brake and for the	[dA-51]
E036	Brake abnormality	disconnection of the wiring for the [BOK] signal	
		<ul> <li>Check the brake waiting time</li> </ul>	[AF134][AF141]
E038	<ul> <li>During slow speed, current has increased</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If torque is needed during slow speed, a review of the inverter capacity is necessary</li> </ul>	-
E040	Panel disconnection error	Check for the disconnection of the panel from the inverter	[UA-20]
		Noise counter-measures are necessary	-
		Noise counter-measures are necessary	-
E041	RS485 communication error	Check the communication setting	[CF-01]
E042	RTC error	Battery replacement for the panel is necessary	-
E043		, ,	
~			
E045	<ul> <li>There is an error in the EzSQ</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For more information, please refer to the user's guide.</li> </ul>	
E050	programme.	To more information, please refer to the user's guide.	
~			
E059			
E060	There is an arm of the	<ul> <li>For more information, please refer to each option in</li> </ul>	
~ F090	<ul> <li>There is an error in the option.</li> </ul>	user's guide.	
E089			
E090 ~ E093	There is an error in the STO path  *1).	<ul> <li>For more information, please refer to the P1 functional safety guide.</li> </ul>	
LUSS	<u> </u>		

<sup>※</sup>For others errors not shown above, refer to the user's guide.

#### ■Warning events

\*Regarding the warnings, please refer to the user's guide. Fixing the parameter details shown in the panel screen may end the warning.

<sup>\*1)</sup>STO function is not suitable for SH1 series.

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

### 5.3 Possible errors and solutions

If the corrective action does not solve the problem, refer to the user's guide, where there are more detailed descriptions, please contact your Hitachi distributor.

Event ►	Estimated cause ▶	Corrective action
Screen is off even	Keypad in idle mode	Press a key of the Keypad and the screen will light up
when POWER Led		
is illuminated	Keypad has been detached	Recover and reinsert the keypad
	• Trip has occurred	If an error causes a trip, the cause of the trip will have to be removed before resetting
	• A warning came up	In a warning event is necessary to resolve any data inconsistency
	Command function not introduced	Check that the RUN command [AA111] and the reference (terminal, keypad, etc.) are correct
After issuing a		
RUN command, the motor does	Speed source not introduced	Check that the main speed source [AA101] and the reference (terminal, panel, etc.) are correct
not start		
	Activate a stop function	Check if functional safety terminals and [RS]/[FRS] terminals are not enabled through the terminal status [dA-51]
	Motor is restricted/locked	Check if there is a braking operation or something inhibiting the motor (Like something clogged)
	Wiring is disconnected	Check that there are not disconnected cables in the output to the motor and in the internal side.
Cannot change settings	• Is running	There are parameters that cannot be modified while running, please refer to the parameter list
Motor rotates in reverse	Wrong wiring order of the motor phases	Rotation is reversed by replacing two phases of the motor
Motor/machinery sound is loud	Carrier frequency setting is low	Set higher carrier frequency [bb101], however, that may increase the generated noise or leakage current, therefore, depending on the model, derating is necessary.

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

Event ►	Estimated cause ▶	Corrective action				
	Overload restriction function is in use	If output current is high, the overload restriction function [bA122] lowers the frequency. To increase the acceleration time [AC120], it is necessary to suppress the current increase.				
Motor speed does	Frequency is being limited	The upper limit [bA102] setting may be low, and it should be increased. The frequency limiting does not make use of the maximum frequency, but the upper limit function.				
	• Frequency source is low	Increase the frequency source or cancel any other high priority frequency command such as jogging or multi-speed.				
	Acceleration time is long	Acceleration time [AC120] setting is long, so will accelerate really slowly. Shorten gradually the acceleration time.				
	Several parameters are not adequately set	Check for the motor basic parameters.				
Output frequency is unstable	• Big variation in the load	Review the power capacity of both the inverter and motor.				
is unstable						
	Supply voltage fluctuates	To keep to a minimum the supply fluctuations, by using an optional AC reactor, DC choke or and input filter, improvement is possible.				
	V/f control is in use	Can switch in [AA121] to torque boost, sensorless vector control, etc.				
No torque	It is being used for lift down application	If the torque in the regenerative operation is not enough, you can use a braking resistor or regenerative braking unit.				
	Very heavy load	Review the capacity of both the inverter and motor.				
In operation the circuit breaker gets activated	Large leakage current	Lower the carrier frequency [bb101]     Increase the current sensitivity of the circuit breaker, or replace the sensitivity current sensor/part.				
Noise interferes with the TVs and radios nearby the inverter	Irradiated noise from the inverter	<ul> <li>If possible, separate the wiring from the TV and radio</li> <li>Put a zero-phase reactor either in the main supply input or in the output.</li> </ul>				

### Chapter 6

### Inspection and maintenance



# Read this before performing any inspection or maintenance!

#### There is risk of electric shock!

 Before an inspection the supply power must to be cut off, and then wait at least 10 minutes(\*1) or 15 minutes(\*2) before proceeding.

(Make sure that the charge lamp in the inverter is off. Furthermore, measure the voltage between the P and N terminals and make sure that the voltage is less than 45V)

- \*1) For models SH1-00041-H $\sim$ 00620-H (SH1-007H $\sim$ SH1-220H)
- \*2) For models SH1-00770-H $\sim$ SH1-03160-H (SH1-300H $\sim$ SH1-1320H)

 Other than the designated person, do not perform any maintenance, inspection or component replacement.
 (Before starting to operate, remove any wristwatch or metal accessories such as bracelets, and use always isolated tools)

#### 6.1 Inspection and maintenance notes

#### 6.1.1 Daily inspection

Check and confirm for the following abnormalities while the inverter is operating:

No.	Details			
1	Motor operates as per settings			
2	No abnormalities in the environment			
3	Cooling-system running normally			
4	Abnormal vibration or noise			
5	Discolouration and superheating			
6	Unusual odour			

While operating, check the inverter input voltage using a multimeter or a similar tool to confirm:

No.	Details	1
1	Voltage supply fluctuation	
2	Line-to-line voltage balance	

#### 6.1.2 Cleaning

Keep the inverter in a clean condition.

No.	Details	1
1	When cleaning the inverter, use a soft cloth soaked in neutral detergent to gently wipe up the dirtied parts.	
2	Do not use solvents like acetone, benzene, toluene or alcohol to clean the inverter, as it can melt its surface or peel off the coating.	
3	For the display of the panel do not use detergent or alcohol to clean it.	

#### 6.1.3 Periodic inspection

Check the parts that are only accessible while the inverter is stopped. The periodic inspection is a vital point that has to be carried out, for any periodic inspection, please contact your Hitachi distributor.

No.	Details	/
1	Check for abnormalities in cooling system	
	<ul> <li>Heat sink cleaning, etc.</li> </ul>	
2	Check the fastening and tighten	
	<ul> <li>By the effects of oscillations, thermal</li> </ul>	
	expansion, etc, the screws and bolts	
	may become loose, proceed to tighten	
	after confirming.	
3	Check that there is no damage or	
	corrosion to the conductors and insulators	
4	Measurement of the dielectric breakdown	
	voltage of insulators	
5	Check and replacement of cooling-fan,	
	smoothing capacitator and relay.	

### 6.2 Daily and periodic inspections

			Inspe	ction	cycle			
Inspected part	Inspection entry	Details of inspection	Daily	1	ery 2 years	Inspection method	Criterion	Tester device
	Surrounding environment	Check the ambient temperature, level of humidity, dust, etc.	0	yeur	yeurs	Refer to the installation guide.	Ambient temperature, level of humidity are withing the range. No frozen part. No condensation.	Thermometer Hygrometer Data logger
General	Whole inverter	Check abnormal vibrations or noises	0			Check visually and auditorily.	Without abnormalities	
	Power supply voltage	Check that the main circuit voltage is normal.	0			Measure the line-to-line voltage of the inverter main circuit terminals R,S and T.	Within the AC voltage permissible variation.	Multimeter, Digital multimeter Meter
	General check	(1)Check the resistance between the main circuit and the ground terminals.		0		Dismantle the inverter main circuit terminals input/output wiring and the control terminal board, and remove the jumper for the internal filter, after that, shortcircuit the terminals R,S,T,U,V,W,P,PD,N,RB,RO,TO, and measure between this shortcircuit and the ground.	Resistance no less than $5M\Omega$ .	DC 500V class Ohmmeter (megger*)
		(2)Check looseness in fastened parts		0		Confirm tighten of fasteners.	Without abnormalities	
		(3)Check for overheating traces.		0	<u> </u>	Check visually.	Without abnormalities	
	Conductor and cables	(1)Check for straining in conductors (2)Check for cable coating damage		0		Check visually.	Without abnormalities	
Main	Terminal block	Check for any damage.		0		Check visually.	Without abnormalities	
circuit	Inverter and converter circuits (Including resistors)	Check the resistance between all the terminals			0	Remove the inverter main circuit terminal wiring, and measure the following: - Resistance between terminals RST and PN Resistance between terminals UVW and PN	Consult the "Method of checking the inverter and converter circuits". The inverter, capacitor and thyristor lifespan before replacing the componentes is of 10 <sup>6</sup> start/stop cycles *3)	Analogue multimeter
		(1)Check for capacitor fluid leakage	0				That there are no abnormalities	
	Smoothing capacitor	(2)Check that the relief valve does not swells or protudes.	0			Check visually.	Estimated number life span before exchanging component: 10 years *1) *3) *4)	Capacitance meter
		(1)No chatter sound while operating		0		Check auditorily.	That there are no abnormalities.	
	Relay	(2)Check contacts for damage		0		Check visually.	That there are no abnormalities.	
Control and protection	Operation	While performing a unit operation of the inverter, check the balance of the output voltage among the individual phases		0		Measure the voltage between the U,V,W terminals of the inverter main circuit.	Phase-to-phase voltage balance 200V class: within 4V 400V class: within 8V	Digital multimeter Voltmeter Ammeter
circuits		(2)Carry out a sequential protection test, and check the protective and display circuits for any abnormality		0		Simulate a shortcircuit or open of the inverter output protection circuit.	An error must be detected according to the sequence.	, and the second
Cooling	Cooling-fan	(1) Check for abnormal vibrations or noises	0			Turn by hand while electricity is not being supplied	Smooth operation without abnomalities.	
system		(2)Check for loose joints		0		Check visually.	Replace every: 10 years *2) *3) *5)	
	Heat sink	Check for obstructions/clogging.		0		Check visually.	That there are not obstructions.	-
	Display	(1)Check that LED lamps lights up	0	L	<b></b>	Check visually.	Confirm it lights up	ļ
Display	Meter	(2)Display cleaning  Check that Indicated values are normal.	0	0		With cleaning rag.  Check the meter readings on the panel.	Regulation and control value are satisfactory.	Voltmeter Ammeter Etc.
	General	(1)Check abnormal vibrations or noises	0			Check visually, auditorily, and by touch	Without abnormalities	
		(2)Check that there is no stench.	0			Check for abnormal superheating, damages an so on.	Without abnormalities	
Motor	Insulation resistance	Check the resistance between the main circuit and the ground terminals.		*6)		Detach the U,V,W terminals from the inverter main circuit, and shortcircuit the motor wiring, mesure with the Megger® between the motor wiring and ground terminal.	No less than $5M\Omega$ .	DC 500V class Ohmmeter (megger®)

<sup>\*1)</sup> The life span of the smoothing capacitor is influenced by the ambient temperature. Refer to [Smoothing capacitor life span curve] for replacing measures.

<sup>\*2)</sup> The life span of the cooling-fan is influenced by the ambient temperature, the dirt and the change in its environmental conditions. Check these circumstances on the usual inspection.

<sup>\*3)</sup> The estimated time before replacement (Number of years/cycle) and the [Smoothing capacitor life span curve] are based on the design lifespan, not guaranteed.

<sup>\*4)</sup> In the case that the capacitors are replaced after that the storage period of 3 years has expired, before the first use please refer to the aging process under the following conditions before using them:

<sup>•</sup> First, apply for 1 hour the 80% of the capacitor rated voltage at ambient temperature

<sup>•</sup> Then, raise the voltage to 90%, and keep it for 1 more hour.

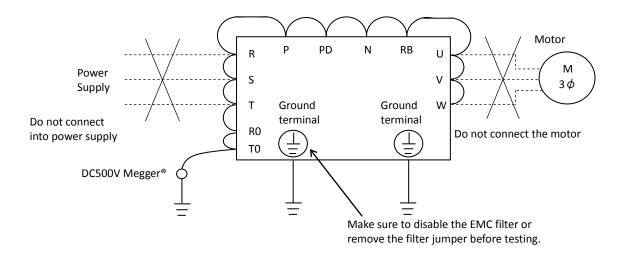
<sup>•</sup> Finally, apply for 5 hours the rated voltage at ambient temperature

<sup>\*5)</sup> In the case that the cooling-fan if affected by dust, obstructing it; remove the dust, after that may take 5 to 10 seconds to start again.

<sup>\*6)</sup> Follow the installed motor instructions.

#### 6.3 Insulation resistance test

- •When performing a insulation resistance test, remove all cables to external circuits and the components connected to the terminals, to prevent it to be exposed to the test voltage.
- In the control circuit carry out a conduction test, use a multimeter (with high resistance range), do not use a megger® or buzzer /continuity tester.
- The insulation resistance test of the inverter itself is carried out only at the main circuit, do not perform an insulation resistance test in the control circuit.
- Is recommended the use of a DC500V megger® for the insulation resistance test.
- To perform an insulation resistance test of the inverter main circuit, start by removing the inverter internal filter short-circuit jumper, after that, R, S, T, U, V, W, P, PD, N, RB, RO, TO terminals are short-circuited with an electric cable as shown in the sketch below.
- After the insulation resistance test, remove the cable connected to R, S, T, U, V, W, P, PD, N, RB, R0, T0, and leave the jumper of the filter as it was before.
- Furthermore, depending on the model, the RB terminal may not be present. Please confirm in "Chapter 7 Specification".



#### 6.4 Dielectric Withstand Test

• Do not carry out a withstand voltage test for the inverter. The test may damage its internal parts, deteriorating the inverter.

# 6.5 Checking method for inverter/converter

- Using the multimeter, you can check if the inverter or converter unit are defective or non-defective.
   (Preparation)
- (1) Remove the supply (R,S,T) and motor wiring (U,V,W), and also the regenerative braking resistor(P,RB).
- $\bigcirc$  Prepare the multimeter. (Application measurement range is  $1\Omega$ )

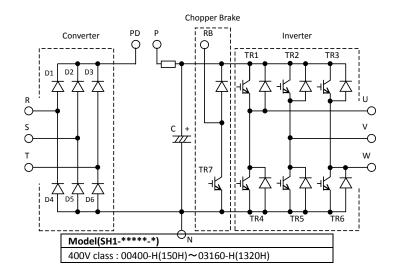
#### (Checking method)

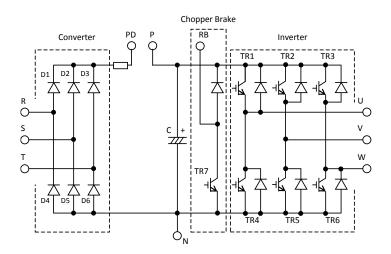
 Measure and check the current conduction at each of the inverter main circuit terminals R, S, T, U, V, W, RB, P, N, by changing the polarity of the multimeter alternately.

		Multimet	er polarity	
		(Red)	· ·	Measured result
	D4	R	PD	No conduction
	D1	PD	R	Conduction
		S	PD	No conduction
ij	D2	PD	S	Conduction
ırcu	D2	T	PD	No conduction
Converter circuit	D3	PD	T	Conduction
erte		R	N	Conduction
) Nu	D4	N	R	No conduction
ပိ	-	S	N	Conduction
	D5	N	S	No conduction
	DC	Т	N	Conduction
	D6	N	T	No conduction
	TR1	U	Р	No conduction
		Р	U	Conduction
	TR2	V	Р	No conduction
4	IKZ	Р	V	Conduction
Inverter circuit	TDO	W	Р	No conduction
cir	TR3	Р	W	Conduction
rteı	TR4	U	N	Conduction
٦ve	184	N	U	No conduction
=	TR5	V	N	Conduction
	IKS	N	V	No conduction
	TR6	W	N	Conduction
	IKO	N	W	No conduction
t		RB	Р	No conduction
BRD part	TR7	Р	RB	Conduction
RD	IN/	RB	N	No conduction
В		N	RB	No conduction

- \*1) Before checking the circuits, measure the voltage across terminals P and N with the multimeter in DC voltage range mode to confirm that the smoothing capacitor has been fully discharged.
- \*2) When not conducting, it shows an infinite value. Due to the influence of the smoothing capacitor, it may show momentarily any other value other than infinite. When conducting, indicates a value around several tens of ohms  $\Omega$ . The measurements with different multimeters may not match exactly, but as long the values are close between them, it is acceptable.
- \*3) The chopper braking circuit is built-in in the models below:  $SH1-00041-H \sim SH1-00930-H(SH1-007H \sim SH1-370H)$

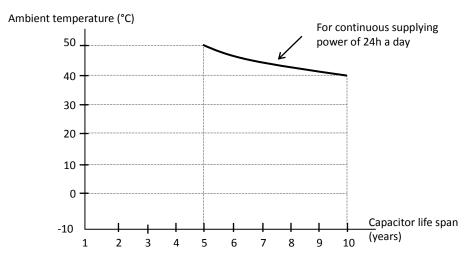
Model(SH1-\*\*\*\*-\*) 400V class : 00041-H(007H) ~ 00310-H(110H)





#### 6.6 Smoothing capacitor life span curve

380% of the ND rated current value for continuous drive.



1)The ambient temperature is considered to be measured around 5 cm of the bottom centre of the inverter (Atmosphere temperature). If the inverter is in an enclosure, it will be the temperature inside the case.

#### 6.7 Lifespan alarm output

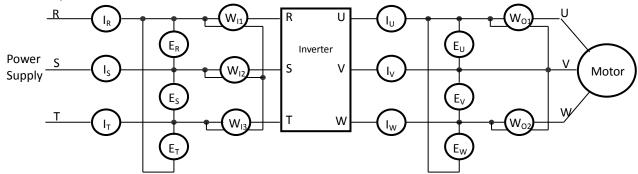
• Thanks to the self-diagnostic, you can output an alarm in regards of the inverter own internal components lifespan when the lifespan is nearing to its end (Including the circuit board smoothing capacitor and cooling-fan, and excluding the main circuit smoothing capacitor). Use this to get a reference for when the components should be replaced. Particularly, consult the lifespan diagnosis monitor [dC-16] and the output terminal function selection [CC-01] ~ [CC-07]. It should be noted that the warning itself is based on the design lifespan, and thus, is not a guaranteed measurement. Depending on the environment, the operation conditions, etc. problems may arise, to avoid that, is recommended an early maintenance.

- 2) The smoothing capacitor has a limited life because of the chemical reactions occurring inside the capacitor while operating. The capacitor should be replaced after 10 years \*1)of use, as a reference standard (10 years is not the guaranteed lifespan, but rather, the design lifespan). Note that the smoothing capacitor lifespan will be shortened if the inverter is used at a high ambient temperature or with a heavy load that requires a current beyond the rated current.
- \*1)Ambient temperature : annual average temperature  $40^{\circ}$ C (using in without causticity gas,flammability gas,oil fog,dust,and so on)

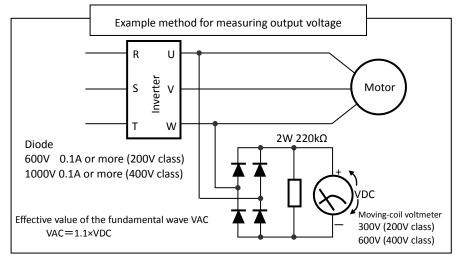
Output Current: 80% of the ND rated current value Continuous Operation Hours: 7000 Hours/year

# 6.8 Input/output voltage, current and power measurement methods

Standard equipment for measuring input/output voltage, current, and power measurement.



				•
Measured data	Measuring point	Measuring instrument	Remarks	Standard reference values
Input voltage E <sub>IN</sub>	R-S, S-T, T-R (E <sub>R</sub> ), (E <sub>S</sub> ), (E <sub>T</sub> )	Moving-iron voltmeter or Rectifier-type voltmeter	Effective value of full waves	200V class:200~240V 50/60Hz 400V class:380~500V 50/60Hz
Input current I <sub>IN</sub>	R, S, T current $(I_R)$ , $(I_S)$ , $(I_T)$	Moving-iron ammeter	Effective value of full waves	If there is unbalance in the input supply IIN= $(I_R+I_S+I_T)/3$
Input power W <sub>IN</sub>	R-S, S-T, T-R (W <sub>11</sub> )+(W <sub>12</sub> )+(W <sub>13</sub> )	Electrodynamometer-type wattmeter	Effective value of full waves	Three-wattmeter method
Input power factor Pf <sub>IN</sub>	Is calculated from the measurement ( $I_{IN}$ ) and supply point $Pf_{IN} = \frac{W_{IN}}{\sqrt{3} \times F_{IN}} \times F_{IN}$	E <sub>IN</sub> ), input		
Output voltage E <sub>OUT</sub>	U-V, V-W, W-U (E <sub>U</sub> ), (E <sub>V</sub> ), (E <sub>W</sub> )	Moving-iron voltmeter or Rectifier-type voltmeter	Effective value of fundamental wave	
Output current I <sub>OUT</sub>	U, V, W current $(I_U)$ , $(I_V)$ , $(I_W)$	Moving-iron ammeter	Effective value of full waves	
Output power W <sub>out</sub>	U-V, V-W (W <sub>01</sub> )+(W <sub>02</sub> )	Electrodynamometer-type wattmeter	Effective value of full waves	Two-wattmeter method (Otherwise the three-wattmeter method)
Output power factor Pf <sub>out</sub>	Is calculated from the measurement ( $I_{OUT}$ ) and output properties $Pf_{OUT} = \frac{W_{OUT}}{\sqrt{3} \times F_{OUT}}$	(E <sub>OUT</sub> ), output		



#### When measuring...

- To measure the output voltage, use an instrument that reads the effective value of the fundamental wave. To measure the current or the power, use an instrument that reads the effective value of full waves.
- Since the inverter output waveform is controlled by PWM, it has a large margin of error, especially at low frequencies. In many cases, general testers may be defective for the measurement, because of the adverse effects of the noise.

Chapter 7 Specifications

### Chapter 7 Specifications

#### 7.1 400V class specifications

Model name(format) SH1-****-H			00041	00054	00083	00126	00175	00250	00310	00400	00470	00620	00770	00930	01160	01470	01760	02130	02520	03160	
ND standard capacity SH1-***H		007	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220	300	370	450	550	750	900	1100	1320		
Appl	icable	motor	VLD	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160
	apacity	`	LD	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160
р	oles)(k	W)	ND	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132
	Rat	ŀ	VLD	4.1	5.4	8.3	12.6	17.5	25.0	31.0	40.0	47.0	62.0	77.0	93.0	116	147	176	213	252	316
	out		LD	3.1	4.8	6.7	11.1	16.0	22.0	29.0	37.0	43.0	57.0	70.0	85.0	105	135	160	195	230	290
	curre	` '	ND	2.5	4.0	5.5	9.2	14.8	19.0	25.0	32.0	39.0	48.0	61.0	75.0	91.0	112	150	180	217	260
	Over	ŀ	VLD		110% 60sec / 120% 3sec 120% 60sec / 150% 3sec																
	curr rati		LD ND										•								
nt		ed out									1507	% 60sec	/ 200%	ssec							
Output		oltage	Jut					Three	-phase(	3 wire)3	880~50	100) V0	respon	ding to 1	he inco	ming vo	ltage)				
			VLD	2.8	3.7	5.8	8.7	12.1	17.3	21.5	27.7	32.6	43.0	53.3	64.4	80.4	101.8	121.9	147.6	174.6	218.9
	Rated	400V	LD	2.1	3.3	4.6	7.7	11.1	15.2	20.1	25.6	29.8	39.5	48.5	58.9	72.7	93.5	110.9	135.1	159.3	200.9
	сарас		ND	1.7	2.8	3.8	6.4	10.3	13.2	17.3	22.2	27.0	33.3	42.3	52.0	63.0	77.6	103.9	124.7	150.3	180.1
	ity		VLD	3.6	4.7	7.2	10.9	15.2	21.7	26.8	34.6	40.7	53.7	66.7	80.5	100.5	127.3	152.4	184.5	218.2	273.7
	(kVA) 4	460V	LD	2.7	4.2	5.8	9.6	13.9	19.1	25.1	32.0	37.2	49.4	60.6	73.6	90.9	116.9	138.6	168.9	199.2	251.1
			ND	2.2	3.5	4.8	8.0	12.8	16.5	21.7	27.7	33.8	41.6	52.8	65.0	78.8	97.0	129.9	155.9	187.9	225.2
	Rated input current(A)	input	VLD	4.9	6.4	9.9	15.0	20.8	29.8	36.9	47.6	56.0	73.8	91.7	110.7	138.1	175.0	209.5	253.6	300.0	376.2
		` ′	LD	3.7	5.7	8.0	13.2	19.0	26.2	34.5	44.0	51.2	67.9	83.3	101.2	125.0	160.7	190.5	232.1	273.8	345.2
	*1	L)	ND	3.0	4.8	6.5	11.0	17.6	22.6	29.8	38.1	46.4	57.1	72.6	89.3	108.3	133.3	178.6	214.3	258.3	309.5
Ħ		d input		Control power: Single-phase supply 380~460V (+10%, -15%), 50Hz/60Hz(±5%)																	
Input	vol	tage *	2)		Main circuit power supply: Three-phase(3 wire) 380~460V (+10%, -15%), 50Hz/60Hz(±5%)																
	Pov		VLD	3.7	4.9	7.5	11.4	15.9	22.7	28.1	36.3	42.6	56.3	69.9	84.4	105.2	133.4	159.7	193.2	228.6	286.7
	sup		LD	2.8	4.4	6.1	10.1	14.5	20.0	26.3	33.6	39.0	51.7	63.5	77.1	95.3	122.5	145.2	176.9	208.7	263.1
	capa (kVA	,	ND	2.3	3.6	5.0	8.3	13.4	17.2	22.7	29.0	35.4	43.5	55.3	68.0	82.6	101.6	136.1	163.3	196.9	235.9
	Carrie	r	VLD	0.5~10.0kHz 0.5~8.0kHz																	
	requen	′ ,	LD		0.5~12.0kHz 0.5~8.0kHz																
va	riation	*4)	ND		0.5 <b>∼</b> 16.0kHz									0.5 <b>∼</b> 10.0kHz							
St	Starting torque *5)		*5)	200%/0.3Hz 180%/0.									/0.3Hz								
ng	يم Regenerative				Internal BRD circuit (external discharge resistor value) *6)						Ext. regen. braking unit										
Braking		inimur nce val		100	100	100	70	70	35	35	24	24	20	15	15	10	10	-	-	-	-
(2*2)	H(he	ight)(n	nm)	255	255	255	255	260	260	260	390	390	390	540	550	550	550	700	700	740	740
Dimensions*7)	W(w	idth)(n	nm)	150	150	150	150	210	210	210	245	245	245	300	390	390	390	390	390	480	480
Dime	D(De	pth)(m	ım)	140	140	140	140	170	170	170	190	190	190	195	250	250	250	270	270	270	270
Pro	Protective structure										IP2	20 – UL	Open Ty	/pe							
A	orox. w	veight (	kg)	4	4	4	4	7	7	7	16	16	16	22	30	30	30	55	55	70	70

- \*1) The rated input current is the value when the drive is operated in the rated output current. The value of the impedance at the supply side changes due to the wiring, breaker, input reactor, etc.
- \*2) Make sure the following for Low Voltage Directive (LVD) compliant.
  - Pollution degree 2
  - Overvoltage category 3 (for 380~460Vac Input supply)
  - Overvoltage category 2 (for over 460Vac Input supply)
- \*3) The power supply capacity is the value of the rated output current at 440V. Impedance at the supply side changes due to the wiring, breaker, input reactor, etc.
- \*4) Is necessary to set the carrier frequency settings [bb101]/[bb201] equal or greater than the (maximum output frequency x 10)Hz. For induction motor IM, set the carrier frequency to 2 kHz or more except V/f control. For synchronous motor (SM), permanent magnet motor (PMM) set the carrier frequency to 8 kHz or more.
- \*5) The values for the sensorless vector control are assigned according to the values in the ND rating of the Hitachi standard motor table. Torque characteristics may vary by the control system and the use of the motor.
- \*6) The key height of keypad are exclued from dimensions. When an option is connected, the dept neccesary is increased. Refer to the each optional instruction. \*7) Usually is required an external regenerative braking unit. However, with an optional built –in chopper braking ciruit and external discharge resistor can eliminate a external regenerative unit. The built-in chopper braking circuit is offered by order. In order to purchase, contact to the distributor.

Chapter 7 Specifications

### 7.2 Common specifications

	PW	'M system	Sine-wave PWM system						
		quency range *1)	0.00~590.00	·					
Н		ency accuracy	For the highest frequency, digital±0.01%, analogue±0.2% (25±10°C)						
	rreque	ency accuracy	Digital: 0.01Hz						
	Frequency resolution			x. frequency/4000					
			-		10V or 0∼+20mA, Ai3 terminal 12bit/-10∼+10V)				
				V/f control (constant to	orque/reduced torque/free), automatic boost control				
	Contro	ol system *2)	Cascade type sensorless vector control, OHz sensorless vector control						
			SM/PMM	synchronous startup fo	or smart sensorless vector control				
	Speed f	luctuation *3)	±0.5%(sensor	less vector control)					
A		/deceleration time	·		ve, Inverted-U-curve, EL-S-curve)				
					htput torque, trip history, input/output terminal story, input/output terminal function,				
		Display			tc., are described in the contents of 4-11 chapter [Monitor's description].				
	Star	t functions	DC braking a	fter the start, matching fi	requency after the start, active frequency matching start, Low-voltage start, retry restart.				
	Stop	functions	After free rui speed)	n stop, deceleration stop	; DC braking or external DC braking operation (Braking force, time, adjustment of operation				
	Stall prev	ention function	Overload lim	it function, overcurrent s	upression, overvoltage suppresion function				
	Protectio	on functions <b>*5)</b>	Overcurrent error, overload error, brake resistor overload, overvoltage error, memory error, undervoltage error, current detector error, CPU error, external trip error, USP error, ground error, supply overvoltage error, power loss error, temperature detector error, Cooling-fan rotation speed decrease, temperature error, phase input error, IGBT error, phase output error, thermistor error, brake error, low-speed range overload error, inverter overload, RS485communication error, RTC error, the rest is described in the contents of 5-1 "Input terminal function list".						
	Othe	er functions	V/f free setting (7 points), upper and lower speed limit, speed jump, curve acceleration and deceleration, manual torque boost, energy-saven operation, analogue output adjustment, minimun speed, carrier frequency adjustment, motor electronic thermal function(free is possible), inverter thermal function, external start-end(speed and rate), frequency input selection, trip retry, restart stop, various signal output, inilization setting, PID control, auto-decel at shut-off, brake control function, commercial switching function, auto-tuning (on/offline), the rest is described in the contents of 4-13 "Parameters decription".						
		Panel	UP, DOWN k	, DOWN keys according to the set parameter.					
	> a		Ai1/Ai2 term	inal (for voltage input)	$0{\sim}10$ Vdc set by the voltage input (Input impedance: $10$ k $\Omega$ )				
	Frequency reference	External signal *6)	Ai1/Ai2 term	inal (for current input)	$0\sim$ 20mA set by the current input (Input impedance:100 $\Omega$ )				
	equ		Ai3 terminal		-10~+10Vdc set by the voltage input (Input impedance:10kΩ)				
	ጉ ዶ		Multi-speed		16multi-speed(With the use of the intelligent input terminal)				
		C	Pulse train-ir	ւրսւ communication (Protoco	Maximum 32kHz×2				
-		Communication port		•	•				
	top rd/ se	Keypad	By RUN/Stop key (With the set parameter, forward/reverse can be switched)  Forward (FW)/Reverse(RV)(When input terminal functions are allocated)						
	RUN/Stop Forward/ Reverse	External signal			ninal functions are allocated)				
	R. R.	Communication Port		communication (Maxim	·				
			-	(A or B terminal accept a					
Input	Intelligent input terminals		FW(Forward rotation)/RV(Reverse rotation), CF1~4(Multi-speed 1~4), SF1~7(Multi-speed bit 1~7), ADD(Trigger for frequency addition), SCHG(Command change), STA(3-wire start)/STP(3-wire stop)/F_R(Forward/reverse by 3-wire), AHD(Analogue command holding, FUP(Remote control up)/FDN(Remote control down), UDC(Remote data clearance), F-OP(Forcible operation), SET(2nd-motor), RS(Reset), JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), 2CH(2-stage acc/decel), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), CS(Commercial power supply switching), SFT(Software lock), BOK(Braking confirmation), OLR(Overload restriction selection), KHC(Accumulated input power clear), OKHC(Accumulated input), PID(PID1 disable), PIDC(PID1 integration reset), SVC1~4(PID1 multistage target value 1~4), PRO(PID gain change), PIO(PID output change), SLEP(SLEFP trigger)/WAKE(WAKE trigger), TL(Enable torque limit), TRQ1/2(Torque limit 1/2), PPI(P/PI switching), CAS(Control gain switching), SON(Servo-ON), FOC(Forcing), ATR(Enable torque command input), TBS(Enable torque bias), ALP(Auto-learning positioning), LAC(LAD cancellation), PCLR(Position deviation clearance), STAT(Enable 90°-shift phase), PUP(Position bias addition), PDN(Position bias subtraction), CP1~4(Multistage position 1~4), ORL(Zero-return limit function), ORG(Zero-return trigger function) FOT(Forward drive stop), ROT(Reverse drive stop), SPD(Speed/position change), PSET(Position data pre-set), Mi1~11(General-purpose input 1~11), PCNT(Pulse counter), PCC(Pulse counter clearance), ECOM(EzCOM activation), PRG(EzSQ programme start), HLD(Acc/decel stop), REN(Motion enable signal). DISP(Display lock), PLA(Pulse train input A), PLB(Pulse train input B), DTR(Data trace start signal), etc., the rest, is described in the contents of 4-34 "Input terminal function list".						
ı	Backup sup	ply terminal	P+/P-: DC24\	/ input(Input allowable vo	oltage: 24V±10%)				
			1 terminal (PTC/NTC resistor allowed)						

- \*1) Output frequency range will depend on the motor control method and the motor used. Consult the motor manufacturer for the maximum allowable frequency of the motor when operating beyond 60Hz.
- \*2) If you want to change the control mode and the motor constant is not set appropriately, the desired starting torque cannot be obtained and also exists the possibility of tripping.
- \*3) Regarding the speed range regulation of motor, the variable range depends on the client system and the environment in which the motor is used. Please contact us for more information.
- \*4) The input power and out power are just reference value,not suitable for the calculation of efficiency values. If accurate values are required, use the external device to measure.
- \*5) If by the protective function, the IGBT error [E030] occurs, it may have happened by the short-circuit protection, but also can occur if the IGBT is damaged. Depending on the operation status of the inverter, instead of the IGBT error, the overcurrent error [Er001] may also occur.
- \*6) The maximum output frequency for analogue input signal Ai1/Ai2 is adjusted to 9.8V for voltage input and 19.6mA for current input. In order to adjust the specification use analogue start/end function.

Chapter 7 Specifications

#### 7.2 Common specifications (continue)

		Transistor ou	struct terminal 5 1a contact relay	1 point 1c contact relay 1 point					
	Intelligent output	Transistor output terminal 5, 1a contact relay 1 point, 1c contact relay 1 point  RUN(While in run), FA1~5(Reached frequency signal), IRDY(Inverter ready), FWR(Forward rotation), RVR(Reverse rotation), FREF(panel							
	terminals	frequency reference), REF(panel motion operation), SETM(2nd-motor selected), OPO(Option-Output), AL(Alarm signa							
Output	Relay/ Alarm relay (1a, 1c) function	failure signal), OTQ(Over-torque)*7), IP(Power loss), UV(Undervoltage), TRQ(Torque limited), IPS(Decel. Power loss), RNT(RUN time exceeded), ONT(ON time exceeded), THM(Motor electronic thermal warning), THC(Electronic thermal warning), OH1(Motor temperature increase), WAC(Capacitor life warning), WAF(Cooling-fan life warning), FR(Operation signal), OHF(heat sink overheat warning), LOC/LOC2(Low-current indication signal), OL/OL2(Overload warning signal 1/2), BRK(Brake release)/BER(Brake error)/CON(Contactor control), ZS(OHz detection signal), DSE(Maximum speed deviation), PDD(Maximum position deviation), POK(Positioning completed), PCMP(Pulse counter compare output), OD/OD2(Output deviation for PID control), FBV/FBV2(PID feedback comparison), NDc(Communication disconnection), Ai1Dc/Ai2Dc/Ai3Dc(Analogue Ai1/Ai2/Ai3 disconnection), WCAi1/WCAi2/WCAi3(Window comparator Ai1/Ai2/Ai3), LOG1~7(logical operation result 1~7), MO1~7(General-output 1~7), WFT(Trace waiting signal), TRA(Trace running signal), LBK(Low battery of panel), OVS(Not assigned), the rest, is described in the contents of 4-35 "Output terminal function list".							
	EDM output terminal		afety diagnostic output						
	Output terminal monitor *8)	The data of the monitor can be selected by the parameter of the output.							
	EMC filter *9)	EMC filter ca	n be enable (The filter exchange	method can alter depending on the model)					
	PC external access	USB Micro-B							
		ND -10~50°C							
Ħ	Ambient temperature*13)	LD -10~45°C							
nme		VLD -10~40°C							
viro	Storage temperature *10)	•							
gen	Level of humidity		No condensation allowed)	1					
Operating environment		Model: up to SH1-00620H(SH1-220H)		5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> (0.6G), 10~55Hz					
Dper	Vibration tolerance *11)	Model:	· ·	2.94m/s² (0.3G), 10~55Hz					
			than SH1-00770H(SH1-300H)						
-	Installation place *12)		altitude of 1000m, without gases						
	Components life span	The life span of the main circuit smoothing capacitors is 10 years.  The life span of the cooling-fan is 10 years.							
	Components me span	Memory on the control circuit.							
	Conformity standars	CE marking (in preparation)							
	Coating color	Black							
	Optional slots	3 ports							
,,	Input/ouput option	Analogue inp	ut/output option, relay output o	otion					
Optional boards	Communication option*13)	Ethernet(TCP/IP)、EtherCAT、PROFIBUS DP、PROFINET、BACnet/IP、DeviceNet							
ona	Feedback option	Line driver in	put(RS422), push-pull input, reso	lver input					
Opti	Temperature detector option	Optional temperature measuring sensor							
Ot	tor cable, harmonics suppresion unit, noise filter, LCRfilter, analog panel, regenerative ine wave converter, various control application devices, PC software ProdriveNext, relay tion board								

- \*7) Threshold of signal output will be depended on the installed motor or parameter adjustment.
- \*8) The analogue voltage and analogue current monitor are estimated outputs of the analogue meter connection. Maximum output value might deviate slightly from 10V or 20mA by variation of the analogue output circuit. If you want to change the characteristics, adjust the Ao1 and Ao2 adjustment functions.
  - There is monitor data that cannot be part of the output.
- \*9) In order to enable the EMC filter, connect to the neutral grounding supply. The leakage current may increase.
- \*10) Storage temperature is the temperature during transport.
- \*11) In accordance with the test methods of JIS C 60068-2-6:2010(IEC 60068-2-6:2007).

#### 7.3 Current derating

For using with carrier frequency over 2.1 kHz, or when changing load ratings to LD/VLD, refer to SH1 user's guide section "20.4 Current derating table".

- \*12) In case of utilization at an altitude of 1000m or more, take into account that the atmospheric pressure is reduced by 1% for every 100m up. Apply 1% derating from the rated current by increasing every 100m, and conduct an evaluation test. Contact us when using above 2500m ambient.
- \*13) Please Use the 400V class Inverter below 460Vac of Input . When the power supply is over 460Vac because of voltage fluctuation, please use it below 40°C of ambient temperature.
- \*14)
- EtherCAT® is the patented technology and registered trademark which Had been obtained Beckhoff Automation GmbH's permission of Germany.
- PROFINET® is the registered trademark of PROFIBUS utzerorganisation e.V. (PNO)<sub>o</sub>
- Ethernet® is the registered trademark of Fuji Xerox.

Α			FA1, FA2, FA3, FA4, FA5	
	absolute position control4-14		FBV	
	accel/decal cureve selection4-12		FM	
	acceleration curve constant4-12		FOC	
	acceleration time4-13		forcible operationforcing	
	acceleration (2) time4-13		FOT	
	ADD4-32		free setting of electronic thermal	
	AHD4-32		characteristic	4-29
	Auto learning function4-14		free V/f characteristic	
	Auto tuning4-42		free-run stop	
	automatic carrier frequency reduction4-27		frequency addition	
	automatic torque boost		frequency arrival setting for accel	4-39
	AVN4-20		frequency arrival setting for decel	
			frequency limit	
В			frequency lower limit	
	BOK4-32		frequency matching	
	braking control4-26		frequency received signal	
	BRD4-26		frequency reached signalfrequency scaling conversion factor	
	BRK4-36		frequency to be added	
			frequency upper limit	
С			FRS	
C			FW	
	capacitor life warning4-36		FWR	4-36
	carrier frequency4-27			
	CF1, CF2, CF3, CF44-32			
	CM12-20 commercial power supply switching4-32	Н		
	constant-torque characteristic (VC)4-10		heat sink overheat warning	
	control mode selection4-10		heat sink temperature monitoring	
	control circuit terminal2-17		home search	4-14
	control gain switching4-33			
	control mode4-10	ı		
	cooling-fan operation4-26		Individual Acc/Dec for multispeed	1 11
	CS4-32		initialization	
	2CH4-32		input terminal response time	
			input method for acc/dec time	
D			inspection	
	data comparison display		intelligent input terminal	
	data comparison display4-55 DB4-15		intelligent input terminal status	
	DC braking4-15		intelligent output terminal	
	DC voltage monitoring4-54		inverter ready signal	
	deceleration (2) time setting4-12		IRDY	
	deceleration curve constant4-12		IVMS	4-47
	deceleration overvoltage restraint4-25			
	deceleration time4-25			
	deceleration stop at power loss4-25	J		
	derating7-3		JG	4-32
	DSE4-37		jogging	
	Dwell4-17		jump (resonant frequency avoidance)	
			,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Ε		1/		
	easy sequence4-57	K		
	electronic gear4-14		Keypad key settings	
	electronic thermal		KHC	4-32
	electronic thermal warning level setting4-39			
	enable position saving4-14	L		
	energy saving operation4-44	_	1.40	4.00
	external DC braking4-32		LAC	
	external thermistor2-19		LOC4 LOC3 LOC4 LOC5 LOC4	
	external trip4-32		LOG1, LOG2, LOG3, LOG4, LOG5, LOG6 logical output signal operation	
	ezCOM4-41		low-current indication signal	
_			104 outront indication signal	<del>1</del> -08
F				

## Index

M	
	main circuit terminal2-7
	major failure signal4-36
	manual torque boost4-44 MI1, MI2, MI3, MI4, MI5, MI6, MI7, MI84-33
	MO1, MO2, MO3, MI4, MO5, MO64-37
	MJA
	Modbus4-41
	monitor mode4-6
	motor constant
	motor gear ratio4-34 multispeed command4-11
	multistage position switching4-33
	3 1
N	
	NDc4-37
	NO/NC4-31
0	
	OHF4-36
	OL, OL24-36
	OLR4-32
	online auto-tuning4-42
	operation after option error
	operation frequency
	operation time over signal
	(RNT)/plug-in time over signal
	(ONT)4-36
	overcurrent suppress4-25
	overload restriction
	overvoltage suppresion4-25
Р	
Г	
	PIDI
	Position contrl
	1 10 30t position 14
R	
•	Destart energies 4.40
	Restart operation
	Run command selection4-10
	Run command direction restriction 4-10
	running signal4-41
	RV4-32
	RVR4-36
S	
	scaled output frequency monitoring4-11
	sensorless vector control4-10
	servo-on
	SET, SET3
	SFT4-32 SF1, SF2, SF3, SF4, SF5, SF6, SF74-32
	SLV4-46
	software lock4-55
	SPD4-33
	Speed limit for torque control4-13
	speed/position switching
	3174-32

	STP	4-32
Т		
	Temporary frequency addition test run thermistor THM 3-wire input torque biasing torque boost torque control torque limitation torque monitoring troubleshooting TRQ TRQ1, TRQ2 2-stage acceleration/deceleration 2CH	1-3 2-19 4-36 4-10 4-13 4-24 4-24 4-6 5-1 4-36 4-32 4-32
U	UDCunattended start protectionuser monitoruser parameterUSPUV	4-32 4-7 4-55 4-32
V	vector control with encoder	4-10
W	WACwindow comparator	4-36
Z	0Hz detection signal	4-40 4-15

(memo)

## Index

### Revised record

Version No.	Contant	Update
		date
NT9401 X	Initial version	2018/4

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathbb{W}}}$  We will Correct the incorrect words, missing words and so on without prior notice.